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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXIII NO. 151 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26, 1935 TWELVE PAGES

FRANCE NO MORE BOUND BY TREATIES

A.I.C.C. To Consider Quetta Ban?

PROPOSAL TO HOLD MEETING NEXT MONTH

ALLAHABAD, June 25.

It is reported that there is a proposal to hold a meeting of the All-India Congress Committee at Allahabad in July next, Quetta earthquake and Government's attitude might possibly come under review if the proposal materializes.

Allahabad Congress workers are busy strengthening the organisation at Allahabad. It is stated that more than 2,000 Congress members have hitherto been enrolled in Allahabad city and efforts in the villages are likely to bring forth several thousand members.

STOP PRESS

GREENAWAY FAILS

LONDON, June 25.

Gadd 78 74 just qualified. Greenaway 76 86 failed.

Those with scores of 153 and under have been qualified for the final of four rounds.

PROMINENT PLAYERS QUALIFY

LONDON, June 25.

All prominent players have been qualified though Lawson Little and Picard had close shaves. It is interesting that Jackwhite, the Open Champion of 1904 who failed by onestroke. Rerhartley who was yesterdays leading amateur blew up with 85 for 156.

Busson Pannal 71, Lees 71, 74, Alliss 70, 75, King 74, 72 Mahon 70, 77, Jaokmaclean 74, 76, Sayner 68, 80.

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

SILVER FALLS TO APRIL LEVEL

LONDON, June 25.

Silver has now fallen to the April level before the raising of the American Internal price forced up the world price. This is chiefly due to the sharp falls yesterday and to-day caused by liquidations by speculators tired of waiting for new developments in the American Silver Policy.

The market is technically healthier owing to a shake out of quite a considerable part of the bull account.

Some opine that the present lack of interest in silver is due to the American price being well above the world level which, in the face of the numerous complex difficulties confronting the United States, it is believed will probably suffice to keep silverites quiet. Nevertheless it is pointed out that America is still a large creditor country and silver seems to be the goods she is quite willing to accept in payment.

There is some mystification as to why India has recently been such a heavy seller.

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

WASHINGTON, June 25.

Four hundred and sixty million dollars navy appropriation bill, which is the initial budget of peace time navy programme in the history of the United States has been signed by President Roosevelt.

HEALTH EXPERT SUBMITS REPORT

But Simla Awaits Quetta Advice Before Taking Decision

SIMLA, June, 25

In their communique of June 14, in regard to the precautions taken for the safety of health and property in Quetta city, the Government of India intimated that they had deputed their Public Health Commissioner to examine the question of when the entry into the city and the excavation of the ruins could be resumed without the risk of epidemic disease.

They have now, received Col. Russel's Report, and are considering it in consultation with the local authorities at Quetta. When the views of the latter are received, the Government will arrive at decisions on the Public Health Commissioner's recommendations.—United Press.

VICEROY TO ADMINISTER RELIEF FUND HIMSELF

SIMLA, June 25.

The following communique has been issued by the Government of India:—

"His Excellency the Viceroy has had under consideration certain matters relating to the Relief Fund and has arrived at the following decisions:

"As regards the general principles of relief, His Excellency will himself administer the Fund and to advise him in this connection, he has appointed a sub-committee of his Executive Council, consisting of the Law, Finance and Commerce Members. The detailed administration of the Fund, including the distribution of relief will be mainly conducted by the District Officers and their subordinates.

LOCAL ASSOCIATIONS.

Local Relief Associations will be organised in places where the number of refugees indicates that these are necessary. Such associations will contain a substantial non-official element, and officials administering the Fund locally are being directed to consult with them freely, as to the merits of the claims for relief.

CO-OPERATION INVITED.

Co-operation of purely non-official relief associations is also invited in bringing the deserving cases to the notice of the local authorities. Arrangements for the accounting and auditing of the expenditure of the Fund are being made by the Auditor General, through his provincial accounts officers.

"The Fund has already been devoted to immediate relief of all the refugees by the provision of clothes, medical comforts, Railway facilities and small cash grants to enable them to reach their homes and the local officers will continue to give this relief where necessary at their discretion.

"If further free passes on railways are needed, certain local officers are being empowered to authorise the Railway Authorities to grant them, the cost being debited to the Relief Fund.

FURTHER MEASURES.

"Measures of further relief which will depend upon the Funds available and also on the ultimate decision regarding Quetta itself, are being considered by His Excellency and a further communique will be issued as soon as a decision is reached. But, meanwhile there may be many cases of obvious hardship in which immediate relief is needed and it has been decided that this relief should include:

(a) Temporary Subsistence grants: These will be given in cases where there is no other means of support for a period not exceeding three months, in the first instance, and are given with the object of affording persons thrown out of employment by the earthquake a breathing space in which to endeavour to obtain it.

(b) Payment of school fees and subsistence allowance to children rendered destitute by earthquake, in cases approved by an authority to be designated by the local Government or Administration.

Applications for aid from the Fund by University students in distress owing to earthquake will also be considered.

(c) Purchase of medical appliances and conforts.—United Press.

LATEST BONE OF CONTENTION

Italy Charges Abyssinia With Annexation Of Jimma Sultanate

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

ROME, June 25.

Excitement was caused by the announcement that the Government have ordered the Italian subjects to leave Abyssinia within 10 days but later it was officially stated that it was erroneous. The latest bone of contention between the parties is the report that Abyssinia has annexed the Sultanate of Jimma.

Replying to the Italian note, the Abyssinian Government stated that they had merely appointed as guardians, over young Ausian who has lately succeeded to the throne.

PROVIDENT FUND AND QUAKE RELIEF

CALCUTTA, June 25.

The Government of Bengal has issued the following press communique.—

The "Government of Bengal have decided that an advance from the General Provident Fund or the Contributory Provident Fund may be granted to any subscriber who is able to satisfy the sanctioning authority that he is in immediate need of funds for the support of himself or his family or destitute relatives or connections evacuated from Quetta, irrespective of whether such relatives or connections are in normal circumstances actually dependent on the subscriber or not. This concession will remain in force until the end of November, 1935."—United Press.

Robot 'Plane For R. A. F.

RADIO CONTROLS MACHINE

Can Be Catapulted From Ship For Target Purposes

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, June 25.

Unprecedented advance in aircraft progress is claimed for "Queen Bee" adopted by the British Air Force the details of which have just been published. It is the most entirely "Robot aeroplane" in the world and carries no pilot, takes off, flies over 100 miles per hour performs the most difficult evolutions and descends on land or water at the behest of radio control.

The Air Force has been using Machines secretly for gunnery target. They can be catapulted from ships and there is no need that they should necessarily be visible to the radio controller.

SUBMARINE WARFARE

Germany Agrees To Limitation Rules

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, June 25.

Germany has agreed never again to resort to what was known during the war as unrestricted submarine warfare, declared Sir Bolton Eyres Monsell amid loud cheers, when questioned in the House of Commons by Admiral Campbell.

The First Lord of the Admiralty said that the German representatives during the negotiations of the Anglo-German naval agreement stated that Germany was prepared unreservedly to adhere to the rules of submarine warfare as pointed out in part 4 of the London Naval Treaty.

This provides that except in cases of persistent refusal to stop, on being duly summoned, or active resistence to seize or search, a warship, whether a surface vessel or a submarine, may not sink or disable merchant vessels without having first placed the passengers and crew and the ships papers in a place of safety. Ships and boats are not regarded as a place of safety unless the safety of the passengers and the crew is assured in the existing sea and weather conditions or by the proximity of land or the presence of another vessel able to take the passengers and crew aboard.

This undertaking was entirely a new one and has no connexion with any prewar one. The only Powers juridically bound by part 4 were Britain, United States and Japan because France and Italy did not ratify it.

PIERPONT MORGAN MINIATURES SALE

Queen Elizabeth's Present Acquired For Nation At 2,700 Guineas

RUGBY, June 25.

Sale began yesterday at Christies of the famous collection of miniatures formed by the late Pierpont Morgan. The sale which will be continued daily until Thursday yielded £25,545 yesterday.

A beautiful pendant of gold enamelled and set with jewels and containing a portrait of Queen Elizabeth which was presented by the Queen to Sir Thomas Heneage after the defeat of the Spanish Armada was acquired for the nation through the national art collections fund at 2,700 guineas.

A record price of 5,900 guineas was paid for super miniature of Mrs. Pemberton by Holbein. It realised £2,750 when sold in the Hawkins sale in 1904.—B. O. W.

Heat Wave Works Havoc In England

SEVERAL FATALITIES REPORTED

London Has Hottest June Night Since 1871

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, June 25.

Britain is sweltering under a heat wave which is all the more uncomfortable as it has immediately ousted the unreasonably cold weather.

1871 Record Broken

Last night was the hottest June night since 1871, the minimum temperature in London being 66 degrees. It is the second consecutive night on which the records of 1871 were broken.

Several Deaths

The day temperature was very high in many parts, including 88 degrees in Brighton, and 86 degrees in London yesterday.

It is 81 degrees in London at noon to-day and several deaths from heat effects have been reported.

On Continent

Parts of the Continent are equally hot and it is over 90 degrees in many parts of Sweden, where over 20 persons have been drowned in the past two days following the rush to bathing resorts

Thunderstorm Havoc

Severe thunderstorms have accompanied the heatwave in many parts of the country and at Glasgow yesterday over three inches of rain fell in nine hours. The railway bridge on the local lane between Doune and Dunblane in Perthshire was washed away and floods caused considerable damage elsewhere particularly in the lowlying parts of Glasgow.

In North Wales also thunderstorms with torrential rain damaged railway embankments and bridges.—

REPLY TO LONDON

CONSEQUENCE OF ANGLO-GERMAN AGREEMENT

Restoration Of Full Liberty In Naval Matters

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

PARIS, June 25.

France's attitude towards the Anglo-German Naval Agreement is formally defined in the resolution unanimously passed by the Naval Committee of the Chamber which states that in view of the fact that the agreement annuls the clauses of the Versailles Treaty and that the Washington Treaty was only accepted by France because of the clauses of that treaty, the Committee considers that the agreement has a necessary consequence in restoring to France complete liberty in naval matters till the conclusion of new agreements.

EDEN-MUSSOLINI TALKS CONTINUE

RUGBY, June 25.

Conversations between Capt. Anthony Eden and Signor Mussolini in Rome were continued this afternoon. During the morning Eden was in consultation with the Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, Signor Suvitch, who was his host at luncheon at Ostia. Other leading officials of Palazzo Chigi were also present.—B. O. W.

No Economic Militarism For India

KUMARAPPA ANSWERS JAYAPRAKASH

Production To Central Set Plan Is Little Different From Slavery, He Says

AIMS OF A. I. V. I. A. EXPLAINED

(From Our Correspondent)

PATNA, June 25.

"Even if the experiment of regimed production were successful in Russia, we have carefully to consider the scheme in relation to India.

We cannot have economic militarism in our country, but discipline is not everything. If we are organised in village units, the danger of exploitation by middlemen can be minimised."

Thus says Mr. J. C. Kumarappa in the course of his careful criticism of the analysis of the village industries programme made by Mr. Jayaprakash Narain, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party.

Referring to the problem of centralised as against decentralised production Mr. Kumarappa thus elucidates the position of organised industries of the Village Industries Association:

CENTRALISED METHODS ALSO WANTED.

"Centralised methods of production are not to be abandoned in toto, as many of our social services have to be performed collectively; such need centralisation. Unbridled and indiscriminate use of centralisation turns itself in the hands of the avaricious into enormous instruments of exploitation. It is this aspect of centralisation that we wish to avoid in our scheme. It is in commodity production which satisfied primary needs that they have to adopt decentralised methods. The very nature of man demands centralisation in certain spheres."

BENEFIT OF PRIVATE ENTERPRISE.

Mr. Kumarappa proceeds to say that they had to aim at letting every producer have the full benefit of his labour and to develop on his own lines. Too much of the hot-house environment was not conducive to sturdy growth. "When little latitude is left for individual initiative, production becomes mechanical and where it is

(Continued on page 7.)

SECTION 144 ON BIHAR M.L.A.

Nowgaya Ban On Anugraha Narain Sinha

PATNA, June 25

Mr. Anugraha Narain Sinha, M. L. A. President-elect, Mr. Bhawani Misra, Secretary and eleven other members of the Reception Committee of the Tikari-Raj Praja Sammelan which was to meet at Nowgaya District yesterday have been served with notices under section 144 with the result the Conference had to be postponed indefinitely.

This is the second time this Conference has been stopped.

The Gaya Town Congress Committee at an emergent meeting have decided to hold meetings in imyortant places of the Sadar Sub-division, to condemn the police attitude and the S.D.O's action.—United Press.

TURBINE-TRACTION ENGINE

RUGBY, June 25.

A Railway engine of unusual design with turbine as method of traction has been built for the main line work by London Midland Scottish Railway. The drive from Turbine is direct to wheels, no cylinders and piston rods or connecting of reciprocating rods being visible.

It is fitted with double chimney and a small rediator mounted under the smoke box door.—B. O. W.

Lady Malcolm Watson Dead

LONDON, June 25.

Death has occurred of Lady Malcolm Watson.—Reuter's Special.

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words——"Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:——"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

3. MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted—A Cultured and Beautiful bride of reform views (no caste—community restriction, Matric or near preferred) for a Bisa Agarwal bachelor, aged 27. Box 4390, "Bombay Chronicle".

Unique opportunities for Parsee celibates for prompt Matrimonial Union through a reliable and well-reputed Agency. Apply for prospectus to Yazdana Matrimonial Bureau, 668, Parsee Colony, Dadar. (4428).

5. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted for Overseas:—Assistant Surgeons, Competent Stenographers, Qualified Accountants, Cashiers, Civil and Mechanical Engineers and Draughtsmen. Apply with original certificates to P. Dubash & Co., Government Recruiting Contractors, 285, Frere Road, Fort, Bombay. (4345).

Wanted—Intelligent, Matriculated, diligent youths under twenty for Electric apparatus manufacture. Partial investment essential. One year's unpaid training free. Apply Box No. 4425, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Head Clerk Accountant by respectable Insurance Office on Rs. 50, security required Rs. 500. Apply to Box No. 4428, "Bombay Chronicle."

Applications are invited from respectable ladies and gentlemen on Rs. 40 to 75 according to qualification to organise a respectable industrial insurance issuing policies from Rs. 125 to 500. Apply to Box No. 4429, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Workshop Superintendent in the Loco & Carriage and Wagon Shops on the Jamnagar and Dwarka Railway on a salary of Rs. 190 to 250 grade. The appointment will be on trial for 6 months and the applicant must have full experience of work in a large Railway Workshop and with sufficient knowledge of erecting and boiler repair work. Apply with copies of testimonials to the Manager, J. & D. Ry., Jamnagar, dated 17th June, 1935. (1260).

Wanted immediately a well qualified and experienced Professor of English for teaching B.A. Honours classes at the Chellasing and Sitaldas College, Shikarpur, Sind. Pay according to qualifications. Applications should reach the Principal by the 30th June stating minimum salary required. (1268).

Wanted young and energetic Clerks for Weaving Department of local Cotton Mill. Those who hold full experience need apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 1266, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted experienced organizers for Bombay City and Suburbs, Maharashtra and Nizam's Dominions, on salary or commission. Apply, the New Asiatic Life Insurance Co., Ltd., Managing Agents, Birla Bros. Ltd., 31, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted immediately for Shaligram Model High School, Ahmednagar, a Persian Graduate on Rs. 40-5|2-100. (4430).

Wanted persons of influence to work as organizers and Agents on fixed salary and|or commission basis for our Branch Office to be opened at Bombay. Apply: The Traditional Hindu Provident Funds Society, Bunder Road, Karachi. (1272).

Wanted a Lady Doctor with M.B. B.S. qualification for Baroda Medical Service, Grade Rs. 150-40|3-400. Intending candidates should apply to the undersigned within eight days with testimonials and references stating age, residence, previous experience, etc. Chief Medical Officer, Baroda State. (1271).

Wanted an experienced Weaving Master with thorough technical knowledge for an upcountry mill. Apply, Box No. 4414, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an expert Bleaching and Dyeing Master with thorough practical and technical knowltdge for an upcountry mill. Apply, Box No. 4415, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted highly competent Bleacher, Finisher, Dyer for Bombay Mill, experienced in fine counts fancy goods and Cheese dyeing preferred. Apply Box 4417, "Bombay Chronicle."

12. TO BE LET

To let spacious and airy Godowns, pucca built, 20 ft. high measuring 75 x 75 with bath rooms situate at Nesbit Hall, Nesbit Road, Mazagaon. Apply Mithibai Merwanjee Jeejeebhoy. (4395).

To Let—A Spacious Bungalow No. 182, 186, Khetwadi Lane, No. 11, suitable for Theatrical Parties. Also Rooms at Sri Hari Nivas, Gowalia Tank and at Sri Harisadan, near Prarthana Samaj, Charni Road. Apply to Purshottam Govindji, 62-66, Vikhalwadi, Telephone No. 23518. (4433).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

American Dental College—Intensely practical dental training leading to successful career. Excellent facilities. Efficient Staff. Session begins 15th July. For Illustrated Prospectus, apply Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D. D. S. Karachi. 4307

Learn:—Electrical and Radio Engineering. City and Guilds London Diplomas. Low charges, Recognised instructions. Prospectus on three annas stamps, Bombay Technical Institute, Bombay 10. (4318).

Prema Medical College, Tungabhadra. Opens 15th July. Course efficient, practical, not expensive. Matriculates admitted. Get Prospectus. (4403).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Senior Cambridge Institute is the only institution on which you can safely rely for Best coaching. It alone conducts regular classes and keeps efficiency. Apply 379-83, Walker Buildings, Lamington Road. (1176).

The Civil Engineering School, Lucknow (Recognised by U. P. Government). Applications from matriculates for the Overseer class session July 1935 are being entertained now and shall be considered in the order they are received till the required number is made up. (4247).

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted Agents and Organisers to push on our Novel Marriage Insurance Scheme on pay and commission or both. Apply, the National Industrial Assurance Co., Ltd., Jullundhur City. (4422).

Applications are invited from gentlemen of ability, energy and influence to represent as Chief Agents in Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces for the Taj Insurance Co., Ltd., the first Life Office in Northern India to declare a handsome Bonus after its third working period. Terms highly attractive. Commission continues on retirement or death. Apply in confidence to the General Manager, Taj Insurance Co., Ltd., 54, The Mall, Lahore. (1153)

Agents Wanted—Applications are invited on handsome commission and salary up to Rs. 150 per month to introduce silk sarris and suitings manufactured in our mills. Apply to:—The Punjab Textile Mills, Ravi Road, Lahore (Punjab). (4328).

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS

to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar	Broach	Baroda
Borivli	Bhusaval	Dahod
Deolali	Dhond	Daman
Dhanu Road	Golvad	Karjat
Kasara	Lonavla	Manmad
Matheran	Neral	Navsari
Nasik	Sholapur	Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

87. ASTROLOGERS.

Ten years' annual life reading. Rupees Two. State Birth Time, date, year. Poolors, Bakerahmed Street, Secunderabad. (4419)

124. FRUITS & VEGETABLES.

Appreciable extraordinary delicious Bombay, Langra, Krishen Bhog mangoes Rs. 5 per 100 net. Safe arrival guarranteed season poor. Advance immediately Grafts Catalogue Free. Supdt. Raja Nursery, Darbhanga, No. 21, (Behar). (4420)

121. DAILY WANTS.

Egyptian Jam made from ripe Popaiyas most beneficial to health can be had from Perry & Co., Grant Road, J. B. Irani Crawford Market and Manu Stores, Gunbow Street, Fort. (1178).

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

Per column inch
Per insertion.

1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

An ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on THURSDAY, the 4th July, 1935, at 3 P. M. (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:—

1. Letters from (a) Mr. Ishwardas Lakhmidas and (b) Mr. Mancherji E. Joshi—Resigning their memberships on the Tramways and Telephone Committee and the Markets and Gardens Committee, respectively; and (c) Election of one member each on the aforesaid Committees.
2. Interpellations.
3. Letter from the Principal and Secretary, Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute—Thanking the Corporation for their grant-in-aid of the Institution.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee—

4. Regarding a contract for the construction of a sewer in Dadar Road, etc.
5. Recommending sanction to a portion of the existing water-bound road in front of certain plots in the Dadar-Matunga Estate being asphalted.
6. Regarding the sale of the right of removing all condemned meat, fish, etc., from Municipal markets.
7. Recommending an additional Budget grant to meet the cost incurred in connection with the Small-pox Epidemic.
8. Statement of a Budget Transfer sanctioned finally by the Standing Committee.
9. Reporting on a complaint regarding the termination of the services of certain relieving teachers by the Committee.
10. Reporting on a complaint from a trained teacher from the Backward Class community regarding his claim for re-employment in Municipal service.

Letters from the Commissioner—

11. Forwarding lists showing the breeding places of Malaria carrier mosquitoes detected in May 1935.
12. Forwarding quarterly statements regarding the cleansing of drains and sewers in the City.
13. Memorandum from Mr. G. E. Bennett—Resigning his seat on the Corporation.
14. Letter from Mr. Punjabhai Thackersey—Applying for leave of absence from the Corporation Meetings.

Letters from the Municipal Secretary—

15. Submitting a statement of undisposed of references before the Committees of the Corporation.
16. Submitting a list of resolutions passed by the Corporation calling for reports from the Commissioner which have not been received.
17. Report of the Markets and and Gardens Committee regarding the question of determining the areas where new open air Private Markets should be permitted.
18. Confirmation of the Special Committees' Proceedings.

Notices of Motions—

19-20. From Mr. K. H. Goregaoker—(19) For requesting the Bombay Telephone Company to reduce their charges; and (20) Regarding the statement made by a witness before the Coroner to the effect that he received a shock while trying to operate a fire alarm.

21. From Mr. Behram N. Karanjia—For amending Section 34 of the Municipal Act so as to provide that fresh elections be held in case the elections of any ward or of the whole City are set aside.

By Order of His Worship
the Mayor,
A. V. SABNIS,
Municipal Secretary.
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 25th June 1935.

1275.

THE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

LOST OR MISLAID

A temporary Receipt in respect of 20 shares Nos. 465563|465582 of the New India Assurance Limited in the name of Anandrai M. Pandya has been lost or mislaid. Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified within one month to the Registered Offices of the Company, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. Otherwise a duplicate Temporary Receipt will be issued to the abovementioned owner.

Bombay, 26th June, 1935.

4431

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that FRAMROZ EDULJI DINSHAW, of Bombay Parsi inhabitant, the Mortgagee of the share and interest of Jamshedji Nowroji Gamadia in the estate of the late Nowroji Jehangir Gamadia, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

That any person having any claim, right, title and interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, charge, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease or otherwise, howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, at 36, Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within FOURTEEN days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land of Pension and Tax Tenure (the cess whereof has been redeemed) situate at Pedder Road in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing 1471 square yards approximately and forming part of a larger plot of land (which is divided into II plots) bearing New Survey No. 7096 and Cadastral Survey No. 3/755 of Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division, being marked as sub-plot No. 2 on the plan shown to the Purchaser and which said premises are bounded as follows: On or towards the North by the Plot No. 3 belonging to the Vendor, on or towards the South by Plot No. 1 sold to Shapurji Dossabhoy Billimoria on or towards the East by Pedder Road and on or towards the West by Plot No. 7, sold to Doongersey S. Joshi.

Bombay dated this 24th day of June, 1935.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
1274

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that VISHRAM SHIVJI and MAHOMEDALLI ESMAIL SHIVJI, the Executors and Trustees of the Will of Esmail Shivji both of Bombay Khoja Mahomedan Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 80, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of quit and ground rent tenure together with the messuage tenement and dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Dontad Cross Lane, without the Fort of Bombay, in the registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 194 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 1332, 1332, New No. 7095, Old Survey No. 341, New Survey No. 2888 and Cadastral Survey No. 1046 of Mandvi Division and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the Khoja Musjid on or towards the West by the property of Harjibhai Jamal on or towards the North by Dontad Cross Lane and on or towards the South by the Khoja Masjid and bearing Municipal B Ward No. 2069 and Street Nos. 49-51.

Dated this 17th day of June, 1935.

DABHOLKER & JESHTARAM.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
1249.

BANK OF BARODA, LTD

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H the Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda.

(Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897).

Capital Subscribed	.....	As. 60,00,000
Capital Called-up	.....	Rs. 30,00,000
Reserve Fund	.....	Rs. 23,50,000

Head Office:—Mandvi, BARODA.

BRANCHES:—Ahmedabad, Bombay, Surat, Navsari, Karjan, Dabhoi, Mehsana, Patan, Petlad, Port Okha, Kalol, Kadi, Sidhpur, Bhavnagar, Amreli and Dwarka.

LONDON AGENTS:—The Eastern Bank, Limited.

Current Accounts:—Fixed, Short, Savings Banks and Savings Bank Deposits received on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Loans, Overdrafts and Cash Credits.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved Securities.

W. G. GROUNDWATER,
General Manager.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 451 of 1932.

THE MUNICIPAL CORPORATION of the City of Bombay and Another Plaintiffs.
vs.
DOSTMAHOMED JANMAHOMED RAHIM and Others Defendants.

To,
DOSTMAHOMED JANMAHOMED RAHIM.

TAKE NOTICE that you are required to appear in person before the Sitting Judge in Chambers on FRIDAY, 5th July, 1935, at 11 o'clock (S.T.) to shew cause why you should not be committed to jail in execution of the Consent Decree made in the above suit on the 13th October, 1933.

Dated this 15th day of January, 1935.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary & Senior Master.
Messrs. CRAWFORD BAYLEY & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

1269.

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TODDY BOOTHS FETCH GOOD PRICES

Sale Proceeds Realized Exceed Last Year's By Rs. 92,000

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Excitement ran high at the auction of 84 foot tree toddy booths, held at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, to-day, Mr. H. T. Sorley, the Collector of Bombay, presiding.

All the booths were sold on auction-cum-tender basis.

Some of the booths were withdrawn, at first, as the bidding did not reach expected prices, but later on disposed of, in view of suitable tenders.

The sale-proceeds of the booths amounted to Rs. 3,57,000, thus putting on an excess of Rs. 92,000 over the amount realised last year.

Several booths fetched double the amount realised last year and as bidding was reaching the peak-price, excitement ran high.

A booth a Government Gate Road at Parel was one in point. The bid was started by an announcement of Rs. 2,000, by the old licencee. Soon, bidding went up, till it reached Rs. 4,000. There was a lull for a few minutes and the auctioneer was about to think that the shop would be knocked down to the bidder, but an unknown man from the midst of the throng raised the price and stepped forward. Then there were keen and excited biddings, till the price reached Rs. 7,300—an amount more than three times the prices the same realized last year.

All the booths were disposed of, by noon.

REFUSED TO GIVE BISCUITS ON CREDIT

Tea-Shop Owner Stabbed By Customer

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A tea-shop owner at Grant Road was stabbed on Monday night by a customer whose request to supply biscuits on credit was refused.

Ahmed Ebrahim, the customer, asked for some biscuits on credit but the owner refused to give them. Ahmed is then alleged to have created a disturbance in the course of which he whipped out a knife and stabbed the owner.

Mahomed Siddi, the victim, was removed to the J. J. Hospital where after treatment he was allowed to go.

After the incident the accused, it is stated, was about to run away with the knife, but he was caught by a man who received a cut on his arm.

A police constable who came on the scene arrested him.

The Presidency Magistrate, Second Court, Mazagaon, enlarged him to-day on a bail of Rs. 40 for a fortnight.

SUICIDE BY SWALLOWING OPIUM

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Death due to opium-poisoning self-administered was the verdict returned by the Coroner to-day at the inquest held on the body of Antone Manuel Adhao, aged 22 years, who died recently.

In the course of the inquest, it was stated that the deceased after

vious day took his meal and went to bed. About midnight, he was taken ill, and was removed to the hospital, where he died.

MONSOON STRONG IN KONKAN AND DECCAN

Heavy Rain Expected In Kanara During Next 36 Hours

POONA, June 25.

The monsoon has been strong in Konkan and the Deccan and active in Malabar. Unsettled conditions in the Bay persist off Orissa and the Ganjam coast, and have caused a feeble extension of the monsoon into Bihar and Orissa. Widespread light thundershowers are reported from North West Frontier Province and Kashmir. Rainfall has been nearly general in Chota Nagpur, West Central Provinces, Konkan, Hyderabad, Malabar, Madras Deccan, and local in Lower Burma, Bengal, Orissa, Bihar, East Central India, East Central Provinces, Bombay Deccan, North Madras coast and there have been a few falls in Upper Burma, Assam, United Provinces, West Central India, South-West Punjab, Kashmir, North-West Frontier Province, East Rajputana and Gujarat.

The chief amounts of rainfall in inches are:—Port Blair half, Akyab one and half, Cuttak, Naya, Dumka, two each, Nagpur one and half, Guna three-quarters, Bhavnagar three, Gulmarg half, Jaipur quarter, Ratnagiri six, Marmagao five, Karwar three, Gulbarga and Raichur two each, Mahabaleshwar, Calingapatam and Khandala one and half each, Mangalore and Viragapatam one.

FORECAST.

The monsoon will continue strong in Konkan and the Deccan. Rainfall will increase in Central Provinces, North Madras coast and Orissa, and extend in United Provinces. A few thundershowers will recur in and around Kashmir.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING.

Moderate to heavy rain will continue locally in Kanara and is likely to extend in the Central Provinces during the next 36 hours.

EARTHQUAKE REPORT.

An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin about 6,770 miles away was recorded by the Bombay seismographs at 5-7 o'clock I.S.T. on Tuesday, June 25. —A. P.

RAINFALL REPORT

The following table shows the rainfall during the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. on Tuesday:—

	For the last 24 hours.	From June to date	Total during same period last year
	in.	in.	in.
Colaba	0.18	22.60	24.17
St. George's Hospital	0.90	36.23	28.25
J. J. Hospital	0.08	33.99	25.88
Matunga	0.20	33.50	25.55

CALABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 25-6-1935.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.068 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a. m. 80.1 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 75.1 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 89.0 degrees 2.2 (above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 77.6 degrees 0.1 (above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 78 per cent

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. N W

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 20 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hrs during 24 hours 28 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10

Rain in 24 hours 0.18 inches

Total rainfall during the month 22.60 inches

Total rainfall during the year 22.62 inches

Weather remarks: Rain.

Earthquake Report: An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin about 6770 miles away was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 5 hrs. 7mts. I.S.T. on Tuesday the 25th June 1935.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED TUESDAY

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-48 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 83.1deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.82 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.61 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

FARMER SPEARED TO DEATH

JUBBULPORE, June 25.

A farmer of village Pagara, while returning home by cart along with his family, is reported to have been speared to death.

It appears that his assailants were lying in ambush, and on arrival of the cart at the outskirts of the village they rushed out and speared him to death.

Police investigations are proceeding. The assailants are still at large.—United Press.

ARRESTED BY MISTAKE

High Court Rejects Revisional Appeal On Ground Of Good Faith

Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr. Justice Macklin at the High Court rejected the revisional application made by Mahomed Ali Khan Hafiz Mahomed Umar Khan, an employee of the Bombay Port Trust, against the order of the Chief Presidency Magistrate acquitting one Sumersing, Sub-Inspector of Police of Khandwa (C. P.)

In 1920, the Sub-Inspector by mistake arrested the petitioner instead of one Nawab Khan Bapu Khan who was wanted by the police for alleged defalcations. Subsequently, when the mistake was discovered, the petitioner was released.

WRONGFUL CONFINEMENT.

The petitioner then prosecuted the Sub-Inspector for wrongful confinement and the Magistrate acquitted him on the ground that he had acted in good faith. Against that order the petitioner approached the High Court.

NOT THE WANTED MAN.

It was contended for the petitioner that it could not be said that the Sub-Inspector had acted in good faith because he had protested at the time of his arrest that he was not the wanted man.

Their lordships observed that there was some evidence of good faith on the part of the Sub-Inspector. As this was a matter of appreciation of evidence, Their Lordships could not interfere in revision.

Mr. B. G. Thakore appeared for the petitioner, and the Government Pleader for the Crown.

CHAIN LETTER FIEND IN BOMBAY

Causes Scare About Earthquake That Did Not Materialise

The Chain Letter Fiend has become active in Bombay. He seems to be out to create panic among credulous people to judge from a specimen of a letter received by different persons in the city. The letter is as follows:—

"Being a personal friend of the Sadhu who predicted the Quetta Earthquake, he has now informed me that there will be a similar Earthquake in Bombay on the 24th or 25th instant at 5 a.m.

"If you wish to avoid danger do not break this chain of good luck but send seven copies of this same circular to your intimate friends."

Many nervous girls and timid males spent two restless nights waiting for the calamity to overtake a city famous for its sutta gambling propensities, but the earthquake foretold gave Bombay a wide berth. Now people are looking for the sadhu and his friend, who have been responsible for the scare, which has spread widely.

In America and England there has been an outcry against writers of chain letters and it is to be hoped that the evil will be nipped in the bud here after the failure of the sadhu in his latest prediction.

BOGUS QUETTA REFUGEE

Young Man In Lahore

LAHORE, June 22.

Sharpers have already started using the "Quetta Earthquake" as the basis for cheating.

It is reported that a young man who said he was a Mussalman, went to the house of a well-to-do Muslim in the city and told him that he had been rendered homeless and penniless in the earthquake disaster at Quetta and asked for help. The Muslim thereupon allotted him a room in his house free of rent. The man stayed for about ten days and yesterday he asked the house owner to lend him his bicycle as he wished to go to the hospital to meet a friend. The man went with the bicycle and never came back.

The matter has been reported to the police.—A.P.

DEATHS FROM DROWNING

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The dead body of an unknown Hindu lying on the sea-shore behind Morris Industries, Ltd., Worli, and that of a Christian floating in Alexandra Dock basin, were discovered by the Police yesterday. At the inquest held to-day, the Coroner returned an open verdict, in both cases, as the bodies were in an advanced state of decomposition and it was not possible to ascertain the cause of death.

SOUTH INDIAN ASSOCIATION

Popular Matunga Institution Makes Notable Progress

The South Indian Association of Bombay, which was established ten years ago and has its offices at King's Circle, Matunga, is a growing body.

From the annual report, which was submitted to the general body at a meeting of the association, recently, it is evident that the association has been working in full swing, though there has been a reduction in the number of members of the association.

The association has two branches, of entertainments with a Secretary for the each branch. They are sports and literary.

What may be considered an achievement for the association this year is that it secured the recognition of the Bombay University for the Madras University students. The Secretary says in the report: "You will be pleased to know that the Bombay University has now withdrawn its ban on students holding Madras University degrees."

The association staged three Tamil dramas during the year and two artistes from South India gave free and voluntary musical performances under the auspices of the Association.

BRAHMIN YOUTH MURDERED IN BED

PATNA, June 24.

A report received from Muzaffurpur states that a ghastly murder was committed in village Chakechapra, on the night of 18th June when a nineteen year old Brahmin youth was found brutally murdered while asleep.

The cause of the murder as well as the assailant is not known. No arrrest has been made until now, but investigation is reported to be going on.

KIDNAPPED GIRL'S MARRIAGE SEQUEL

GWALIOR, June 25.

For performing the marriage of a minor girl, whom they had kidnapped, seven persons, including the bridegroom, were senteneed to one year's rigorous imprisonment each by the Sessions Judge of Gwalior.—United Press.

At a largely attended, meeting of the citizens of Patna held under the presidentship of Maulana Shah Maswood Ahmed a resolution was passed protesting against the firing on an unarmed procession of Muslims at Karachi and regretting the attitude of the Government of India for refusing to hold an independent enquiry.

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Siedle Is First South African To Reach 1,000 Runs

Larwood Flogs Sussex Bowling: Cameron Scores 30 Runs In One Over Off Verity

LONDON, June 24.

Baxter came through the pith very quickly. Oxford was at one time 5 wickets down for 20 runs. De Saram was top scorer with 40. He played some stylish strokes, scoring chiefly through the covers and was one of Baxter's virtims. Baxter returned an analysis of 16.4 overs, 5 maidens, 33 runs, 7 wickets.

Fender mixed his deliveries skilfully and the batsmen found difficulty in piercing through the well-placed field.

Hammond during a stay of 3 hours, played a ihance less game in his most restrained style, including seven 4's among his chief hits. He was out l.b.w. under the new rule.

Geary Bowls Well

For the fifth time this season, Leicester relied solely on Smith and Geary for the attack during the innings.

Smith returned an analysis of 23—7—43—5, and Geary 22.4—11—29—5, the latter taking four of the first five wickets in Hampshire's second innings.

Siedle Reaches 1,000 Runs

Siedle when he had scored 26 reached his 1,000 runs for the season, being the first tourist to do so.

Larwood showed no respect for Tate and Cornford and he welcomed Wensley with on drive for 6, hitting seven 4's in a score of 57 out of 82 for the ninth wicket partnership.

The South African Cameron hit 30 runs in one over off Verity, obtaining three 6's and three 4's.

Nichols took the first 3 wickets with 4 balls against Lancashire.

Pearce batting with the knowledge that his wife was simultaneously undergoing an operation in a hospital overlooking the ground, played a chanceless innings, taking 4-1/4 hours to score 105, including seven hits to the boundary.

RESULTS OF MATCHES

The following are the results of the first class cricket matches which commenced on Saturday.

M.C.C. vs. CAMBRIBDGE UNIVERSITY: M.C.C. won by 8 wickets. Cambridge University 100 and 139 (Hearne 4 for 18). M.C.C. 112 and 128 for 2 (Major Wilkinson not out 62).

NOTTS vs. SUSSEX. Notts won by an innings and 64 runs. Sussex 96 and 110. Notts 270 (Larwood 57).

LEVESON GOWER'S XI vs. OXFORD UNIVERSITY: Leveson Gower's XI won by 10 wickets. Oxford University 145 and 78 (Baxter 7 for 33). Leveson Gower's XI 191 (Kimpton 4 for 65) and 33 for nil.

GLOUCESTER vs. GLAMORGAN: Gloucester won by an innings and 5 runs. Glamorgan 93 and 195 (Parker 5 for 86) Gloucester 294. (Hammond 93. Stephens 61.)

SURREY vs. WORCESTERSHIRE: Surrey 433. Worcester 157 (Fender 7 for 89) and following on 218 for 3 (Martin not out 94).

SOMERSET vs. KENT: Somerset 84 and 281 (Wellard 75, F. Lee 102, Todd 4 for 42, Freeman 4 for 121). Kent 238 and 35 for 1.

NORTHANTS vs. WARWICK: Warwick 206 and 4 for nil. Northants 289 (Grimshaw 83, Paine 7 for 99).

YORKSHIRE vs. SOUTH AFRICANS: South Africans 263 and 258 for 5 (Rowan 76, Cameron not out 81). Yorks 201 (Mitchell 61, Bell 4 for 64, Balaskas 4 for 55).

ESSEX vs. LANCASHIRE: Lancs 263 and 9 for 3. Essex 316 (O'Connor 73, Pearce 105).

LEICESTERSHIRE vs. HAMPSHIRE: Leicester 157 and 161 (Berry 66, Boyes 5 for 56). Hants 84 (Smith 5 for 43 Geary 5 for 29) and 187 for 9.—Reuter.

NEW HORSES FOR INDIA

(By Our Racing Correspondent.)

The following new horses have been shipped to India:

EYEBROOK, a 3 year old gelding by Buen Ojo—Babbling Brook. As a 2-year old Eyebrook won twice over 5, 6, and 7 furlongs, and was also second and third in ten outings.

LUNA, a 2-year-old Irish filly by Vesington Star—Ellamond, has been purchased by Mr. G. McElligot, the veterinary surgeon. Luna won the Brownstown Selling Plate at the Curragh before leaving Ireland. Last March she made a winning debut in the Bray Plate at Leopardstown.

WIMBLEDON TENNIS RESULTS

WIMBLEDON, June 24.

Despite the defeat of Allison, the Americans showed their strong hand. Van Ryn beat the Australian Davis Cup player, Turnbull, 6—2, 6—3, 8—6, while Sidney Wood, Gene Mako, Donald Budge and Wilmer Hines won their matches.

Crawford (Australia) beat Brugnon, the French Davis Cup player, 6—3, 6—1, 6—4. Von Cramm (Germany) beat de Leon (South America): 6—1, 6—0, 6—3.—Reuter.

JACK DOYLE WINS FIRST FIGHT IN U. S.

NEW YORK, June 25.

The Irish Heavyweight Jack Doyle won his first contest in America by knocking out Phil Donato in the first round of a ten-round bout.—Reuter's Extra Special.

YOUR LUCK

THROUGH BUSINESS. Ascertain daily forecast of the market rates of Silver, Cotton and Groundnut and earn huge profits. For one month each commodity Rs. 20. For 15 days 12/8/0. V. P. As. 5. Apply to V. K. S. CHARIAR, Hanuman Astrological Office, Tiruttani, S. I.

CHARITY SHOWS FOR 'QUAKE RELIEF

Funds Should Not Be Wasted On Incidental Expenses

The Hon. Secretaries of the Bombay Quetta Earthquake Relief Committee write:—

Our Committee is receiving numerous offers of charitable performances like Cinema shows, musical concerts, dramatic performances, etc., in aid of Quetta earthquake relief. While we are grateful to those who have spontaneously come forward to offer their co-operation, it is difficult to entertain each and every offer since such a position is bound to disturb and confuse the arrangements of relief collection.

In this conection, we have to heartily congratulate the Bhatti Seva Sama who staged a drama called "Collegian" at Royal Opera on Friday night and donated their entire sale proceeds to our Rtlief Committee. Not a pie of their big collection of about Rs. 5,000 was spent for the many incidental expenses which were met from separate private collections. This is a splendid example of charity performance for a noble cause.

If those friends who are anxious to arrange charity shows follow the example of Bhatti Seva Samaj and not charge any expenses to the total collection, they are welcome to go ahead with their proposals. We have had in the past, not very satisfactory experience about all these charitable performances. There have been cases where more than half the collection was wasted away in incidental expenses. This would be regarded as a waste of public sympathy.

We have, therefore, to earnestly appeal to all friends who are contemplating to arrange such shows and performances to make sure of the possibilities of collection before actually launching on their projects. In no case public money should be spent on expenses which can well be considerably reduced if not totally avoided.

CARNERA-LOUIS BOUT

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

NEW YORK, June 25.

While many believe that Carnera's bulk is too much for Joe Louis, the latter is 6/5 favourite.

Betting is likely to be evens at the start. Fifty-thousand spectators are expected, with the gate receipts of 350,000 dollars. Both the boxers are promising each other knockouts and both have given their sparring partners a bad time.

Captain Lewis of the Irish Free State on Tranmore Bay won the King George Gold Challenge Cup at the International Horse Show, Olympia on Monday afternoon.

JOCK McAVOY

Mc AVOY RETAINS MIDDLEWEIGHT TITLE

Outpoints Al Burke Over 15 Rounds At Manchester

(Special Cable)

LONDON, June 24.

At Manchester Jock McAvoy (Roohdale) retained the British Middleweight Championshp by outpointing Al Burke (London) over fifteen rounds.

HIS SIXTH CONVICTION

Two Years' R. I. For Trespass

An old offender who admitted five previous convictions was sentenced by the Chief Presidency Magistrate to undergo two years rigorous imprisonmet for having committed house tresspass with intent to commit theft.

It was stated for the prosecution that at about 2-15 Mr. C. Gordon residing in Appllo Chambers, Wodehouse Road was awakened from his sleep by some noise. He noticed a man sitting on the sofa in the room and immediately challanged him. The man hit Mr. Gordon and ran downstairs but was chased and caught near the fountain at the Museum. A police constable took charge of the accused and marched him to the police station.

The accused when charged pleaded not guilty. He stated he never entered the house of Mr. Gordon but was walking along the road when he was chased and arrested.

The Magistrate disbelieved the defence story and in view of the past record of the accused sentenced him to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

"NAUGHTY MARIETTA"

At The Regal From To-day

Music, romance, stirring drama and spectacle blend in one of the outstanding screen productions of the year in "Naughty Marietta" Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's haunting screen transcription of Victor Herbert's masterpiece, now playing at the Regal Theatre. The charming music of the great composer, as sung by Jeanette MacDonald and Nelson Eddy playing the leading roles in the picture, is heard against a thundering background of drama. The settlement of Louisiana, poineer struggles, the "Marriage Auction" of St. Louis of the old Creole days, the capture of the Casquette Girls by pirates, their rescue, and other gripping dramatic details are woven into a story that, aside from music, provides an epic recital of the founding of one of America's most romantic cities.

Amid the drama runs romance, and with its such great song hits as "Ah, Sweet Mystery of Life" "I'm Falling in Love with Someone" "Chansonette," "Tramp, Tramp, Tramp," and others of Herbert's immortal airs. Miss MacDonald is beautiful to look at, sings divinely, and gives her audience a taste of emotional acting that is surprising. Eddy, famous American barritone proves that he is real material as a new leading man of the screen, aside from his resonant and artistic baritone voice. W. S. Van Dyke's directions injected many clever and artistic human interest touches into the vivid story of the French princess who to escape a marriage of state, flees to the new colony of Louisiana, for an amazing romance with a British army captain. An elaborate cast was assembled for the picture. Elsa Lanchester, the famous Anne of Cleves of "Henry the Eighth is intriguing as a gorgeously gowned wife of a French Governor of Louisiana, the role played with compelling skill by Frank Morgan. Akim Tamiroff, former Moscow Art Theatre star, plays Rudolpho, the puppeteer, and Joseph Cawthorne is lovable as old Herr Schumann, Comedy is handled with skill by Edward Brophy and Harold Huber as the two sergeants.

Coimbatore is soon to have its own Tuberculosis Sanatorium built out of the Silver Jubilee Funds allotted to its share. The Surgeon General The Director of Public Health and some others inspected the site where the proposed sanatorium is to be constructed and a report will be submitted to Government.

STABBING IN CITY STREET

Sequel To Debtor's 'No' To Creditor?

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The inability of a Mahomedan to return Rs. 15 when demanded by his creditor, who was a Pathan, led to a stabbing outrage at Khoja Street on Monday morning.

It appears that Barodin Mahomed owed Rs. 15 to a Pathan named Aslam Khan Sabat Khan, residing at Kamatipura.

On Monday morning the Pathan found Barodin sitting in the shop of Tyeb Dinmahomed at Khoja Street. The Pathan went up to him and demanded his money. Barodin told him that he had no money to pay just then and asked for time to make the payment.

At this answer, it is alleged, the Pathan lost his temper, whipped out a knife and stabbed Barodin on the head and back, causing serious wounds.

Aslam Khan was produced before Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, to-day and was ordered to be released on bail in the sum of Rs. 100 or in default to be remanded into Police custody till July 2.

CAUGHT IN BELTING OF MACHINE

Workman Dies From Multiple Fractures

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Ganpat Sakharam an employee of the Jayant Metal Factory at Mazagaon, met with a horrible death when his legs got entangled in the belting of a machine on Monday. He sustained multiple fractures in various parts of the body and died in the J. J. Hospital last night where he had been removed.

At the inquest held by the Coroner, the jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

Suit For Maintenance Adjourned

When the suit for the maintenance of her child filed by Miss Marjorie Officer against Teherbhai Gulamhussein came up for further hearing before Mr. Oscar H. Brown at the Mazagaon Police Court, Bombay, on Tuesday, Mr. Fazal Khairaz appearing for the accused intimated the Court of his intention to move the High Court for a revision of the order of the Chief Presidency Magistrate, refusing a transfer of the case from the Mazagaon Court.

To enable him to make the application, the Magistrate granted a week's adjournment, and the case will next come up on July 2.

"Haveli Road"

(From Our Correspondent.)

GHATKOPAR, June 24

The Ghatkopar Municipality, at its meeting held this morning, decided to name one half of the Kama Road (originally Chembur Road) from the railway bridge further up to the Navnitlalji's temple as "Haveli Road" on the motion of Mr. P. L. Modi, seconded by Mr. Waghji Lakshmidas.

The Vaishnava temple was built at a cost of over a lakh of rupees by the trustees of the Chaturbhuj Jivandas Charity Fund.

Congress Candidate For Municipal Bye-election

(From Our Correspondent)

GHATKOPAR, June 24

The bye-election of the Ghatkopar-Kirol Municipality, caused by the death of Mr Hirachand Vanechand Desai on May 15 last, will take place on Saturday, June 29 next.

Mr. Harilal Ramji, who is nominated by the local Congress Committee, is one of the candidates.

Mr. G S Dutt, I.C.S., as representative of the Calcutta University and in his capacity as president of the All India Folk Dance Society is going to attend the International Folk Dance festival in London to be held from July 15 to July 20.

Hear what LORETTA YOUNG says about *charm*

SO MANY GIRLS DON'T SEEM TO REALISE HOW THE PEARLY SMOOTHNESS OF A REALLY BEAUTIFUL SKIN MAKES EVEN ORDINARY FEATURES LOVELY.
EVERY GIRL SHOULD HAVE THIS CHARM — I'VE A SIMPLE BEAUTY CARE THAT REALLY WORKS — EVERY SINGLE DAY I USE LUX TOILET SOAP!
IF YOU'LL USE THIS GENTLE BEAUTY SOAP FAITHFULLY, YOU'LL SEE-VERY QUICKLY THAT I'M RIGHT!

LORETTA YOUNG reveals the way that 846 out of the 857 leading film stars in Hollywood and England protect their beauty. Lux Toilet Soap keeps their skin so clear and smooth that it is the *official* soap in all the great film studios.

Here is the reason: Lux Toilet Soap has a marvellous quick-lathering action that dissolves *completely* the dirt and impurities which collect on the surface of the skin and which, unless quickly removed, can mar its beauty. To keep *your* skin soft and lovely you *must* use this pleasant, soothing soap.

Lux Toilet Soap is made from the purest materials, and each tablet is wrapped to protect its lovely fragrance

Start this simple beauty treatment to-day!

LUX TOILET SOAP

X-LTS 360-288A MADE FOR LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

A Tale of Two Lovers! Princess Sacrificed her throne for the sake of her Gypsy Lover!

Kanwal Movietone Ltd's. Super Sensational

KARVAN-E-HUSHN OR Beauty-Caravan

Scenario by Debki Bose

Directed by Raffi Chawdhry

Featuring :—The GREAT CAST—NAZIR, ZOHRA, ANSARI, NURJAHAN, HADI, BEGG, BUTT, & Others.

Don't Fail to See this Marvellous Masterpiece on Next Saturday at

MINERVA TALKIES LAMINGTON ROAD.

BENEFIT PERFORMANCE

In Aid Of Villa Parle Sanskrit Pathasala

Prof Hamendra Murthi and his wife Shrimati Vela Laxmi, well-known physical culturists will be giving a benefit performance in aid of the Ville Parle Sanskrit Pathasala at Tilak Mandir, Ville Parle East on Sunday the 30th June at 4 p.m.

The following feats will be exhibited: 1. Breaking the Iron on the forehead with Hammer. 2. Breaking the Iron by means of teeth and neck 3. Breaking weight on the forearm in the form of a bridge 4. Breaking 500 lbs. of Iron on the belly simultaneously with drinking water and playing on a mouth organ and 5. Stopping the pulse and respiration as if a dead body and various other types of astonishing feats of greatest excitement and thrill will be displayed to the public.

An appeal has been made on behalf of the citizens of Nagpur to the Nagpur Electric Light and Power Company requesting it to reduce the minimum charge on electricity from Rs. 3 to Rs. 2.

Well-Known Musician In Bombay

Prof. Tej Rajendra Singh, who has come to Bombay after having a successful tour in Gwalior Bharatpore, Delhi, Simla, Lahore, Rajgarh C. P. Rewa, Panna, Allahabad Music Conference, Cawnpore giving music performances, where he was awarded medals and certificates. He will stay in Bombay for some time and give concerts. He has started giving Free Education in Vocal singing at Mrs. Nikambe's school once a week.

Annual Aloysian Lunch

The Bombay Suburban Aloysian Association held their annual lunch on Sunday noon at Bandra. Mr. B. M. DeSouza, the president addressing the gathering referred to the progress made by Aloysians in Bombay and elsewhere. He referred particularly to the distinction which Dr. F. X. DeSouza M.L.A. and other Aloysians have attained. In Bombay one of the oldest Aloysians, Mr. J. Paul Rego, got the I.S.O. in the Birthday Honours list. He wanted that the Aloysians who had settled down this side to be loyal to their institutions and he appealed for their support to the Mangalorean Recreation Club, Bandra, which had a scheme for a small pavilion.

DANGER OF CONSTIPATION

OF SPECIAL INTEREST TO WOMEN

The period of discomfort which nature demands that every woman shall endure is sometimes a source of worry in the event of delay. Often it brings pain and suffering during its course. Castophene comes as a boon to women, who are handicapped in their work, when their recreation is spoilt and they find necessary to cancel even the most important engagements. Two tablets of Castophene chocolates 24 to 36 hours beforehand will assist regularity and alleviate suffering to an extent hitherto undreamt of. In cases of prolonged delay, one or two tablets of Castopher, should correct the irregularity. Eminent Medical men state the 75 per cent. of the illnesses occurring in women over 40, are due to constipation. Castophene, the wonderful discovery of modern medical science, will banish headaches, sickness and nervous strain. It will also help you to attain a slim and beautiful figure.

Bombay Agents:—

CHIMANLAL VADILAL & CO.

Princess Street, BOMBAY

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Jeth Vad 11, 1991
Muslim: Rabi-ul-avval 24, 1354
Parsi: Deh 23, 1304
Sunrise: 6h. 3m.
Sunset: 7h. 19m.
High Tide: 8-38, 20-02
Low Tide: 1-52, 14-34
Harwood League (First Division): Durham vs. 3rd Field Brigade Cooperage, 5-15 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Superscribed Mails for Singapore, and Japan per S.S. "Genoa Maru" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 3-0 p.m. on Wednesday the 26th instant.

MR. SHAIKH FOR SENATE.

Mr. A. A. K. Shaikh has announced his candidature for the ensuing elections to the Bombay University Senate as representing the registered graduates.

PT. KUNZRU'S LECTURE.

Under the auspices of the Western India National Liberal Association, Pandit Hirdaya Nath Kunzru will deliver a public lecture on "The Present Political Situation" at the Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chaupaty to-day (Wednesday), at 6 p.m. (S.T.) The meeting is open to the public.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The P. and O. Mail Steamer "Ranpura" with the mails from Bombay of the 15th instant arirved at Port Said at 7 a.m on the 24th instant and left there at 11 a.m. the same day.

The N Y K Steamer "Nagato Maru" left Kobe for Bombay via ports of call on the 22nd June and is expected to arrive here on or about the 19th July.

The O S K Steamer "Singapore Maru" left Colombo on June 22 and is due to arrive in Bombay on June 26.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUNDS.

In the event of there being no heavy rain, the Municipal Commissioner and Councillors of F Ward will meet at Central Vaccination Station near Old Parel Tram Terminus, on Thursday, the 27th June 1935, at 7-0 a.m. (B.T.) to go round the Ward.

Residents of the Ward who have grievances to represent should be present at the appointed place and time.

ADULT EDUCATION CLASSES.

Under the auspices of the above association a meeting of students and teachers for all the courses will be held at the office of the Association, Ravelin St., Fort, to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.)

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

REGAL—"Naughty Marietta" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Ghar-Jamai" and a Film of "Quetta Earthquake" Time as usual.
SWASTIK— "Kamroodesh-ki-Kamini". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
CAPITOL—The Right to Live" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Mississippi" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Gay Divorcee" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"College Girl" Time as usual
GLOBE—"Magic Wand" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Birbal-ki-Beti" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Bharat-ki- Beti" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Judgment of Allah" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
PALACE—"The Count of Monte Cristo" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Daksha Yagna" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
EDWARD—"Burn 'Em Up Barnes" (last inst.) Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Empire Broadcasting

7-20 p.m. The Northumberland Plate. A running commentary by R C Lyle, relayed from Gosforth Park Racecourse, Newcastle-upon-Tyne. 7-45 p.m. "Light and Shade." A programme of contrasting variety. 8-30 p.m. A running commentary on a boxing contest, relayed from the Empire Pool and Sports Arena, Wembley. 9 p.m. Jan Berenska and his Orchestra, relayed from the Pump Room, Leamington Spa. 9-45 p.m. Dance music. 10 p.m. The News. 10-15 p.m. Dance music. 10-30 p.m. Close down.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12 noon. Music (Hindustani records). 1 p.m. Market rates. Lunch Hour Selections. 2 p.m. Close down.

4-30 p.m. Ladies' Hour. Talk by Beth. 5 p.m. A relay. 5-30 p.m. European programme. Relay of music from Regal Cinema. 6-30 p.m. Classical and Light music. 7-30 p.m. Recitations from 'Avesta'. 7-45 p.m. Interval. 8-15 p.m. General and Commercial News in Hindi. 8-45 p.m. Weather Report and News. 9 p.m. Musical Interlude. 9-20 p.m. "Current Topics." 9-30 p.m. Empire relay. 10 p.m. SB The Art Players, directed by Josef Barthel. 11 p.m. Close down.

BOMBAY HOMOEOPATHIC MEDICAL ASSOCIATION.

Seth Laxmidas P. Kapadia and Dr. K. J. Munsiff have jointly donated the sum of Rs. 223-2-0.

The Regal From TO-DAY Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

THE MOST THRILLING STORY ever set to glorious music!

Action, drama, romance . . . set to soul-stirring music. Nothing like it ever before on the screen. You'll say so!
JEANETTE MacDONALD
NELSON EDDY
and how they sing: "I'm Falling in Love with Someone!" "Ah, Sweet Mystery of Life!" —and many more!
IN VICTOR HERBERT'S
naughty marietta
with FRANK MORGAN
Douglas Dumbrille
a W. S. VAN DYKE Production
Produced by HUNT STROMBERG
8 NEW SONGS!
Free List Suspended

In Aid Of 'Quake Victims

VARIETY CONCERT AT OPERA HOUSE

Proceeds To Swell "Three Paper Quetta Relief Fund"

The Bombay Muslim Circle has organized a grand variety concert in aid of the Quetta Earthquake-Stricken brethren at the Royal Opera House on 4th July at 9 p.m.

The Circle has enlisted the cooperation of some of the best-talented artistes of Bombay for the concert. A managing committee and a number of sub-committees have been appointed to make necessary arrangements for the forthcoming performance.

THE ARTISTES.

Miss Azuri has offered a dancing recital on the night of the concert.

Miss William has also agreed to give solo and trio dance performances.

The well-known dancing master Mr. Jamnaprasad Pande has promised to appear on the stage with his troupe and give a display of his finest dance-programmes.

MUSIC RECITALS.

There will be music recitals by Prof. Khadim Hussein and also by Miss Vatsalabai Kumtekar.

Physical culture feats by Master Sharad B. N. Maheshwari and mimicry by well-known talents also form part of the entertaining programme.

Attractive European dances by Lynettes have been arranged for the special delectation of the audience.

It is hoped that the readers of 'Bombay Chronicle' and the 'Bombay Sentinel" and the public in general will buy up tickets quickly and help the earthquake-stricken and helpless victims of Quetta.

Tickets will be available at the following places:—

(1) Sheth Haji Usman Millwala (Tele. 40046) Babulla Talao.
(2) Rahim Karim Mistri (Tele. 41236) Bhatt Mansion-Chowpati Band Stand.
(3) Ibrahim Jafar (Tele. 25410) Chakla Street.
(4) J. A. Makani, Stock Exchange, Fort.
(5) H. A. Jumma (Tele. 27312) Zaveri Bazaar.
(6) Perry and Co. (Tele. 41339) Grant Road.
(7) Haji Musa Haji Abubakar (Tele. 25156), Kolsa Cross Lane-Pydhonie.

The proceeds of the Concert will be forwarded to the proper quarters through the Three-Paper Quetta Relief Fund started by the "Bombay Chronicle, 'Bombay Sentinel' and 'Bombay Samachar".

Parsi Staff Of Municipality Meet

HOLD JASHAN CEREMONY AND GIVE SUBSCRIPTIONS TO QUETTA FUND.

On Friday (21st inst) the Albless Bag of Bombay was full of Municipal Parsi architects, engineers, surveyors, Sanitary Engineers Officers and members of the staff, and retired Municipal Parsi officers.

At the outset the Jashan ceremony was performed.

Khan Bahadur Hormasji C. Pastakia; J. P. then dealt at length on the unemployment question. He requested the capitalist class to help the poor and give employment to the poor, because according to the speaker the great and the small, the rich and the poor were all equal in the eyes of the Almighty.

Mr. Mancherji Joshi exhorted the Parsees to remain in peace and harmony with sister communities.

A fund was raised for Quetta Relief Fund. Almost all present on the occasion subscribed their mites.

BOMBAY DOCKWORKERS' UNION.

About 16 members of the Managing Committee of the above Union have sent a requisition to the President and the General Secretary to hold a meeting of the Managing Committee on June 30, at 10 a.m. in the Union Offices to consider important issues. They have also notified that in case the meeting as requisitioned is not held, they will themselves hold it at the time and place given in the requisition, and transact business.

BENEFIT PERFORMANCE.

A benefit performance in aid of the Harijan Gayan Vidyalaya Dadar was given at the Apollo Talkies Parel, on Sunday last at which the film "Kaliya Mardan" was screened.

Speeches were made by Messrs. B. G. Parelkar, N. S. Kajrolker, Sakharamboowa Kajrolker appealing to the audience to take advantage of the facility of learning music afforded by Harijan Gayan Vidyalaya.

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF SOCIOLOGY.

Free evening classes on Economic, Political and Social Theories will be held from the 2nd proximo at the Institute Rooms near the Opera House Tram Terminus, on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 7 p.m. (S.T.) to 8 p.m. Students may take one or all of the three subjects. Library Fee is Rs. 3 per year.

Forms of application for admission can be had from the Hon. Secretaries at the Institute.

CASE AGAINST "FREE PRESS"

Previous Consent Order To Continue, Sequel To Payment

Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia at the High Court on Tuesday heard the notice of motion taken out by Chhotalal V. Jerojani asking for the appointment of a receiver for a rotary machine now in possession of the "Free Press of India Ltd."

Mr. M. C. Chagla, instructed by Kanga and Company, appeared for the plaintiff. Mr. M. S. Vakil, instructed by Messrs. M. B. Chothia and Company, appeared for the defendants.

HIRE-PURCHASE AGREEMENT.

Mr. Chagla said that the machine came into the possession of the defendants under a hire-purchase agreement. The plaintiff advanced money to the defendants for the price. In respect of this debt, the defendants mortgaged the machine to the plaintiff and agreed to pay off the loan by instalments.

Subsequently, certain instalments having fallen in arrears, an interim receiver was appointed by the High Court on the plaintiff's application. The interim receiver was later discharged under a consent order dated April 11 by which the defendants agreed to pay weekly instalments of 375 each.

Thereafter the defendants paid 7 or 8 instalments. But the last three instalments having remained unpaid, the plaintiffs now again applied to the Court for the appointment of a receiver.

CHEQUE OFFERED.

At the hearing of the notice of motion, the defendants offered their solicitors' cheque for Rs. 1,125 towards the payment of the arrears, and agreed to abide by the consent order.

The plaintiff having accepted the cheque, his lordship made no order on the notice of motion. The consent order dated April 11 will continue.

JUSTICE IN S. AFRICA

White Farmer Let Off With £11 Fine For Cruelly Beating Black Boy

Christoffel Jacobus Cordier, a young farmer, was found guilty by Mr. L. C. Barret in the Venterdorp Magistrate's Court of assaulting a native, aged 15, by having him held to a wagon and beating him with a chain. According to the evidence of the district surgeon, the native had ten bruises, a lacerated wound between the shoulder blades two inches long, and another just below, apparently the imprint of a buckle, and a sceptic ulcer on the foot. John Mphute, the complainant, said that on Sunday April 21, about sunrise, his employer complained that the morning coffee was late and struck him about six blows with a sjambok. He informed his father, and on the Tuesday they went to Venterdorp to report the matter to the police. On the way back they were overtaken by his employer who ordered him to climb into his cart. When they reached the farm he attended to the horses and then Cordier called him. "He told me to pray, because he was going to hit me. He also told me to take off my clothes." He ran away, but was brought back by another native, Michael, who also worked for Cordier. His employer knocked him down three times and hurt his chest and stomach. Cordier ordered him to go into the stable, and another native, Kiewet, caught him and threw him into the stable. "My baas came with a borsketting (a chain forming part of the harness) and Kiewet put his foot behind my neck. He hit me with a riem and afterwards with a halter. He made me undress and had me held over the railing of the wagon by two natives, and hit me with the borsketting several times." Cordier sent him to the house, where he called for a trek chain, which he bound to John's right ankle. John had to go to bed with the chain locked to his right foot, the other end being locked to a chest. The chain hurt his leg. The next day the chain was taken off and he was taken to the farm Opraap, some miles away.

In summing up, Mr. Barret said he had no hesitation in accepting John's version of the assault. "That means that the Court is prepared to accept the evidence of a little native in preference to that given by you, a white farmer of this district. It is a sad state of affairs when that sort of thing happens in a court of law. I wish you to understand that when you come into a Court of law before a magistrate or judge, that magistrate or judge is colour blind. I don't see white or black skins in front of me, and the mere fact that a human being has a black skin does not entitle you to knock him about like an animal. I can imagine the outcry there would have been if a native had treated a European child as you did this little native," Mr. Barret added.

Cordier was fined £1 or 7 days for assaulting the native with a sjambok, and £10 or one month for striking him with a halter strap and chain.

In comparison with the crime and the strong, though well-deserved, comments by the Magistrate the punishment, we think, was altogether too light. Unless exemplary sentences are passed in such cases we will never see the end of these barbarous acts.—Indian Opinion (Natal).

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Stah Correspondents)

Monsoon Bus-Service

Now that the monsoon is in full swing there is necessarily considerable rush in vehicular traffic. The buses are, therefore, much in demand in almost all places of the city. There is considerable congestion in the City bus-traffic during the morning hours, when people are in a hurry to attend their offices in time. The rush seems to be particularly heavy at the Churchgate Station. The B.E.S. and T. authorities have no doubt tried to meet the demands of the situation, rendered somewhat difficult in this monscon. In this connection it is suggested that the authorities would do well to relax some of their regulations, especially in respect of waiting to pick up passengers. It is complained by many that the buses dart off even while the passengers coming out of the station are on their way to catch them. In such circumstances they have to wait long for another bus. It is hoped the authorities will look to give due consideration to such complaints. Surely a few extra seconds at a few stations would not upset the time schedule.

Wells For Washing

It is interesting to note that even to-day there are a number of dhobies in the city who do not depend for washing their customers' clothes upon municipal pipe water. In G. Ward for instance there are 24 private dhobi ghauts out of which 23 use well water for washing clothes. Only one uses municipal pipe water. Whether well water is better than municipal pipe water for washing purposes is a question, but if 23 dhobi ghauts in one ward could use well water independent of the municipality, it is so far gratifying that it shows there are still a number of wells which could be depended upon in case of emergency. As far as the question of sanitation is concerned, the Municipal Commissioner has powers to prevent the use of any place for washing if it endangers public health. Since no one has protested against any of the ghauts, it is assumed that none of them offends the sanitary regulations.

"SATTA" RAIDS IN CITY

Police Haul Of Betting Slips And Cash

An office in Sheikh Memon Street displaying an imposing sign-board "American Cotton. Expert" was raided by the Princess Street Police on Monday night, under a warrant issued by the Deputy Commissioner of Police.

It appears that the premises were kept under observation for a few days, on the suspicion that "satta" bets were being accepted in the office.

BOGUS PUNTER.

On Monday night, Deputy Inspector Hewson armed with the warrant issued under the Gamming Act, first sent a bogus punter, and as soon as his bet was accepted, and registered, raided the premises and put under arrest Baburao Durgaprasad, the owner of the office and four others present in the place.

On an examination of the place the police, it is alleged, found several satta betting slips and about Rs. 170 in cash.

The accused were taken to the Princess Street Police Station and later released on bail.

ANOTHER RAID.

There was also another raid carried out in the City by Deputy Inspector Chowdari at Kamatipura Lane.

In this raid, Yacoob Fakuruddin and three others were arrested and several slips alleged to be satta betting slips and cash were seized. The arrested men were released on bail.

VILLAGERS FIGHT DACOITS

Encounter Results In 1 Killed And Several Injured

LAHORE, June 25

A daring dacoity resulting in one death and serious injuries to many is reported to have been committed in the house of Dayalsingh, Lambardar in village Banga, Lahore, District, last night.

It is stated that two parties of dacoits numbering about ten armed with spears and other deadly weapons raided Dayalsingh's house and assaulted him and his aged mother. Dayalsingh, however, managed to slip out and gather the villagers, who offered a brave fight.

In the course of the encounter, one dacoit was killed and others suffered injuries. Some of the villagers were also severely wounded.

The value of the booty with which the dacoits escaped is unknown.—United Press

HEAVY FINES ON RLY. WORKSHOP MEN

G. I. P. Union's Representation To Agents

The Secretary of the Bombay Branch of the G.I.P. Railway Workers' Union, writes:—

The G.I.P. Railway Workers Union has represented matters to the Agent stating that since some time past heavy fines were being imposed on the men working in the Workshops on the charge of loitering about near the lavatories.

In our country the climatic conditions are very odd; the physical stamina of workers is rather poor. The railway worker especially has got to work near fire and heat with heavy instruments with iron and steel. The workers in the Paint Shop have a peculiar difficulty namely that they have to work under hot burning paints that emits very bad smell affecting the lungs of the worker.

The Union does not protect the interest of the habitual idlers but has offered to the Agent to prove that the fines have been imposed in cases where the men have gone even to answer the call of nature and even though the workers' Union has not been recognised by the Agent, it has approached the Agent and is prepared to prove to him that workers are not treated considerately where they deserve to be treated with leniency.

HUNT FOR MISSING INSURED LETTERS AND PARCEL

Railway Police Search R.M.S. Sorters On Train At Lucknow

LUCKNOW, June 25

Frantic efforts are being made by the postal and railway authorities to trace four insured letters and one parcel which are missing. Their contents are still a closely guarded secret. This afternoon when the 5 Up Lahore-Howrah Mail arrived at Lucknow station, the Railway Police surrounded the R.M.S. compartments and made a thorough search of the postal bags and also the person of the luggage sorters. It is stated that the Lucknow police acted on the strength of the information of the Dainapur police. The letters and the parcel in question are reported to have been insured and booked from Howrah.

Further details are lacking.—United Press.

PATHE 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
Also Showing
BETTY BOOP AND A TECHNICOLOR COMEDY

THE CAPITOL
Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
From the novel "THE SACRED FLAME" by
W. SOMERSET MAUGHAM
Warner Bros.' Hit-drama
"THE RIGHT TO LIVE"
with
GEORGE BRENT
JOSEPHINE HUTCHINSON
Also a Special Film of the
QUETTA EARTHQUAKE

(Drtn: Western I. Theatres Ltd.)

KRISHNA
Talkies, Dubash Theatre
Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
EVERY DAUGHTER & SON OF INDIA
Must see
"Bharat-ki-Beti"
Featuring the Queen of Emotions
RATANBAI
with
SAROJINI, KAMALA, AMIR KARNATKI, HAMID, DADI SARKARI, GOPE & an ALL STAR CAST
An Eastern Arts
SOUL-STIRRING SOCIAL
Picture with
Melodious Song-Hits
Delightful Dances
THE BEST SHOW IN TOWN

End that Cough!

● Inflamed tissues are quickly soothed by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It stops the tickle in your throat, without the use of narcotics. But Chamberlain's does more—it breaks up the congestion that causes the cough. Swollen membranes soon become normal, and air passages are cleared. Keep Chamberlain's in the house, and end coughs before they become serious.

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The Bombay Chronicle.

Bal House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26, 1935

MARKETING LAWS IN KENYA

The Marketing of Native Produce Bill, which is to be introduced today in the Kenya Legislative Council, vitally affects the interests of the Indian community in the territory; and the Government of India have done well to publish, in a "Gazette of India Extraordinary," some important papers on the subject. These include the report submitted by Mr. K. P. S. Menon on the whole question of Marketing Legislation in Tanganyika, Uganda and Kenya, the text of the Kenya Marketing Bill, the Government of India's representative to the India Office based on Mr. Menon's report, the Government of Tanganyika's justification for promulgating marketing Laws and similar dispatches from the Government of Uganda and Kenya, and the reply of the Colonial Office to the representation made by the India Office regarding such legislation. Stringent marketing laws, more or less discriminatory in their effects, have already been in force in Uganda and Tanganyika since 1932 and have done much injustice to the local Indian communities; and the proposed Kenya Bill, being on the lines of these laws, is calculated to hit Kenya Indians hard, unless timely and effective measures are taken by them, by their mother country, and by the Government of India in unison to safeguard Indian interests in the territory.

Where The Danger Lies

The professed object of the Marketing Legislation is un-unceptionable, namely, to improve the quality of native produce, especially for purposes of export. Similarly, the general methods proposed to achieve this object are plausible enough and apparently harmless to Indian interests. Briefly, the more important methods are: the licensing of dealers in the specified commodities produced by the natives, fixation of markets to which dealings in such commodities should be limited, and, where encouragement of some new crop is specially desired by the administration, issuing exclusive licenses to approved persons. So broadly stated, these methods regulating marketing cannot be objected to by any one, and certainly not by the Government of India, who are themselves contemplating marketing legislation. But the danger lies in the many opportunities the above-mentioned methods give to officials to discriminate against Indians under cover of general regulation. The past history of the treatment of Indians in South Africa and East Africa is enough to show that the danger is not at all imaginary. In his inquiries on the spot Mr. Menon scented danger in the methods and has pointed out how in Tanganyika the Marketing laws have eliminated a substantial number of Indians from the produce trade and increased the distress of the small trader. The Government of India, not altogether unaware of the ways in which the most innocent regulations can be used in a discriminating manner, endorsed several points made out by Mr. Menon and even felt constrained to ask the Colonial office not to proceed with the Kenya Bill. But for obvious reasons their appeal has gone unheeded.

Necessary Safeguards

All that the Government of India have obtained in response to their representations are a couple of trivial concessions and a vague assurance from the Colonial Secretary that the Kenya Bill is no part of any policy to eliminate Indians from East Africa. We doubt if the Government of India are themselves satisfied with this response. One concession is that in the fixation of markets the existing marketing centres will not be replaced by new ones. Thus the small Indian trader will be spared the difficulty of setting up business in a new centre. Secondly, whenever it is proposed to give exclusive license to any person to deal with any commodity, this fact would be first debated in the Council in Kenya where Indians have five representatives. These concessions are poor safeguards against possible discrimination. And it is necessary for the Indian community to insist on more reliable safeguards. For instance, if the Kenya Government really does not aim at racial discrimination it should be asked to specify beforehand the detailed conditions under which exclusive licenses are to be issued or other privileges are to be conferred. And appeals to the High Court must be allowed so as to give the aggrieved party the right to show that the order passed was against the rules governing the case. Demands like these are modest and it is to be hoped that the Government of India will strongly support them. It is also desirable to appoint a permanent Agent for the Government of India in the three territories, Uganda, Tanganyika and Kenya to watch and safeguard the interests of the resident Indian community. In any case it is essential for the community itself to be well organised and vigilant in agitating for its legitimate rights.

Muslim Waqf Act

When the Bill to amend the Musalman Waqf Act in its application to the Bombay presidency was introduced in the last session of the Council we had welcomed it because it implied Government's acceptance of the principle that the community was entitled to full control over the administration of Muslim 'Aukaf' and superintendance over their accounts. But we had also regretted that the Bill as introduced by the Minister was weak, so weak indeed that it needed drastic improvements in the provisions before it could ensure strict popular control. It is a pity, therefore, that in the Select Committee stage from which the Bill has just emerged, its provisions have been further watered down and a number of loop-holes have been left open for irregularities and misuse of Waqf funds. To take one instance, the Mutawalli of a Waqf with a small income is sought to be entirely exempted from liability to keep accounts. We agree with Mr. Syed Munawar's note of dissent in which he opposes "the grant of exemption to any particular class of 'Aukaf' from maintaining or rendering accounts on the score of their small incomes." If no liability is imposed on them, the Honourable Member points out, "there is a danger of such Waqfs ceasing to exist as Waqfs in time to come even with considerable increase in their incomes."

We also wish Syed Munawar had supported the sensible suggestion of Mr. Kale, who wants a provision to be introduced for the surplus left after the application of the Waqf fund which may either be expended towards carrying out the intent of the creator of the Waqf or, if need be, in accordance with the doctrine of "cy pres". Altogether, the bill, as amended in the Select Committee, does not fully meet with the requirements of popular control. We do admit that it accepts its principle, we also admit that a number of its provisions tend to strengthen popular control over the administration by Mutawallis of Muslim Aukaf. But the bill needs, we insist, drastic improvements effectively to achieve its aims and objects.

LEGAL EDUCATION IN THE PRESIDENCY

Suggestions For Reform

(By SHANTILAL M. SHAH, Bar.-at-Law.)

I

It would be a matter of great pleasure to all those in this Presidency who are interested in the legal education and the legal profession to know that the learned Chief Justice has appointed a Committee to go into the question of legal education in the Presidency with a view to ascertain whether any better and more efficient system of education can be substituted for the present one. Of course, the very fact of the appointment of such a Committee pre-supposes that the system of legal training as it prevails today is not thoroughly satisfactory, and therefore, whatever improvements may be ultimately suggested by the Committee will have to be based on the material defects which it may find out in the course of its inquiry. As this is a question of public importance, it would be desirable here to state and discuss the material features of the present system of legal education and also its effects as reflected in the legal profession of to-day.

Sources Of Recruitment

It is a matter of common knowledge in this Presidency that members of the legal profession are recruited from two sources; (1) the LL.B. degree of the University; and (2) the High Court Advocates' Examination held by the Bar Council. As regards the first of these two sources, it will be noted that the University does nothing but prescribing the curriculum, examining the students and conferring degrees on the successful candidates. Instruction in law in accordance with the curriculum of the University is imparted by various Colleges in the Presidency which are affiliated to the University.

University Curriculum In Law

Now as regards the curriculum prescribed by the University for the LL.B. degree, it consists of two groups. The first group is made up of five subjects: (1) Roman Law; (2) Jurisprudence; (3) Constitutional Law of England and the Government of India Act; (4) Law of Crimes; (5) Law of Contracts and Torts. The second group contains another five subjects: (1) Equity; (2) Transfer of Property and Land Tenures; (3) Company Law and Insolvency; (4) Civil Procedure and Evidence; and (5) Hindu and Mahomedan Laws. There are also some minor Acts such as Registration and Stamps which are included in one or the other of these subjects.

Comparing this curriculum with the curriculum prescribed by the Council of Legal Education in England, it would appear to be satisfactory indeed. But the University of late seems to have adopted the principle of recommending no commentaries when the subject for study is an Act of the legislature. Where there is no such Act, it certainly recommends some books for the guidance of the students. This is obviously very curious when books have been freely recommended for LL.M. degree irrespective of the subject being an Act of the Legislature or otherwise. It is absolutely unreasonable for the University to assume that the students can satisfactorily study the Indian Acts without any commentaries to help them.

Need For Practical Training

The next thing to note about this curriculum is that it provides only a theoretical training to the students. But the legal profession is of such a complex nature that mere theoretical instruction in law can never be enough to ensure necessary competence at the Bar. Means should be devised to give practical training to the students both in the matter of drafting of legal documents and the conduct of cases. A 'viva voce' examination should also be held to find out that the student possesses a fairly good power of expression in English and a clear mind. Such examination may be held by the High Court instead of the University before admitting a candidate to the profession.

"Viva Voce" Test Before Admission

It may be contended, however, that a good command over the English language is not necessary for a candidate who desires to practise in the mofussil where everything except the arguments at the close of a case is done in the Vernacular of the District. This is, indeed, an unfortunate position inasmuch as it would prevent an uniform test being laid down before admission to the legal profession. The difficulty, however, can be got over by exempting the candidates who want to practise in the mofussil and the test may be prescribed only for those who desire to practice in any of the Courts in Bombay. The High Court may also

(Continued on page 8).

OUR MOSCOW LETTER

War Clouds Becoming Dense In Europe?

By A. AZIZ AZAD.

SPECIAL TO THE "CHRONICLE."
(By Air Mail.)

MOSCOW, June 1.

The world has been eagerly looking forward to the policy that the Republic of Poland will pursue after the death of Marshal Pilsudski. Will she continue her pro-German policy, or will she turn her face to her old friend France, to whom Poland is much indebted for her independence, and with whom she has signed a military alliance? There has been much gossip and guessing about this question the world over. M. Laval, who visited Poland on his way to Moscow recently, was not very enthusiastic, it seems, about his talks with Colonel Beck, the Polish Foreign Minister.

Poland Favours Hitler

A triangular diplomatic combat went on throughout the period of M. Laval's and Goering's stay in Warsaw, where the Polish diplomat, M. Beck, extended one hand to Germany, and the other to France, trying to please both. Thus, when Laval returned to France he was apparently of the opinion that there were great signs of sudden changes in the foreign policy of Poland in France's favour.

However, the latest advices from Warsaw indicate that not only has M. Beck firmly adhered to his previous lines of pro-German policy, but also many other influential Polish statesmen have come to his support. In this respect it is necessary to acquaint oneself with the recent pro-German campaign started by the Polish press. The Russian press devotes much attention to a series of articles recently published in the Polish press advocating the necessity of Poland's closer co-operation with Germany. The most characteristic of these was published in the Polish newspaper "Czas," owned and edited by Prince Janusz Radziwill. The editorials in the above mentioned newspaper are dated May 26 and May 27, and among other things, contained the following theses:

"The main point in our foreign policy concerns our relations with Germany, since she is our most important and strongest neighbour. The pact of Jan. 26, 1934 (German-Polish agreement) was a turning point of historical significance, and shows that Germany's efforts are not directed against Poland but consider her interests and safety. Germany, in Poland's opinion," according to the newspaper, "can expand without coming into conflict with Polish interests."

Germany's Aims

"The 'dynamic forces' of Germany can be shattered only by the cannon, which would cost countless human lives and which might result in a number of revolutions throughout Europe," continues the paper, "It is therefore necessary to 'canalize' this energy, which can be done by such methods as the Polish-German pact. Poland is concerned not only about her own interests, but also about those of France and England."

"France's integrity, however, is one thing; that of her countless clients is another," says the "Czas." "And the latter does not concern Poland. Poland must be a link between France and Germany; she must aid them in coming to an agreement on their policy, in making it more real.'

Commenting on Hitler's recent speech before the Reichstag, the "Czas" states: "Hitler has told France and England that he is not intruding upon their interests, that Germany's forces will never again be used against the West, and that Hitler is ready to give any guarantees to this effect. In exchange for this, Hitler demands recognition of Germany's equal rights, acknowledgment of the right of those lands to join Germany which wish to do so, and recognition of Germany's rights in the East where 'the influence of England and France has always been insignificant.' The paper quotes Hitler as saying, "We, together with Poland, want to take up the organization of eastern Europe ourselves."

Designs In East

The Soviet press attaches much importance to these articles. "Pravda," the organ of the Communist Party, writes:

"The articles in 'Czas' not only express the programme of Radziwill and his group in the Government bloc, but also of leading circles of present day Poland. All that Hitler left unsaid in his speech has been blurted out quite candidly by "Czas." Fear of German fascism is apparently so great and hopes of receiving its favours so strongly affect leading circles in Warsaw, as to be observed in every word of the newspaper's discourse."

"Lacking conviction that Germany's policy of 'revanche' will not be directed against Poland herself, the newspaper appeals to France and Britain to recognize the surremance of Polish-German interests in eastern Europe, leaving for themselves western Europe," says the "Pravda." "France, in particular, is urged to renounce her pact with the U.S.S.R. and the agreements with her allies in Central Europe. This is not only a programme for neutralizing Britain and turning France into an appendage of German imperialism, it is a predatory programme for the redivision of Europe in favour of German fascism."

The official organ of the Soviet government, the "Izvestia," commenting upon these articles, points out that: "We cannot but welcome the fact that at the moment when the German fascists are trying to present their policy of war as a

(Continued on page 9.)

Frankly Speaking

SIGNIFICANT BYE-ELECTION.

The Galway bye-election which Mr. de Valera's party has just won is important in more aspects than one. The seat belonged to the United Ireland Party and the fact that although it was held by the opponents of Mr. de Valera at the General election and yet could not be retained now proves that the proverbial political pendulum is still swinging away from, rather than towards, the opposition. The people of Ireland, that is to say, still prefer Mr. de Valera as against Mr. Cosgrave. The bye-election, secondly, enables the Government to have a clear majority of two in the Dail. How will it react on Mr. de Valera's policy? His influence over the electorate is clearly dominant. With the support, even if indirect, of General O'Duffy that influence becomes unassailable. But we doubt if it will encourage him formally to declare the Irish Free State a republic. The relation with Britain will more likely than not continue on the present basis. It is probable, however, that Galway may influence Mr. de Valera in another direction. Now that he is able to dispense with Labour support it is possible for his Fascist tendencies to become more marked in practice.

"NATURAL DEVELOPMENT!"

We admire the "Financial Times" of London for its cool complacence. The existing privileges and advantages of British commerce having been more or less secured by law, the paper now suggests further exploitation of India by "agreements." "The protection," it says, "afforded to British capital in India is as adequate as foresight"—Indians would prefer to use other terms for the qualities that were called in aid—"and expert craftsmanship can make it, but the door is left open". This is only too true. The door is certainly left open for more exploitation. And the "Financial Times", therefore, suggests that the Indo-British and the Ottawa preferences as also the Lees-Mody Pact, which are all due to expire shortly, should be consolidated—and improved upon—in "a comprehensive commercial agreement". "What" asks the paper, "could be a more natural development"? Nothing. Nothing could be a more "natural development" of British economic policy. But it may lead to trouble and Britain, much more than India, may ultimately have to rue it.

A FALSE HOPE

The London correspondent of our Calcutta contemporary "Advance" believes that Lord Zetland's tenancy of the India Office will lead to a change of policy as regards political prisoners. The correspondent thinks that Sir Samuel Hoare's good intentions did not materialise because he dreaded the consequences to his career of a howl in the die-hard press and that Lord Zetland will succeed where Sir Samuel failed because the former can answer back Provincial Governors and other "men on the spot" without any such fear. We wish we could agree with our confrere. But we are afraid he is a little too generous towards Sir Samuel and a little too optimistic as regards Lord Zetland. There is no difference between the two and they all are guided by one supreme consideration to which they would most cheerfully subordinate principles and personal sympathies—if any.

GLARING ANOMALY

The system of nomination by Government in representative institutions is an anomaly which exists only in this country, the land of many political anomalies. There is no self-governing country, old or new, in the world tolerating in their representative institutions the presence of unrepresentative people sent in by methods that literally contradict the very meaning of the word "representative". But although as Mr. Hirjibehdin said during the debate in the Bombay Corporation, the other day, nomination was more a curse than a blessing and was also a question of the self-respect of the Corporation, we are not surprised that the members should have shelved the resolution recommending the abolition of the system. We do not think it necessary to comment on this attitude of the majority of our city fathers because, for one thing, the utter illogicality of the system does not need much comment and, for another, it would not be in any way complimentary to our Corporators' sense of individual, civic or national self-respect; nor, indeed, would it be a compliment to their appreciation of the elementary principles of representation. But we cannot help noting Sir J. B. Boman Behram's brilliantly intellectual intervention in the debate. He opposed the proposition and said that no reason was shown for doing away with the system of nomination! Shall we, we wonder, congratulate Sir J. B. Boman Behram or sympathise with our Corporation?

-PRESS VIEWS-

Fight Unemployment

In fact the problem of unemployment can be tackled only when there is co-operation and a common plan shared by the Government, the employers, the workers and the public. Unemployment Insurance, public works financed by loan and a sound monetary policy are special obligations on the part of the Government. The reduction of the hours of work to forty-eight and even less in suitable industries is a special obligation of the employing class and in India the Government is a large employer of labour. Efficiency on the part of the employers including sound business management is another obligation that the employers must undertake as much for their own benefit as for the workers.—"A. B. Patrika."

Call It Rural Work?

Fears very often expressed by the Congress members of the Assembly that the Government's grant of rupees one crore for rural uplift would do anything but benefit the rural population and that the lion's share of the money would go into the coffers of some of the Government officials are not unjustifiable now that some of the Provincial Governments have drawn up definite schemes of rural uplift. The Punjab, for example, is to spend its share of rupees one lakh in using the cinema and broadcasting for the purpose of propaganda. It is now clear, then, that the Punjab's share of the grant will be shared by cinema operators and broadcasting artists, while the rural population, for which it is intended, gets nothing by way of relief. It is yet to be seen to believe that the cinema or broadcasting can raise the social, moral and economic life of a people. What can a propaganda film or a sponsored broadcasting programme do to bring cheer to the unhealthy and unhappy village hovels? How does the Government of the Punjab propose to tackle the appalling illiteracy obtaining the rural population and the problem of sanitation? Surely, neither the cinema nor broadcasting is any solvent of these two outstanding rural problems. —"National Call."

India's Foreign Trade Relations
—Headline.

Thanks to Imperial protection and Empire preferences, India's foreign trade relations are practically nothing to worry about.

* * * *

The Quetta correspondent of the "Times of India" says, apropos of the preparations for Lord Willingdon's visit "In order to make it possible for the Viceregal car to be driven along the roads in that quarter (the Indian quarters which are now under guard) enormous quantities of bricks lying across them are being cleared away.

But what about the risk to life and health that would be involved in the operations?

* * * *

The India Bill, says the "Daily Herald" might well be entitled "a bill for the permanent establishment of Toryism in India".

Why "Toryism" alone? Why not permanent establishment of Britonism? It was a labour government, we recall, that laid the foundations of the present Bill.

* * * *

Says Roy's Weekly:

"There is a silver lining: Lord Zetland."

Which throws, as it were, illuminating light on the cloud-esqueness of the clouds.

But our contemporary had better beware of cloud-bursts.

* * * *

Pandit Kunzru in a thrilling peroration said: "We shall continue to say, withdraw this unwanted Bill . . . ."

We have no doubt they will until it is withdrawn from Parliament to be placed on the statute book.

* * * *

Writing about the "Times of India," a Delhi paper says: "That paper, one must admit, has a soul.' "

The allegation is greatly exaggerated.

* * * *

NEW HORSES FOR INDIA
—Headline.

A change for the better?

* * * *

According to a London report, talks of Sir Malcolm Hailey succeeding Lord Willingdon can be "categorically dismissed."

That's just right. Sir Malcolm, as we all know, belongs to the category of those who rule, not reign over, India.

* * * *

Because he has dared to write the truth about the situation in Central Europe, Henri Pozzi, a distinguished Frenchman, is living in the shadow of death, writes "The People."

It is certainly a dangerous habit, telling the truth about the situation anywhere.

* * * *

A radio artiste has been sentenced to a fine for possessing an unlicensed radio set, which has been confiscated.

But they can't stop her from listening-in to at least one item on the radio programme.

* * * *

WOMEN BEHIND CRIME

Males Are Less Criminal Than Females, Says Writer

As a matter of fact, we always had a sneaking conviction of it.

* * * *

Minister (at baptism of baby)—"His name, please."

Mother — "Randolph Morgan Montgomery Alfred Van Chiristopher McGoof."

Minister (to assistant)—"A little more water."

United Front Against India Bill Menace

LIBERALS READY TO JOIN MOVE

But Initiative Must Come From Congress, Says Kunzru

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The offer that the Liberals as a Party are prepared to do everything in their power to bring about unity of action among all the Nationalists to meet the danger of the coming constitution, but that the initiative should come from those who have always seen a sinister motive behind what the Liberals are doing, was made by Pandit Hirdyanath Kunzru, President of the Indian National Liberal Federation, in reply to the suggestion made by members of the Western India National Liberal Association at an "at home" given to him today by the latter.

Welcoming the President of the Federation to Bombay, Mr. Gokhale, Secretary, W.I.N.L. Association emphasised the necessity of re-organization of the Party and bringing about unity among all Nationalists in meeting what he termed as "the menace of the coming constitution."

WHY MEGHERIAN CHANGED.

S. A. Megherian stressed the necessity of re-organisation of the Party and regretted that certain proposals placed before the Council of the Federation have been practically shelved. Speaking of the coming Constitution he said he was one of those who fought at the Poona session of the Federation against the total rejection of the new Constitution, because he believed that it did contain real advance, but he now confessed that he had realised, although there was a distinct advance in the provinces, the introduction of provincial autonomy would create intense provincial feelings which would nullify the central authority.

Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar suggested that summer schools should be conducted by the Liberal Party with a view to holding special discussions on topical subjects.

FULL SCOPE FOR WORK.

Pandit Kunzru in the course of his reply regretted the lack of enthusiasm among the Liberals, but assured the meeting that the Council of the Federation had not shelved the proposals for re-organisation but asked whether there was anything present in the rules or the constitution of the Liberal Party which prevented the members from carrying on propaganda and enrolling more members and doing all that was suggested in the re-organisation scheme. In his opinion it was not so much the need for re-organisation as the necessity to shake off lethargy, which had benumbed the Party. Therefore he urged the members to devote more time to do some work to propagate the Liberal principles. After all mere changes on paper would not improve matters unless men were prepared to do real work.

Dealing with Mr. Gokhale's suggestion that he should define the Party's attitude towards bringing about unity among all nationalists, the President said it was difficult to do so at the meeting, but reminded the audience that during the last ten years the Liberal Party had been making efforts to unite all nationalist forces in the country. "There is no question of prejudices or exclusiveness; we may differ in political outlook and methods, but certainly we recognise the patriotism and sacrifices of those from whom we differ.

OUR CONVICTIONS STAND.

We have let slip no opportunity in declaring our convictions. Although attempts have been made to create artificial differences between us and the Congress, I nevertheless find that there is absolutely no difference between the Liberal Party and those Congress members who are in the Legislatures now. If it were the question of change of policy, we would have to consider before agreeing, but here those who claim to differ from us are doing in the Legislatures precisely what we have been urging all these years. I think it is the only sane policy.

WE ARE MISUNDERSTOOD.

However if any constructive proposals with regard to unity and action by all parties are brought forward, we shall not brush them aside but the initiative should come from the other side. We during the last few years, have done whatever was in our power, but our motives have been misunderstood and we have been accused of being inspired with a desire not to serve the country but to oppose those from whom we differ.

WILLING TO JOIN.

Under the circumstances I think it is necessary that those who have always read sinister motives in our attempts should come forward to suggest how best we can all combine in our common efforts in the interests of our motherland. We shall only be too glad to join hands but we can not wait with folded hands for such an opportunity."

NEW ATTEMPT ON EVEREST

Sir Percy Cox Explains Method Of Fourth Expedition

RUGBY, June 25.

In his presidential address to annual meeting of Royal Geographical Society, Major-Gen. Sir Percy Cox made a special reference to the new attempt to scale Mount Everest. The Committee, he said, had decided, on a rather different procedure from that of the last three attempts. A small party under the leadership of Eric Shopton, a Member of the last expedition, recently arrived in Tibet to carry out a reconnaissance of the western approaches to the mountain and if possible to study the post-monsoon conditions on the mountain itself.

Maj. C. J. Morris, who knew the Nepalese people and their language, was to make contect during summer with the local authorities and the "Sola Khombu" element for porters. The main expedition would be ready to start in the spring and would again be led by Mr. Hugh Ruttledge.—B. O. W.

His Highness the Maharaja of Rewa, has donated a sum of Rs. 2,000 towards the Viceroy's Earthquake Relief Fund.—United Press.

BRITISH OPEN GOLF

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, June 25.

In the British Open Golf second and last qualifying round, playing at Muirfield and Gullare to-day for Cotton, Brews, Alliss and Macdonald Smith there appear to be no difficulty in qualifying unless blown up but Picard is regarded as America's chief threat as also Lawson Little who will be relegated unless he improves considerably.

When the play started thick mist overhung both the courses and conditions were not pleasant and there appears little chance of improvement.

LEADERS AT 2 P.M.

Leaders at 14-00 hours were Cotton 71,70; R. A. Whitcombe 71,74; Collinge of Swinton Park 73,73; Kirkwood of America 72,74; Boomer of France 74,72; Cox 75,71; Brews 71,76; McDowall 72,75; Davies 71,76; other notables Picard 77,74; Abe Mitchell 77,71; Compston 73,76; Dailey 75,74. Macdonald Smith and Lawson, Little, Alliss, Burton have not handed in cards of qualifying score which are likely to be in the neighbourhood of 153.

LEADERS AT 4 p.m.

Leaders at 16-00 hours were Cotton 71|70, Burton 70|71, and 141, Macdonald Smith 66|76 and 142, Charles Whitcombe 74|69 and 143, Lacey 70|74, Mr. Hector Thomson 74|70 and 144, R. Whitcombe, Collinge, Kirkwood, Cox and Boyer (France) 76|72 and 148. Lawson Little took 78|74 and 152.

U. S. AIR LINERS COLLIDE

17 Persons Killed In Tragic Smash In Columbia

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, June 25.

Panama:—Seventeen persons including the Argentine tenor and film-star Carlos Gardel have been killed in a collision betwen two tri-motored airliners at Medelin Airport, Columbia. A pilot and Airline Director have also been killed.

DEIFICATION OF GANDHIJI

Congressmen Fined For Insisting On Placing Photo On Temple-Car

MADRAS, June 25.

"I have no doubt Mr. Gandhi himself would not have approved of the action nor is he likely to encourage his followers to aim at his early deification," observed Mr. Strathie, the District Magistrate of Guntur, in sentencing four Congressmen charged with voluntarily causing disturbance at Mangalagiri during the car festival on 20th March by insisting on Mahatma Gandhi's photo being placed in the car with the deity contrary to the wishes of the temple trustees, says a Guntur message.

Three of the accused were fined Rs. 50 or in default two months simple the fourth accused was fined Rs. 150 or in default three months.

The magistrate observed that he did not consider heavy punishment was necessary as he understood that the police had launched the prosecution only to ensure that misguided forms of hero worship did not interfere with any religious processions in the district in future.—A.P.

KUMARAPPA ANSWERS JAYAPRAKASH

(Continued from page 1)

done to a central set plan, it is little different from slavery. Producers may be given more of material comforts, but they lose their personality in obtaining it. This is a greater loss to humanity."

Mr. Kumarappa denies that, according to him, private enterprise will be allowed to exploit mines, railways etc. These services, he says, had to be undertaken socially and not by private enterprise. "But the rest of the field of production cannot be similarly treated because of the difference in the very nature of these undertakings. Some of these, are monopolised by their very nature and others require a long time in view of the production which is alien to private enterprise."

LESSON FROM RUSSIA.

Mr. Kumarappa repeats that centralised production had led to the concentration of power and the withdrawal of liberty in Russia where public criticism was treason and where the whole system had resolved itself, in practice, into the dictatorship of a handful of men and where deviation from the marked out path was met by the sternest action. "Under such circumstances," says Mr. Kumarappa, "they cannot have opportunities for individual growth."

WINNING CO-OPERATION.

Unlike the Soviet system where the ideas of a few are forced on the whole population in their scheme, if they had to check recalcitrance, it will be on a small body for the benefit of the majority, who will be free to follow their avocations. Their method was to win the co-operation of the people by educative propaganda. "We wish to draw them out rather than drive them to their goal."

Mr. Kumarappa says that it was no recommendations to say, as did Mr. Jayprakash Narain, that workers were the privileged class of Russia. They wanted no privileged class at all. Their programme was broad-based enough to benefit all sorts and conditions of men.

NO MILITARISM, PLEASE.

Mr. Kumarappa concludes: We are told that the carrying out of our programme means military weakness. This, in a way, justifies our scheme, as we do not aim at military domination. We are consciously working towards the eradication of all militarism, economic and otherwise. If we make exploitation impossible, we take away the wind from the sails of political and military domination. If we attain military weakness by minimising group violence, that shall be our national strength."

BANKHEAD BILL

Passed By U. S. Senate By 45 Votes To 32

HELPING THOUSANDS OF FARM TENANTS

(SPECIAL CABLE)

WASHINGTON, June 24.

The Senate passed by 45 votes to 32 the revised Bankhead bill, creating a Farmer's Home Corporation with initial capital 50,000,000 dollars and an authority to issue 1,000,000,000 dollars in bonds to help thousands of farm tenants to buy their own farms and homes.

The long term loan bill now goes to the House of Representatives.

Prolonged Session

President Roosevelt informed the Congressmen that he desires to have his "Wealth Sharing" taxation programme, enacted this session which, therefore is likely to be prolonged throughout the summer.

MORATORIUM ON LONG TERM LOANS

BERLIN, June 24.

Owing to the fact that "Germany's foreign exchange situation, far from improving, got still worse," Dr. Halimar Schacht declared a complete moratorium for one year from July 1 on all maturities arising from the medium long term obligations to the United States and other nations with whom no clearing agreement is made.

Instead of cash transfers the creditors will receive "funding debt bonds" which will run to January 1 1946 and bear three per cent interest, and amortisation at 3 per cent.

The British and other creditors with whom clearing agreements are arranged are not affected.—Reuter.

WAR OFFICE APPOINTMENTS

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, June 24.

The War Office announces that Brevet Lieut. Col. R. N. O'Connor of the Cameronians is appointed Commander of the 12th Secunderabad Infantry Brigade from December or early 1936.

It is also announced that Col. G. A. D. Harvey, Assistant Director of the Medical Services of the London district is selected for the promotion of a Major General from October 6 and to be the Deputy Director of the Medical Services in India in succession to Major General Martin.

MR. WALCHAND HITS OUT

Accuses Britain Of Ruining Indian Industries

(SPECIAL CABLE).

PARIS, June 24.

The British and Japanese spokesmen's agreement that the Japanese competition in the world market is beneficial and not harmful provided the chief interest at the opening day of the Congress of International Chambers attended by over a thousand of the world's business leaders.

Sir Arthur Balfour cited the example of Germany in 19th century which had a tremendous industrial expansion due to a low standard of living. Despite the prophecy that Germany would secure the bulk of the world trade standard the living there rose, and with the increasing wealth Germany became one of the greatest buyers of raw material.

On the other hand tariffs, quotas, and other trade barriers conferred no benefit and did not eliminate competition.

Mr. Yoshaburo Ito said that Japan as a debtor country could only pay her creditors by exports, and needed raw materials. He appealed to the congress to foster, and not hinder, Japan's commercial advance.

Mr. Walchand Hirachand, President of the Indian Delegation, declared that the economic nationalism which Sir Arthur Balfour had deplored was constituted only of the means of raising the standard of living of India's industrial workers.

Mr. Walchand accused the British of ruining Indian industries which flourished 150 years ago in order to benefit British exports.

FAMOUS RUNNER SENT TO JAIL

Dr. Peltzer Found Guilty Of Unnatural Vice

BERLIN, June 24.

The famous runner Dr. Otto Peltzer has been sentenced to 18 months imprisonment for unnatural vice against which the secret police have made a campaign since the Roehm affair last year.

Peltzer was sentenced several days ago, and the news was learnt when journalists were makng enquiries about an erroneous Paris report that Peltzer had been imprisoned and committed suicide.—Reuter.

PROSPERITY UNDER FASCISM

They Don't Cook Food For 7 Month In The Year In Italian Villages!

LONDON, June 13.

John Brown, the ex-salesman, ex-bricklayer's labourer, ex-sailor and author, who went to Russia to see Communism in action, when challenged by Lord Nuffield, the motor magnate, has returned to London from a two months' tour of Italy.

He had some startling things to say about his trip, which included an audience with the Pope, an interview with Mussolini's Deputy, Signor Rosioni, and visits to villages and workers' homes, when interviewed by Reuter.

"Mussolini is a bad economist," he said. "Like a shopkeeper he has decorated his window with the best goods, the goods inside the shop are not so good, and those behind are very bad.

"WAR INEVITABLE"

His social services and unemployment schemes are just a bluff. The people are dissatisfied with schemes which have not been carried out. I think that war is inevitable. It is the only way they can see .... As one of his officers said to me, "If we cannot give them bread—we can give them glory."

"In Rome, and other towns visited by foreigners, I saw magnificent blocks of flats and new buildings suggestive of prosperity. South of Rome things are as bad as they were twenty years ago.

"There is enormous unemployment. In many of the villages I visited in Sicily they do not cook any meals for seven months of the year, on account of poverty. In some of these villages it is impossible for a visitor to get food alone.

"The people have only artichokes, macaroni and bread to live on. Their average wages are 4s. a week. Signor Rossini, who is Minister for Agriculture told me that his aim was a wage of 12s. a week.

"Italy's unemployment does not appear as bad as it really is. A person can only get the dole—which varies from 4d. and 6 1|2d. to 10d. a day—for 90 days. Then he has to be in work again for six months or accept charity.

"Some of the men I talked with had been on the streets for two years. They are only too glad now to become soldiers at 3d. a day.

"Big posters are up in every little village exulting in war; newspapers publish pictures of Abyssinian armaments. Children from six years upwards are trained as soldiers. In schools I visited little children were being shown how aeroplanes and rifles were assembled, how bombs were dropped. Boys from 14 to 18 years of age instruct those from 6—14 in the mysteries of war."

Mr. Brown was received by the Pope with a number of other visitors, including a Hindu Princess. By special concession he was allowed to wear a lounge suit instead of the formal evening dress.

Two things which struck him as remarkably good in Italy were the traffic arrangements and the tuberculosis hospitals.

There is no speed-limit even in the towns, "he said". Pedestrians have to keep one way.

DEATH REDUCTION

"The anti-tuberculosis hospitals are wonderful. They have 40,000 beds, and since 1924 they have reduced the annual mortality from this disease from 60,000 to 35,000."

He was also struck with the great response to Mussolini's appeal for marriages. "I saw trainloads of newly-weds", he said.

Wimbledon Courts Flooded

Jubilee Tennis Spoiled By Thunderstorm

(Special Cable.)

WIMBLEDON, June 25.

Heavy thunderstorm curtailed the Lawn Tennis championships. Play was only possible on four courts which were covered by tarpaulins and the remainder was under water. The Duke of Kent arrived just before the play commenced at 16-15 hours and saw Wills Moody dispose of Miss Baumgarten from Hungary 6-0, 6-1, in 31 minutes. Moody has not quite reached the standard of three years ago but the hit of the glorious forehand winner revealed a new stroke on backhand, the shortest widely angled softshot across the court falling dead near the net.

Another first rounder Helen Jacobs (America) beat Nellie Adamson (Belgium) 6-3, 6-2. In the second round Sperling beat Beazley (Great Britain) 6-0, 6-2.

UNFORTUNATE DAY FOR WIMBLEDON

Thunder, Lightning And Heavy Rain Spoil Tennis

(Special Cable.)

WIMBLEDON, June 25.

When the play was due to begin at 14-00 hours, a thunder, lightning, heavy rain and heaviest atmosphere, women fainting in inclement weather was especially unfortunate since to-day was the day when the Wimbledon authorities had promised to donate all the takings to the King's Jubilee Trust for which the Duke of Kent had promised to attend.

The play was confined to 5 courts. Rows of first singles against Dearman (Great Britain) were postponed.

DOROTHY BEATS MCOSTRICH

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

WIMBLEDON, June 24.

Rain continued to interrupt intermittently.

In the second round Dorothy Round (the holder, beat McOstrich (Britain) 8/6, 6/3, after a bye in the first round. In Men's Doubles first round Allison Vanryn (America) beat Spence David (Britain) 6/4, 6/1, 6/3. Yamagishi Nishimura (Japan) beat Hines Culley (America) 6/4, 6/1, 6/3.

COUNTY CRICKET SCORES

LONDON, June 25.

Following are results of the first class cricket matches which commenced on Saturday:—

Somerset v. Kent: Kent won by eight wickets. Somerset 84 and 281. Kent 238 and 128 for 2. (Woolley 50, Fagg 57 not out).

Essex v. Lancashire: Essex won by ten wickets. Lancs 263 and 83. (Nichols 4 or 14). Essex 316 and 31 for nil.

Leicestershire v. Hampshire: Leicester won by 47. Leicester 157 and 161. Hampshire 84 and 187. (Geary 6 for 66).

SUTCLIFFE'S THOUSAND

Cameron played very bright innings lasting two and a quarter hours during which he hit five sixes and eleven fours. Sutcliffe when he scored 12 completed his thousand of the season but was bowled at 33. Eastman took 3 wickets for 4 runs against Lancs and in one spell returned the analysis of 5, 4, 1, 3.

SIXER THAT BROKE TILES

Woolley was one and half hours at the crease during which time he scored 30 in boundaries. Woolley's sixer landed on the roof of a cottage adjoining the ground and broke the tiles. Martin who is a South African born remained at the wickets for 4 hours and a quarter, among his chief hits being 2 sixes, 1 five, 16 fours and wish Quaife who scored 40 in boundaries added 211 for the fourth wicket partnership.

The veteran Geary, continues to be brilliant in capturing 6 wickets in 26 overs, 4 of which were maidens conceding 66 runs. —Reuter's Special.

Uppingham v Rugby: Drawn. Uppingham 286 for 8 declared. (Ormsby not out 91). Rugby 55 for 2.

Yorkshire collapsed against Balaska's slow deliveries exploiting, worn patch with tantalising legbreaks. Mitchell defended stubbornly for two and a quarter hours but was not able to avert Yorkshire's first defeat.

Surrey v. Worcestershire: Surrey won by 8 wickets. Surrey 433 and 75 for 2. Worcester 157, following on 350. (Martin 149; Quaife 82; Holmes 4 for 61).

NORTHANTS BEAT WARWICK.

Northants v. Warwick: Northants won on first innings. Warwick 206 and 144 for three. Northants 289.

Yorkshire v. South Africans: South Africans won by 128 runs. South Africans 263, and 301 for 7 declared. (Cameron not out 103). Yorks 201 and 235 (Balaskas 8 for 99).

Holmes To Replace Mitchel-Innes

LONDON, June 25.

Holmes (Surrey) will replace Mitchell Innes in the test as the latter is suffering from hay-fever. —Reuter's Special.

MUSLIM FUNERAL FOR LORD HEADLEY

Woking Mosque Imam Performs Last Rites

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, June 25

The title of "Al-Haj-Al Farooque" (one who can distinguish good from falsehood) was inscribed on the casket of Lord Headley's remains when they were interred in the Mohammedan section at Brookwood cemetery. The title was only held once previously since Omar, the Great Caliph, to whom it was given by Mahommedans. The rites were performed under the direction of the Imam of the Worwing Mosque. The cortege en route to the grave encountered a violent storm which drenched the mourners.

Lady Headly and her three sons and about 100 Muslims attended and the many wreaths included one from "his Muslim Brothers."

Hand Spun and Hand-Woven

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STREET NOISES AND ELECTRIC HORNS

Our Readers' Views

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I am interested in the letter of Mr. Casey D'Souza regarding street noises and electric horns. I quite agree with him that Bombay would commit a great blunder in abolishing the electric horn. It is inconceivable considering the classes of people who walk the Bombay streets, not to have a sharp and clear warning to announce the approach of a motor vehicle. Only the electric horn can do this satisfactorily. I am inclined to believe that no one would have thought of preventing the use of the electric horn in Bombay, if this had not received a certain amount of attention in London. It is a notorious fact that we people, here, are always trying to imitate what they do in England! As regard the alleged nuisance of the electric or rubber horn it must be remembered that the condition of the streets in London, that of traffic in general, the civic sense and inborn discipline of the population and all that are so different from what obtains in Bombay that it would be sheer madness to introduce the London methods of controlling traffic here. These London ideas seem to have unsettled the minds of some people here who lack a good deal the sense of humour and that of proportion. Only the other day a good deal of nonsense on the question of the electric horn was heard at a gathering of some Members of the Western India Automobile Association of which I am also a Member. With one or two exceptions they were all for imitating London, which is ridiculous.

As a motorist who frequents most of the streets of Bombay, I can say that in many Indian localities (especially those places seldom frequented by European and others) in the city, the people have no sense of the dangers of the road. They walk leisurely in the middle of the road perfectly unconcerned at the approach of fast moving vehicles. Groups of individuals are always to be seen in the way of traffic, coolly discussing matters, indifferent to the grave danger they are exposed to. Children are always running in all directions, and beggars are always about. All these and other features, peculiar to Bombay, make driving here absolutely dangerous and only a lunatic would maintain that no sharp and vigorous blast is required to avoid accidents in our streets. The electric horn alone can do this satisfactorily unless it is replaced by a big bell such as the Fire Brigade carries. Not only pedestrians and their own peculiar ways, we have also in our streets a large number of slow moving vehicles which ought to have disappeared long ago. Have they in London our victorias, bullock carts, hand carts, thousands of cyclists who have no idea of the rules of the road?

The trouble with the electric horn, or even the rubber horn, is that some drivers are in the habit of blowing the same unnecessarily for a long stretch. This, of course, may be prevented. But there are other noises in our streets more irritating than the electric horn. The yells and the loud clanging bells of the Victoriawallahs, and also of the sellers of ice-balls, the shouts of hawkers, American bulletin sellers, gramophone in tea shops and so many other noises that could be prevented. Even the nights are made hideous by singing parties, "tell malish wallas", "Moti Openings," etc.

Any horn, judged to be offensive, may be condemned when a car goes for registration. By the way, Sir, since I am on the subject, may I ask whether a motorist who registers a car now and pays the fee of Rs. 32 is entitled to a refund when he is asked to register again before the end of August? I am told that the Police again claim Rs. 32 which would mean that to register a new car here a buyer has to pay Rs. 64 for the year which is simply exorbitant. But more of this anon.—Yours, etc.,

PRO-HORN.

"Jubilee Sweets For Children"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—"A Brother Guardian" in "The Chronicle" of 21st instant has well warned the members of the Schools Committee in connection with the Celebration of the Silver Jubilee on 1st July, which has been fixed for the distribution of Medals and sweets to children. It is expected that each child will get a packet containing one and a half anna worth of Mesur and Halva, but it seems doubtful as to whether these sweets for distribution among 70,000 children will be prepared under strict hygienic conditions. A glance at the ordinary rules of dietetics would convince any man with slight common sense that dried fruits are healthier than cooked food. Why then 'Mesur and Halwa' should not be replaced by dried fruits? If the members of the Schools Committee find it inconvenient to effect this change it would be better if they at least take care that adulterated ghee is not used in preparing the sweets. I hope this suggestion will soon find echo from all quarters specially the members of the Schools Committee. It should not be too late for the Schools Committee to reconsider its decision.—Yours, etc.,

KANTILAL D. KORA.

Khar, June 25.

To meet the Nepalese Minister in London, the Minister-designate and Rt. Hon. Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, Dr. C. L. Katial, Indian member of the Finsbury Borough Council, gave an "At Home" party on behalf of the Hindustani speaking union at the Waldorf Hotel, on June 13. The host, Sir Abdul Qadir, President of the Union and the three distinguished guests are to be seen standing in the rear.

Baluchis Look To You For Succour

Give At Least 10 Per Cent Of Your Income For 'Quake Victims

In order to enable all classes of people easily to contribute their bit to the work of relief, for the sufferers from the Quetta Earthquake, the "Bombay Chronicle", the "Bombay Samachar" and the "Bombay Sentinel" have in association, decided to open a fund called "The Three Paper Quetta Relief Fund" in their columns. All sums not below Re. 1 will be accepted and acknowledged in the columns of all the three papers.

The proprietors of the three papers have donated a sum of Rs. 1,001 to the Fund.

The readers of the three papers responded, beyond our hopes, to our call for help to swell the Bihar Earthquake Relief Fund. The Quetta calamity is vastly greater than that which had overtaken Bihar. The need for relief and consequently for money to provide that relief is much greater. We have no doubt our appeal to the readers of the "Chronicle", the "Samachar" and the "Sentinel" to contribute at least 10 per cent. of their monthly income will evoke a generous and immediate response. We need hardly add that relief delayed is relief denied.

All cheques should be drawn in the name of "The Three Paper Quetta Relief Fund."

Contributors are requested to see that they get receipts from this office for the amounts contributed by them.

QUETTA VICTIMS LOOK TO YOU!

Respond To Their Appeal By Swelling Three Paper Fund

List of Quetta Earthquake Relief Fund received on 25-6-35, is as follows:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Previously Acknowledged	13,918	15	9
"Si"	2	0	0
Rasul Ebrahim	1	0	0
Shriyut A. V. Thakkar General Sec. H. S. Sangh, Delhi	25	0	0
Munshi Chandulal, Jaipur	8	0	0
Ardeshir J. Modi, Ahmedabad	5	0	0
Collection from Ladies of Rajkot through Shrimati Ichhaben Mansukhlal Shah as below	200	0	0
Shrimati Ichhaben Mansukhlal Shah	25-0-0		
One Sympathiser	38-8-0		
Shrimati Kantaben P. M. Rathod	10-0-0		
Shrimati Maniben Lalubhai Doctor	5-0-0		
Shrimati Chandra Laxmi Yeshwantrai Vora	5-0-0		
Shrimati Ben Alukkishori	5-0-0		
Shrimati Kamalaben Chimanrai Vaishnan	5-0-0		
Gunatwarup Ben Vijayaluxmi Chhotilal Sheth	5-0-0		
Shrimati Ben Parvati Ishwarlal Joshi	5-0-0		
Shrimati Kasumbaben Muljibhai Lakhemi	5-0-0		
Shrimati Puribai Nurbheram Modi	5-0-0		
Gangaswarup Navalben	5-0-0		
Shrimati Maniben	5-0-0		
In sacred memory late Rambhabai Mohanlal Mehta	5-0-0		
Shrimati Rambhaben Harishanker Pandya	5-0-0		
Shrimati Jiniben Amritlal	5-0-0		
Shrimati Motiben Chunilal Sheth	3-0-0		
Shrimati Maniben Chatrabhuj Shah	3-0-0		
One Sympathiser Sister	1-0-0		
Shrimati Maniben Jagannath Kothari	2-0-0		
Shrimati Triveniben Pranlal Dheber	2-0-0		
Gangaswarup Vrajkunnerben Jagjivan Dholakia	2-0-0		
Shrimati Labhkunner Swarupchand Ajmera	2-0-0		
Shrimati Vrajkunner Popatlal Darji	1-0-0		
Shrimati Samajuben Mohanlal Chanban	1-0-0		
Gangaswarup Dholiben	2-0-0		
Shrimati Jasoduben Ganpatlal Thakar	1-0-0		
Shrimati Nirbalaben Vajubhai Desai	1-0-0		
Shrimati Maniben Jumanadas Asher	2-0-0		
Shrimati Shirikunner Labhulal Sheth	1-0-0		
Shrimati Taramati Jormal Shah	1-0-0		
Shrimati Surajben Panalal Gandhi	2-0-0		
Shrimati Chandanben Ramanlal	2-0-0		
Shrimati Sumatiben Subash Mehta	1-0-0		
Gangaswarup Veniben Trivedi	1-0-0		
Shrimati Kesarbai Vajishankar Oza	1-0-0		
Shrimati Vinodbala Mulvantrai Dholakiya	1-0-0		
Shrimati Sanita Kumari Mulshankar Oza	1-0-0		
Shrimati Manharbala Uchhranglal Dhalbar	2-0-0		
Mrs. Premkumari Manilal Parekh	2-0-0		
Lilavatiben Vaghji	2-0-0		
Mrs. Bhaichendbhai	2-0-0		
Shrimati Gabakbai Foolchand Mehta	2-0-0		
Shrimati Prabhaben Prabhulal & Samaratben Mohanbhai	1-8-0		
Gangaswarupben Narmadaben	1-0-0		
Miss Chaturdas Ghelabhai	2-0-0		
Shrimati Chandranana Kiritkumar Divetia	1-0-0		
Shrimati Labhkunner Chhotalal Kamdar	2-0-0		
Shrimati Puriben Amratlal Mehta	2-0-0		
Shrimati Jekunverben Dhanjibhai	2-0-0		
Shrimati Surajben Manilal Doctor	2-0-0		
One Sympathiser Sister	1-0-0		
Gangaswarup Otamben Kothari	2-0-0		
Shrimati Devkiben Muljibhai Ved	1-0-0		
Shrimati Chanchalben Mengallal Udani	1-0-0		
Muktaben Chhaganlal Chinoy	2-0-0		
Shrimati Zahakben Sobhagyachand	2-0-0		
Rs.	200-0-0		
Premji Harji	101	0	0
One Sympathiser	5	0	0
Manilal Damji Mehta	1	4	0
Damodar Meghji	1	0	0
Bai Avanbai Sorabji Kaka	10	0	0
In sacred memory of late Jethabhai Rupji	11	0	0
A Mahomedan Gentleman	8	0	0
Total Rs.	14,297	3	9

BOMBAY QUETTA 'QUAKE RELIEF RUND

Collections Reach Rs. 52,848

The Bombay-Quetta Earthquake Relief Committee has issued their 6th list of contributions towards their fund:—

	Rs.	as
Messrs. Moolji Sicka and Co	50	0
Mudi Bazaar Kariana Association	250	0
Bombay Cotton Broker's Association	100	0
A Sympathiser	51	0
Sjt. Ali Muse B. Patel	50	0
Amounts below Rs. 25	40	0
Total	991	0
Previously acknowledged	51,857	2-3
Grand total	52,848	2-3

Gandhi Seva Sena's Quetta Relief Collections

	Rs.	as.
A Parsi Sympathiser	3,000	0
Lady Krishnagavri Setalvad (cash Rs. 500 khadi Rs. 500)	1,000	0
Sjt. Chaturbhuj Gordhandas	501	0
M.s. K S Ghaswalla	200	0
Mrs. M S Jamshedjee	200	0
Mrs. N P Mangaldas	101	0
Mrs. P B Jeejeebhai	100	0
Mr. M S Captain	100	0
A Sevika	100	0
Through Smt. Maji	95	0
Sjt. Pragji Champsey	50	0
A Friend	25	0
Miss C F Panday	25	0
Smt. Laxmiben Madhavji	25	0
Amounts below Rs. 25	134	0
Total Rs.	5,656	0

PARSI PANCHAYAT QUETTA FUND

	Rs.	as.
A Parsi Sympathiser	2,000	0
Mrs. M S Jamshedjee	200	0
Mrs. P B Jeejeebhai	100	0
Mr. M S Captain	50	0
Total	2,350	0

RESERVE BANK RATE

To Be Declared On July 4

The opening bank rate of the Reserve Bank of India will be declared at all offices of the Bank on the morning of the 4th July and will be effective from that date.

The conditions on which Scheduled Banks can obtain advances from the Bank can be ascertained on application by them to the Managers of the Offices concerned.

LEGAL EDUCATION IN THE PRESIDENCY

(Continued from page 6)

make a rule that the exempted candidate shall not be allowed to the High Court Sanad and carry on his practice in Bombay unless he has passed that test.

Law Examinations And Examiners

The next thing that the University does is to examine the students in Law. These examinations are held twice in a year and the examiners are now drawn partly from the teaching staff of the different law colleges and partly from the Junior Bar of the High Court. It is pleasing to note that the University has very recently laid down a rule that no advocate or Barrister of less than five years standing shall be eligible for the appointment as an examiner in the LL.B. examinations. This new rule has happily given a go-bye to the old practice of appointing examiners on the assumption that every new entrant to the Bar immediately became qualified for examinership.

(To Be Continued.)

BANDIT DEFIES POLICE

Kills Informants & Threatens Officials With Death

LUCKNOW, June 25

Sensational news comes from Aligarh that the whole of the District Police there, are combing the countryside in search of a notorious bandit, called Radhacharan, who is terrorising the whole district.

TRUE TO HIS WORD

He was once committed to the Sessions and on acquittal swore vengeance on all who gave evidence against him. True to his words he killed all including those who tried to give information to the police about his whereabouts.

An armed police has been posted in the district and three new police stations opened to establish the locality from where the bandit is baffling all the police attempts to capture him.

RETORIS WITH DEATH THREAT

A reward of Rs. 1000/- has been declared by the Superintendent of the Police for information leading to his arrest. But undaunted by all these, the bandit has sent an audacious note to the police authorities threatening the police officers with death if they persist in their efforts to arrest him.—United Press.

MAYOR'S 'QUAKE FUND REACHES Rs. 71,051

List of contributions received on 24th June, 1935, towards the Mayor's Quetta Earthquake Relief Fund, Bombay.

	Rs.	as.
Amount previously acknowledged (Account No. I, Rs. 62,614-8-6; Account No. II Rs. 8,437-0-6;	71,051	14
Which includes subscriptions by ladies and collections through Ladies Committee: Account No. I	3,013	0
Account No. II	331	0
ACCOUNT No. I		
(1) Subscriptions received direct by the Mayor of Bombay and the Honorary Treasurers:—		
Khan Bahadur Sir Dossabhoy H. Bhiwandiwalla	1,000	0
Below Rs. 100	106	0
Total	1,106	0
(2) Subscriptions received through Sub-Committees:—		
Sub-Committee (22) Ladies: Per Mrs. Barber:—		
The Bombay Staff of the Imperial Chemical Industries (India) Ltd.	238	2
The Staff of the Netherlands Trading Society	176	0
Messrs Shah and Co.	101	0
Total	515	2
ACCOUNT NO II.		
Subscriptions received by the Mayor of Bombay and the Honorary Treasurers:—		
Lady Premlila Vithaldas	500	0
Grand Total	Rs. 73,172	11

Bombay's Foreign Trade During May

GOLD EXPORTS DECREASE BUT THOSE OF SILVER SHOW INCREASE

The Collector of Customs, Bombay has issued the following regarding the foreign trade of Bombay for the month of May 1935.

The aggregate value of the foreign trade of Bombay, imports and exports, for the month of May, 1935 amounted to Rs. 11.06 crores, showing a decrease of Rs. 1.86 crore, or fourteen per cent and of Rs. 26.81 lakhs, or two per cent as compared with the figures for May, 1934 and May, 1933.

The decrease of Rs. 1.86 crores is chiefly due to the heavy fall in the shipments of gold which alone more than counterbalanced the larger arrivals of merchandise and gold and increased exports of both Indian produce and foreign merchandise. Imports and exports of silver showed decreases.

(2) Imports of merchandise amounted to Rs. 5.13 crores, showing an increase of Rs. 1.01 crore, or nearly 25 per cent and of Rs. 1.38 crores or 37 per cent over the figures for May, 1934 and May, 1933. The increase of Rs. 1.01 crore is chiefly attributable to larger arrivals of cotton, raw (plus 7058) tons and plus Rs. 68.92 lakhs), cotton piece goods (plus over 17 1/8 million yards and plus Rs. 20.95 lakhs) motor cars including motor wagons, omnibuses and parts etc. (plus Rs. 6.38 lakhs metals and ores copper (plus Rs. 5.8 lakhs) cotton twist and yarn (plus nearly ½ million lbs and plus Rs. 4.96 lakhs) paper and pasteboard (plus Rs. 3.83 lakhs) aniline dyes (plus Rs. 3.6 lakhs) kerosene oil (plus over half a million gallons and plus Rs. 3.23 lakhs) and instruments, apparatus etc., (plus 2.52 lakhs). Silk manufacture on the other hand, recorded a fall of Rs. 7.05 lakhs. Imports of gold amounted to Rs. 14.32 lakhs as against Rs. 3.44 lakhs and Rs. 5.63 lakhs and those of silver to Rs. 5.78 lakhs against Rs. 11.72 lakhs and Rs. 1.57 lakhs respectively.

(3) The total collections of import duty amounted to Rs. 12,899,487 (of which Rs. 1,139,299 represented duty on articles of luxury) as against Rs. 11,501,488 in May, 1934 and Rs. 12,458,484 in April, 1933.

EXPORTS OF PRODUCE.

(4) Exports of Indian produce amounted to Rs. 3.59 crores, showing an improvement of Rs. 37.35 lakhs or over 11 per cent and of Rs. 1.21 crore, or nearly 50 per cent over the figures for May, 1934 and May, 1933 respectively.

The improvement of Rs. 37.35 lakhs is spread over most of the principal articles of export, the more important being seeds (plus 10,104 tons and plus Rs. 16.69 lakhs) grain pulse and flour (plus 3634 tons and plus Rs. 4.12 lakhs) hides and skins raw (plus Rs. 4.09 lakhs) wool raw (plus nearly ¾ million lbs and plus Rs. 3.52 lakhs) and cotton manufactures (plus Rs. 2.6 lakhs.)

COTTON SHIPMENTS.

Shipments of cotton raw were more by 2,825 tons in quantity but less by Rs. 86,000 in value. Exports of gold were valued at Rs. 1.91 crore as against Rs. 5.19 crores and Rs. 4.98 crores and those of silver at Rs. 6.4 lakhs against Rs. 10.83 lakhs in May, 1934 and nil in May 1933 respectively.

TWO MONTHS RETURNS.

(5) Re-exports of foreign merchandise amounted to Rs. 16.62 lakhs against Rs. 13.52 lakhs and Rs. 14.83 lakhs respectively.

(6) The trade statistics of the first two months of the current financial year show an improvement of Rs. 1.51 crore or seventeen per cent and of Rs. 2.32 crores or nearly 29 per cent in imports but a decline of Rs. 7.36 crores or 42 per cent and of Rs. 5.08 crores or 34 per cent in exports as compared with the figures of the corresponding months of the years 1934/35 and 1933/34.

GOLD IMPORTS.

Imports of gold increased by Rs. 8.58 lakhs and Rs. 6.87 lakhs to Rs. 16.47 lakhs and those of silver by Rs. 4.87 lakhs and Rs. 15.45 lakhs to Rs. 18.1 lakhs respectively. Arrivals of merchandise also rose by Rs. 1.37 crores or nearly 16 per cent and by Rs. 2.09 crores or 26 per cent to Rs. 10 crores. The rise of Rs. 1.37 crores over the figures for the first two months of year 1934/35 is almost entirely due to larger receipts of cotton raw (plus 13,239 tons and plus Rs. 1.26 crores) kerosene oil (plus 4½ million gallons and plus Rs. 17.27 lakhs) cotton piecegoods (plus over 15½ million yards and plus Rs. 12.73 lakhs) metals and ores-copper (plus Rs. 9.02 lakhs) Motor cars including motor wagons, motor cycles omnibuses and parts etc., (plus Rs. 8.56 lakhs) cotton twist and yarn (plus nearly ½ a million lbs and plus Rs. 7.86 lakhs) and paper and paste board (plus Rs. 4.49 lakhs).

Imports of silk manufacture and machinery and mill work, however recorded notable decreases of Rs. 14.14 lakhs and Rs. 11.52 lakhs respectively.

DECREASE IN GOLD EXPORT.

(7) Exports of gold decreased by Rs 7.49 crores and Rs. 6.58 crores to Rs. 2.94 crores but those of silver increased by Rs. 29.44 lakhs and Rs. 40.23 lakhs to Rs. 40.29 lakhs respectively. Exports of Indian produce were valued at Rs. 6.17 crores showing a fall of Rs. 24.18 lakhs or nearly 4 per cent, from the figures for the first two months of the previous year, but a rise of Rs. 1.04 crore or 20 per cent. over those for the same months of the year, 1933|34. The fall of Rs. 24-18 lakhs is accounted for mainly by smaller shipments of raw cotton (minus 1,374 tons and minus Rs. 37.35 lakhs) and seeds (minus 14,684 tons and minus Rs. 11.33 lakhs). In spite of the increase in the exports of cotton manufactures (plus Rs. 5.49 lakhs) hides and skins raw (plus Rs. 4.32 lakhs) wool raw (plus over half a million lbs. and plus Rs. 3.44 lakhs) and oils (plus Rs. 3.27 lakhs).

(8) Re-exports of foreign merchandise improved by Rs. 7.02 lakhs and Rs. 5.34 lakhs respectively to Rs. 35.16 lakhs.

MALARIA

EXPELLED AND RESISTED

In Malarial districts the use of PHOSFERINE is constantly increasing and, thanks to the preventive and high tonic qualities of its formula, it is a product of exceptional merit for combating malaria.

The energising quality of PHOSFERINE stimulates the appetite, a very important factor in determining a prompt return to normalcy, after the weakening attacks of malaria.

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THE GREATEST OF ALL TONICS

Sexual Weakness | Brain Fag | Sleeplessness | Headache | Neuralgia
Influenza | Gastric Pains | Exhaustion | Sciatica | Anæmia
Lassitude | Debility | Nerve Shock | Maternity | Mental
Indigestion | Rheumatism | Weakness | Exhaustion

Sold by all good chemists and stores, in Liquid and Tablet form, each in three sizes. The larger sizes are more economical.

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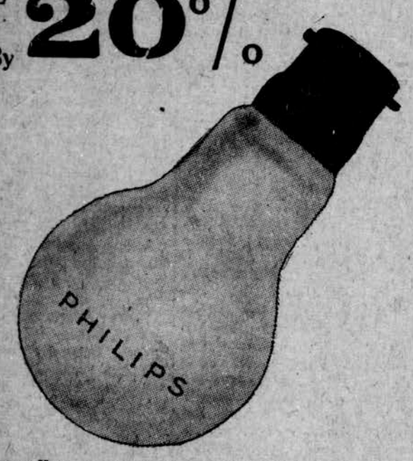
The New PHILIPS "Coiled Coil" LAMPS

REDUCE LIGHT BILLS By 20%



Here is a marvellous new lamp—the "COILED COIL" which gives 20 per cent. more light than ordinary gasfilled lamps for the same current consumption.

The "COILED COIL" filament is double spiralised giving a much greater effective length of filament. This allows the filament to burn at a higher temperature, resulting in an increased volume of light.

Don't go buying light in the dark. Make sure the name "PHILIPS" is on every bulb you purchase. That name is your guarantee of getting the maximum amount of light for your money.

Sole Agent:

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IRA SUPERFINE TOILET SOAP

Thoroughly Refreshes & Cleanses the Skin.

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Leaves A Delicate & Delightful Perfume.

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LASTS LONGER & COSTS VERY LITTLE.

Bengal Chemical : : Calcutta

Bombay Agents: - ORIENT DRUG AGENCY.

TUBORG

Sole Agents: Herbert, Son & Co., Ltd., Fort, Bombay.

OUR MOSCOW LETTER

(Continued from page 6).

policy of preparing for peace, their Polish friends give them away, explaining that the real meaning of the recent proposals of Hitler is a call to Britain and France to give Germany and Poland a free hand in eastern Europe. Clarity is always a good thing."

Soviet And Hitler's Speech

In this country nobody no longer hopes, as they did after Hitler came to power, that Hitler would pursue a subtle and far-sighted line in the foreign policy of Fascist Germany, particularly a sane and business-like attitude toward his Eastern neighbour, the Soviet Union. Hitler, has used every possible opportunity to express his anger, dissatisfaction, and hostility toward the U.S.S.R. Not only this, but he has repeatedly declared the seizure of Soviet territories as his basic programme.

The Soviet press, however, has maintained its usual calmness and comments upon Hitler's new anti-Soviet declaration in the light of the political and psychological situation prevailing in this country, as well as Germany. "Pravda," the Communist party organ, writes in an editorial under the caption of "An Enemy of Peace and Security":

"If Hitler spoke about peace, this can be explained quite simply. German fascism still needs time for military and political preparations for making its 'great decision.' It was no accident that Hitler took issue with Anthony Eden, since more than anything else he is concerned about the position of Britain, and of isolating in Britain those groups which understand the danger threatening their country as a result of the policy of German fascism. By trying to scare Britain with the 'Communist danger,' Hitler hopes in this way to detract the attention of the Western powers from the military preparations of Germany on their frontiers."

Hitler's Counter-Plan

As to Hitler's repeated rejection of any collective guarantees of peace and security, and his counter-plan for "organizing European peace," the newspaper points out: "The fascist plan means nothing more than giving the aggressor the opportunity of crushing the country attacked. This is the exact meaning of Hitler's proposal of 'localizing conflicts.' This was the same theory advanced by the German government on the eve of the outbreak of the World war, when she tried to prevent anyone from interfering with the attack of Austro-Hungary on Serbia.

"For German imperialism to-day such a plan of 'organizing peace in Europe' is preferable to any other, for it enables it to defeat its neighbours one by one. That is why Hitler considers 'indivisibility of peace' a 'dangerous thesis,' since the whole policy of German fascism is directed towards a redivision of the world."

A Big Mistake?

"Izvestia," the official organ of the Soviet government, does not even feature a leading article on Hitler's declaration but, instead, pub ishes an article by Karl Radek, the noted Soviet journalist and authority on foreign affairs, who writes:

"In a speech of this kind, Hitler was bound to come out against the Soviet Union. But it exceeded all expectation for its emptiness and low level. Hitler declared that the contradictions between National-Socialism and Bolshevism are irreconcilable. If he had not said that, then doubts might have risen throughout the world, whether there is any difference between the dictatorship of the proletariat building socialism, and the dictatorship of finance capital trying by terrorist methods to save the domination of the iron and coal barons. But to polemize with the views of Hitler," he adds, "is like discussing biology with African worshippers of spirits."

"However forbearing one might be to Hitler's speech, it must be said that such a speech, by a person responsible for the policy of the German government, is the best way of worsening relations between Germany and the U. S. S. R. Herr Hitler has already succeeded in worsening these relatinos, but he made a big mistake as to the results he expected from this. He has not succeeded in presenting the U.S.S.R. to the world as being guilty of increasing the war danger."

Child Welfare

Recreational Aspect Of Cinema For Young People

The eleventh session of the Child Welfare Committee of the League of Nations considered inter alia, questions pertaining to institutions for erring and delinquent minors, the recreational aspects of the cinema for young people, effect of the economic depression and unemployment on children and young people and the development of the informative role of the Secretariat of the League of Nations in the field of Child Welfare.

As a preliminary step in the consideration of this subject, the members of the Child Welfare Committee were invited to furnish information from the countries they represent, a memorandum having been calculated to the members and assessors indicating a number of points on which information was sought. Replies dealing with the age of admission to cinemas, frequency of attendance, effects on the minds of the children, the value of special performances for children, types of films which appeal to children and provision of special films suited to children and other allied subjects were received.

AGE OF ADMISSION.

In some countries there is no restriction of any kind while in others, the opposite policy is adopted, even to the extent of complete prohibition under a certain age. Between these two, the practice is adopted of distinguished films which are not considered suitable for children, leaving the responsibility for the choice with the parents.

FREQUENCY OF ATTENDANCE.

In some countries, the attendance of children at the cinema is very small while in others a large percentage attend once a week. The enquiry in Japan showed that 3.9 per cent. of the boys and 1.1 per cent. of the girls attended the cinema. A similar enquiry covering 21,000 children in elementary schools in London showed that 77 per cent. attended the cinema and 30 per cent. of these, once a week. The experience of the United States is similar to that of the United Kingdom.

EFFECT ON MENTALITY.

The replies give very little information of value on this point. The conclusions arrived at from an enquiry made among schools children in London showed that the morally questionable element in films is ignored by children of school age, and so does not cause any serious mischief; that the younger children for a time, imitate in their play what they see on the films, but it does not extend beyond play; that some children absorb film knowledge which is evoked into it by associations by appropriate stimulus; and that there is a distinct evil that children are often frightened at the films and the fear remains with them and causes dread; and that the cinema is an effective instrument for instructional purposes.

Special performances.—Very little systematic effort appears to have been made in this direction.

TYPES OF FILMS WHICH APPEAL TO CHILDREN.

It is usually found that boys like films of adventure and girls prefer romance but an enquiry has not reduced any point of an illuminating character.

Provision of Special Films.—No serious attempt appears yet to have been made to provide special films for children.

The examination of this material led to a general agreement that there is an increasing tendency for the cinema to cater to the adult rather than to the juvenile. Though progress has been made in developing the educational side of the cinema for young people, the recreational aspect has been largely neglected. There is also a great need for the organisation of special performances for children.

In the course of the debate, it was pointed out that the cinema habit among young people is growing in Eastern countries and that some of the films which are produced in Western countries give the young people of Eastern countries a perverted view of the habits and customs of Europe and America. The unfortunate impression created by films of this kind was emphasised by representatives of Eastern countries on the Committee.

The Committee decided to investigate this question further and to invite the Council of the League of Nations to send the material so far collected along with the Committee's preliminary comments to the International Institute of Educational Cinematography in Rome for any observations which that Institute may be able to offer.

MORAL AND PSYCHOLOGICAL ASPECT.

The moral and psychological influence of the cinema on children and young people is immense for various reasons, among them the following: (a) the absolutely "passive" condition of the spectator, who merely sits and watches; (b) the simplification of ideas owing to the elimination of all the constructive or deductive mental effort entailed by the drama or by reading; (c) the violence of the impression produced by objective scenes presented to the spectator without any call whatsoever on his imagination; (d) the rapid succession of events and the complete absence of intervals between them, during which excitement has time to die down and reason regains its hold; (e) the pleasure children experience in seeing people give way to instincts which they have been taught to suppress, when the actors do things which the child's conscience or the law itself forbids him to do, or when he witnesses adventures of which he would love to be the hero but into which he has not the courage or hardihood to plunge.

In countless cinemas through out the world the latent feelings of young children are being violated daily—the germs of the future ruination of souls are being bred. On the other hand, sometimes the seed of fine and noble thoughts are being sown in fertile soil. But it is all pure chance and to leave the development of a child's personality to chance is an offence against the human mind, the consequence of which may adversely affect the whole human society. But how can these defects be remedied? By some form of censorship? By special performances for children and youth people?— By the production of special films? By measures restricting the attendance of children at cinemas? These are serious problems which call for very careful consideration.

CONCLUSIONS

The cinematograph exerts a far-reaching influence on the development of the child in all its aspects. It may jeopardise his health and even his life, it may warp his ntellectual development and also disorganise the mechanism of his psychological, sentimental and moral reactions. Would the Child Welfare Committee be really carrying out its task if it attached only secondary importance to the examination of the numerous questions raised in the present note? And would adult men and women be carrying out the duty which natural morality enjoins upon them of watching over the young, if they were to abandon them, helpless and unprotected, to the cinema, which the second international Congress on Child Welfare (Brussels 1921) described even then as "demoralising"?

But measures of protection are not enough; we must not only see that the film, like all other scientific inventions, does not harm, we must also ensure that it actually "serves", that it becomes an instrument of harmonious development and health recreation, and a vehicle for the transmission of all such ideas as may guide the rising generations to an ideal of broad-minded understanding, agreement and concord.

Whose is the responsibility for enabling the men and women of to-morrow to reap the benefit of the marvellous technical advance which the cinema represents, while at the same time bending it to educational uses? It devolves upon all those who in any capacity whatever devote their thoughts and energies to the great work of the protection and education of childhood, and it is for that reason that the Child Welfare Committee of the League of Nations is anxious to co-operate ever more closely in the activities of the International Educational Cinematographic Institute.

APPELLANT RELEASED ON BAIL

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA, June 24

Mr. M. A. Bhave, the Sessions Judge of Thana, admitted to-day an appeal preferred by Mr. S. K. Dhamdhere, pleader, on behalf of Amin Saheb Abdul Kadir, who was convicted by the Resident Magistrate of Kalyan on June 20 last for having in his possession one-eighth of a tola of 'charas' under the Bombay Abkari Act and was sentenced to one month's hard labour.

According to the appellant, who denied the charge, the 'charas' was smuggled by his enemy, a Baluchi neighbour.

The Sessions Judge, granting the bail application, ordered the release of the appellant on his furnishing a surety of Rs. 300.

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ACCIDENTS WILL HAPPEN, but mistakes are avoidable. How often a trivial injury, a scratch, a cut or an insect bite has developed into a painful or even fatal illness through the mistake of failing to cleanse and disinfect thoroughly at first.

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B. C. 1

PLAYWRIGHT'S CLAIM FOR Rs. 275

Thana Sub-Judge Reserves Judgment

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, June 24

Judgment was reserved by Mr. L. C. Sheth, first class sub-judge at Thana, after hearing arguments to-day in the suit filed by Mrs Malati Madhav Tendulkar, a Marathi play-writer, against Mr. Ganpat Keshav Kalshekar, manager of the Deshbandhu Sangit Mandali of Kolhapur, for the recovery of Rs. 275, being the balance of the alleged fixed price of Rs. 300 for the drama (Natika) entitled "Ardhangi," plus interest and costs.

Mr. C. T. Randive appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. P. V. Joshi for the defendant.

According to the plaintiff she had sold the copyright of the drama entitled "Ardhangi" to the Manager of the Deshbandhu Sangit Mandali for Rs. 300. She was paid Rs. 25 for a performance staged at Thana and claimed the balance of Rs. 275.

The defendant denied the allegation that a sum of Rs. 300 was settled for the drama. He stated that he agreed to pay one-eighth of the profits, and accordingly paid Rs. 25 for a performance staged at Thana. He could not stage further performances at Bombay and other places as there was adverse criticism against the play-writer in "Nirbhid," a Marathi weekly of Bombay, of January 26 and March 25, of the previous year.

NEW LIGHT ON

Birth Control

A comprehensive article on the Practice of "Birth Control" by a well-known sexologist, in which the subject is handled on entirely new lines, and all known methods, and some new ones are lucidly described. For the benefit of masses this article has been incorporated in the latest edition of our Catalogue of Birth Control Appliances. The public is cordially invited to use this means of learning about an aspect of human life, that is the basis of Successful Marriage, Healthy Womanhood, an Improved and more Vigorous Race.

THE NEW ERA HYGIENIC PRODUCTS,
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BOMBAY

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON CLOSING PRICE UNCHANGED

Crossrates Quietly Steady

GOLD SLIGHTLY BETTER BUT SILVER EASY

Downward Trend In Wheat But Metals Steady

BOMBAY, June 25.

On Tuesday crossrates ruled quietly, steady.

N. Y. COTTON PRICES WELL-MAINTAINED.

New York cotton was void of interest but the undertone was steady. Prices were well-maintained despite favourable weather report.

GOLD STEADY AND SILVER EASY.

London gold was steady but silver was easy.

LIQUIDATION IN WHEAT.

Wheat was weak on account of liquidation. Linseed was unchanged.

METALS STEADY AND RUBBER UNCHANGED.

Metals were steady. Rubber and jute were almost unchanged.

GILTEDGED SECURITIES NEGLECTED.

The London Stock Exchange exhibited brighter sentiment on fairly good enquiry. Giltedged securities continued to be neglected.

COTTON EXCHANGES

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(OCTOBER 1935)

New York, June 25.

Previous closing	11.22
To-day's opening	11.22
Difference	unchanged.
To-day's closing	11.22
Difference	unchanged.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1935

Liverpool, June 25.

Previous closing	6.01
To-day's opening	6.00
Difference	—.01
To-day's closing	6.02
Difference	+.01

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April/May ..... Rs. 211

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, June 25.

Cotton was devoid of interest in the absence of any fresh developments with traders watching events at Washington. Trading for the most part consisted of exchanging operations with prices moving narrowly irregular. Weather continued to improve and despite its favourable outlook, prices maintained a fairly steady undertone.

Trading in October commenced at 11.22 i.e. unchanged from previous closing. Prices early slightly eased under liquidation and lower Liverpool cables but later the market developed steadiness on trade buying and some covering with October rising to 11.24 at this stage the demand slowed down but the price level was well maintained.

The New York cotton market finally closed unchanged at 11.22.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, June 25.

The following were the opening ranges:—

July (11.52/11.51) 11.52/11.51
October (11.20/11.20) 11.22/11.22
December (11.22/11.21) 11.25/11.21

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, June 25.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.

American July (6.35) 6.28
American October (6.05) 5.99
Egyptian July (7.86) 7.76
Egyptian October (7.85) 7.77

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, June 25.

Broach J/A was quoted at between Rs. 226 and Rs. 227 and Broach New A/M at between Rs. 210-8 and Rs. 211-8 at night. The rates at 10-15 p.m. were Rs. 227 and Rs. 211-8 respectively for Broach J/A and New April/May with New York futures about unchanged.

TENDERS FOR TREASURY BILLS

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday the 25th June 1935. Total amount offered was Rs. 1,18,25,000. Tenders at Rs. 99/9/3 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99/9/0 allotted approximately 85 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. One Crore, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 1/12/0 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 2nd July 1935. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 5th July 1935. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 21st June 1935 Treasury Bills for Rs. 3,06,25,000 were renewed in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, June 25.

Previous closing	4.95
To-day's opening	4.95 1/4
To-day's closing	4.94 3/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, June 25.

Previous closing	4.94 1/2
To-day's opening	4.95
To-day's closing	4.94 11/16
Difference	+.00 3/16

FRANC RATE

London, June 25.

Previous closing	74.59
To-day's opening	74.56
To-day's closing	74.51
Difference	—.08

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, June 25.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.95 but later weakened to 4.94 7/8 although subsequently it firmed up to 4.95 1/16.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.94 11/16.

Franc opened at 74.56 with slight variations thereafter.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 74.51.

LONDON SILVER

London, June 25.

The market was quiet.

	Last price	To-day's price
Forward	31 1/2d	31 1/16d
Spot	31 3/4d.	31 5/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, June 25.

Gold per ounce (£7-0-11 1/2) £7-1-0 1/2

DISCOUNTS

London, June 25.

3 months (3/4 to 13/16 per cent) 3/4 to 13/16 per cent.
4 months (3/4 to 13/16 per cent) 3/4 to 13/16 per cent.
6 months (3/4 to 13/16 per cent) 3/4 to 13/16 per cent

CROSS RATES

London, June 25. 3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1.6 1/8)	1.6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (5.62 1/2)	5.62 1/2
New York on Bombay (37.31)	37.31
Berlin on Bombay (0.93)	0.93
London on Milan (59.75)	59.71
London on Shanghai (1-7 5/8)	1-7 1/2
London on Kobe (1-2 1/8)	1-2 1/8

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, June 25.

Silver opened quiet at Rs. 73/10(74/2 and 74/10. The market early weakened on lower overnight cables from abroad resulting in heavy liquidation and bulls unloading but subsequently on London advices showing a better tendency than general expectations and reports of American buying prices developed a steadier tendency and closed steady at Rs. 73/8, 74 and 74/8.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 34/14/6, 34/15/6 and 35/1/6. The market showed slightly easier tendency owing to the lack of enquiry influenced by quieter foreign exchange movements and closed steady at Rs. 34/13/6, 34/15 and 35/1.

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, June 25.

Ready Javas Rs. 13-12.
S. S. Caperic Rs. 4-0-9.
S. S. Begum Rs. 4-0-9.
S. S. Gogra Rs. 4-1-3.
Shipment May Rs. 4-0-6
Shipment June Rs. 4-0-6.
Shipment July-Sept. Rs. 4-1-6.
Shipment Oct.-Dec. Rs. 4-1-9.
Kesar Rs 14-5.
Saraya Rs. 13-13.
Harinagar Rs. 13-13.
Java spot F. 4.00.

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, June 24

September 2.39 plus 02
December 2.47 plus 05
March 2.19
May 2.24 plus 01

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, June 25.

Liverpool wheat opened quiet with July at 63 1/2 and October 63 3/4. The market displayed lack of interest owing to disappointing foreign advices with nothing particularly doing.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, June 25.

Chicago wheat opened quiet with July at 0.79. Prices continued to decline on commission house selling and liquidation due to persistent favourable weather reports.

LONDON MARKETS

London, June 25.

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows.

METALS.

Tin (£229 3/4 buyers £229 7/8 sellers. Steady) £229 3/4 buyers £229 7/8 sellers. Steady.

Linseed Calcutta June-July (£13 7/8 buyers £14 sellers. Firm) unquoted. Dull.

Electrolytic Copper (£33 3/4 to £34 1/4) £33 to £33 3/4

Glasgow (£70) £70

TEA.

Indian Pekoe (0-9 3/4) 0-9 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (2-6 1/2) 1-2 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe (0-9) 0-9
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-6) 1-6

JUTE

July-August New Crop (...20 1/8) £20 1/8 paid and sellers.
Dunlop August (£24 1/2) £24 1/2
Lightning August (£22 3/4) £22 3/4

RUBBER.

Spot (5 1/16) 6 paid and buyers.
Forward (6 1/4) 6 1/4 paid and seller

LINSEED.

Linseed Bombay June-July (£11 3/4 sellers) £11 3/4 sellers.
Linseed Calcutta June-July (£11 1/4) £11 1/4 sellers.
Linseed La Plata June-July (£9 1/4 sellers) £9 1/4 sellers.
Groundnut Coromandal July (£14 9/16) £14 paid and sellers.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

September Delivery.
(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association).

Bombay, June 25.

	Rs.	a.	p
Rates at 9-0 a.m.	6	10	3
Rates at 12-0 noon	6	10	6
Rates at 3-30 p.m.	6	10	6
Rates at 5-30 p.m.	6	10	3
Rates at 6-30 p.m.	6	10	3
Rates at 8-30 p.m.	6	10	6
Rates at 10-30 p.m.	6	10	9

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, June 25.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat September	4	4	6
Linseed September	6	10	0

The tone was quiet.

JUTE SHARES BETTER

Coals Unchanged And Teas Steady

CALCUTTA, June 25.

In share market jutes ruled better. In Hessian market fair turnover resulted. Coals were unchanged with small business passing. In teas business was on a limited scale but undertone kept fully steady. In the miscellaneous section Indian wood products recorded further fall of rupees four to-day from their last quotation but later recovered slightly while paper shares kept fully steady. Government securities were quiet but steady. The following were the closing quotations:—

Government Securities:—3 per cent New Loan 1901 101/6 3 1/2 per cent Paper 94/4; 3 1/2 per cent Loan 1947/50 102/9; 4 per cent Loan 1960/70 106/5/6; 5 per cent 1939/44 108/5/6; 1940/43 109/11; 6 1/2 per cent Treasury Bonds 1935 100/12 small lot.

Banks:—Reserve Bank 129.

Railways:—Chaparmukh Silghat Light 90 small lot; Futwahislampur Light 90 small lot.

Cottons:—Dunbar ordy 109; New Victoria ordy 1/7.

Coals:—Amalgamated 24 ex div; Bengal 268/8 c div; Burra Dhemo 3/5; Burrakur 12/6 small lot; Equitable 39/6; Hurriladih 19 small lot; Standard 32/9.

Jutes:—Adamjee ordy 17/6; Agarpara pref 136; Anglo-India 487/8; Auckland 236/8 small lot; Bally 220; Barnagore 166 c div; Chitavalsah 28; Clive 30/8; Craig pref 61; Empire 33/12 small lot; Fort William 333; Howrah 56/12; India 382; Kamarhatty 583; Kankinarrah 502; National 24/12; Naihati 437/8; Orient 202; Presidency 5/2; Union 505 small lot; Waverley pref 61.

Teas:—Bishnauth 24/4; East-India 10/4; Kingley Golaghat Assam pref 100; Manabarris 211/8.

Miscellaneous:—Bengal Telephone ordy 20; Jubbulpore Elec 10/6; Muttra Elec 10; Arthur Butler ordy 10/4; small lot; Bengal Iron 3/10; Burn and Co. ordy 275 small lot; 6 per cent pref 114; Marshall and Sons 1/4; B. I. Corpn ordy 3/7; Indian Wood products 17/8 small lot; Ivan Jones 2/2; Spencers and Co. b pref 11/14; Bengal Paper ordy 93; Titaghur Paper ordy 22/4; Defd 9/8 ex div; pref 40 paid up 63/8; Pref 100 paid up 160; Balrampore Sugar 19/4; Buland 11/11; New Savan 12.

Debentures:—4 per cent 1905/49 Rangoon Port Trust 102/12 small lot.—A. P.

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, June 25.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

	2 days	This year.
Khandesh	19	252,937
Central India	45	106,784
Barsi and Nagar	133	107,350
Hyderabad-Gaorani	159	46,456
Berar	11	400,395
Central Provinces	...	94,215
Total Oomras	367	1,008,137
Dholera	527	184,438
N.-W. Provinces	99	33,125
Rajputana	241	40,941
Sind-Punjab	123	308,702
Broach	...	131,277
Coompta and Dharwar	553	83,710
Westerns-Northerns	687	63,262
Cocoanada	...	280
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	...	70,384
Persian	...	2,612
American	...	68,032
Egyptian and African	1,191	323,256
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	711
Total	3,788	2,318,867

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, June 24

July 11.98 —08
August 12.04—06
September 12.09 —10

Good Activity In Industrial Section

SPECULATIVE SUPPORT IN KAFFIRS

Silver Again Weak On Indian Selling

COMMODITIES QUIET AND FEATURELESS

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, June 25.

On the Stock Exchange the main spring of activity was the industrial section wherein numerous substantial uses were recorded notably in cable and wireless issues and electrical equipments. Kaffirs also received good support especially of some speculative descriptions otherwise markets were inclined to be quiet.

In commodities, copper weakened fairly sharply but otherwise commodity markets were dull and featureless. Silver again weakened owing to Indian selling.

Wall Street opened easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, June 25.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £97 1/2

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Monday, June 17 £96 1/4
Tuesday, June 18 £96 3/4
Wednesday, June 19 £97 1/2
Thursday, June 20 £97 1/2
Friday, June 20 £97 1/2
Monday, June 24 £97 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, June 25. 3-30 p.m.

Industrials in general were firm and fairly active with some good features. Otherwise markets generally were quiet but the undertone was favourable. Foreign bonds generally were better. Giltedgeds were inactive.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£85) £85
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£107 7/8) £107 7/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£112) £111 7/8
4 per cent Funding Loan (£117 7/8) £117 7/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£106) £106
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£116) £116 1/8

INDUSTRIALS.

British Homestores 7 per cent Preference cumulative (29-1 1/2) 29-1 1/2
Marks and Spencer Splits share (4 3/8) 4 3/8
Hydro Electric (dol 3 5/8) dol 3 5/8
Musical Industries (24-10 1/2) 24-10 1/2
Princhin Johnson (43-9) 43-9
Imperial Chemical (36-1 1/2) 35-6
Imperial Chemical Ord (8-9) 8-9
Woolsworth New Ford (113-1 1/2) 112-7 1/2
Realisation 1930 (£83 1/4) £82 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (42-10 1/2) 42-10 1/2
University Ordinary (29-0) 29-0
Ford Motors (34-0) 34-6
Cables and Wireless (£9 1/4) £9 1/4
British American Tobacco (122-6) 122-6
Camera A (£8 3/8) £8 3/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (139-4 1/2) 139-4 1/2
P and O S N Company Defd (17-9) 17-9
Distillers (95-9) 95-9
Bred and Dyers (8-10 1/2) 8-10 1/2
British Celanese (15-1 1/2) 16-3
J and P Coates Ordinary (62-0) 62-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (58-3) 59-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (6-9) 6-9
Westerns Limited Ordinary (12-10 1/2) 13-1 1/2
Infer Nickels (£28 3/8) £28 1/8
Bengal Iron and Steel (5-7 1/2) 5-7 1/2
Tata Iron and Steel (£107) £107

INDIAN LOANS

London, June 25. 3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£85) £84
3 1/2 per cent Indian (£97 1/2) £97 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£112 1/2) £112 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£116 1/2) £116 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£108 1/2) £108 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1943-47 (£115) £115
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-58 (£105 1/2) £105 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£109 1/4) £109 1/2

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (18-9) 18-9
Donaro Tea (44-3) 44-3
Empire of India and Ceylon (31-3) 31-3

JUTE SHARES.

Bangalore (£13) £13

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (23-7 1/2) 23-7 1/2
Gula Kelampong (24-4 1/2) 24-4 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (32-6) 32-10 1/2

MINING SHARES.

Nandydrug (57-6) 58-1 1/2
Burma Corporation (9-9) 9-9
Rio Tintos (£16 5/8) £16
East Rand Proprietory (51-0) Ex Dividend) 51-0
Rand Mines (158-9) 158-9

MINE SHARES.

Crown Mines (270-0 Ex Div) 270-0
Goddar New (207-6 Ex Div.) 210-0
Moddar New (76-3 Ex Div) 76-3
Sub Nigel (265-0 Ex Div) 265-0
Spring Mines Split Shares (42-6 Ex Div) 42-6
Union Corporation (160-0) 160-0

OIL SHARES.

Venezuela Persian (46-3) 46-3
Anglo Dutch (60-7 1/2 Ex Div.) 60-7 1/2
Burma Oil (79-4 1/2) 79-4 1/2
Mexican Eagle (5-6) 5-6
Shell Transport (70-0) 70-7 1/2
Royal Dutch (25 1/4) 25 1/4

HOME RAIL SHARES.

Great Western (£49 1/4) £49 1/4
L M Ford (£20) £20
L N E R Defd (£6 3/8) £6 3/8
Southern Dutch (£23) £23
London Paris 5 per cent (£135) £135
London Board G Stock (£99) £99

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, June 25.

The following were the opening rates

General Motor (dol 33 7/8) dol 33 1/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 15 3/4) dol 14 5/8
U S Steel Common (dol 34 1/8) dol 33 1/4
U S Steel Preference (dol 88) unquoted.

MONSOON IN WEST BENGAL

CALCUTTA, June 25

That West Bengal, including Calcutta, may begin to experience real monsoon weather from today onwards for about 72 hours as the depression off Orissa Coast, which is a concomitant of the monsoon in West Bengal, is now in process of forming, was the statement made by Doctor Sen, Alipore Meteorologist to the Press.

There were several showers in Calcutta yesterday, and throughout the day the sky was overcast. —United Press.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, June 24

July 0.79 1/2 —3/4c
September 0.80 1/4—1/4c
December 0.82 1/2—3/8c

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, June 24

July 63 3/4—1/2d
October .64—1/4d
December 63 3/4—5/8d
March 63 3/8 —5/8d

CHIEF COURT REDUCES SENTENCE

Motor Dealer Appeals Against Conviction

JUBBULPORE, (By Mail)

The sentence of three years' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 8,000/- passed on Seth Bhagwant Kishore Tandon an influential merchant and dealer in motors and motor accessories at Satna, by the additional Sessions judge, Rewa, on two charges in respect of falsification of account books and cheating, has on appeal, been reduced to a three months' simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 5,000/- by Lal Shanker Singh and Rai Saheb Ram Manohara, Judges of the Chief Court, Rewa.

It may be recalled in this connection that in order to recover excess charges from Hemchander, a motor driver of Satna, Bhagwant Kishore Tandon filed a civil suit against Ramchander and during the hearing of the suit, it was noticed by the court that Bhagwant Kishore Tandon had falsified his account books to support his claim. At this, the lower court recommended his prosecution which eventually resulted in his conviction by the Additional Sessions Judge, Rewa.

Bhagwant Kishore has now filed an appeal in the court of His Highness the Maharaja of Rewa against the order of the Chief Court, and has in the meantime, been released on bail.

The case has created considerable sensation and interest among business circles in Satna.—United Press.

DAUDI-HAROON MANIFESTO

Move To Perpetuate Separate Electorate

PATNA, (By Mail).

Maulvi Shah Daudi, M.L.A., and Seth Abdulla Haroon, M.L.A., President and Vice-President respectively of the All-India Moslem Conference, have issued a statement in the course of which they say:—

"There are no two opinions on the question that clause 299, which was originally clause 285 of the India Bill, 1935, contains provisions, the practical effect of which appears to be that the separate electorates for minorities can at any time, after the passing of the Act, be abolished by an Order in Council, either pursuant to resolutions passed by a majority in the Central or any Provincial Legislature, or after consultation with them. This is obviously against all assurances given to the minorities that no change in the method of proportion of representation to the legislatures would be made without the agreement of the community concerned. This was a safeguard against all attempts of majority community to undo the system of the separate electorates to suit their own interest.

"We therefore pray and appeal to the members of the Muslim community to perform their duty by holding protest meetings on Friday, the 5th of July, 1935, after the Juma prayers or in a meeting specially convened for the purpose on that day at any convenient time.—United Press.

LAHORE TO OBSERVE QUETTA DAY

LAHORE, June 25

Lahore will observe Quetta Day on June 30 as desired by the Congress President.

A representative meeting will be organised by the Lahore District Congress Committee, when prayers will be offered for the souls of those who perished in Quetta tragedy, and sympathy offered to the survivors.

Rajendra Babu, Acharya Kripalani and Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram will speak at the meeting.—United Press.

ROBOT EINSTEIN

Einstein has cause to envy the brain of a giant robot, built by Professor Hartree in a basement at Manchester University; it is capable of working out in a few minutes calculations that would take him a lifetime. The problems it is expected to unravel include the propagation of radio waves, key properties of the atom, path of electrical particles in magnetic fields, and stability of stellar structures. Housed in a steel erection 14 feet long, the great brain of this differential analyzer is animated by cogs, wheels, shafts, and gadgets of such sensitiveness that a fall of only one-thirteeth of an inch would blunt most of their edges.

The problem in first presented on a graph, which is mounted on the approoriate turntable. Four calculating units or integrators then get busy, performing their abstruse mathematical processes. Finally, a seventh unit delivers the answer pat—on a sheet of paper.

'QUAKELAND IN FILMS

Quetta, City Of The Dead And Ruins Screened Before Mayor

The film (16 mm) of the pathetic and tragic scenes of Quetta after the Earthquake, produced by Messrs G. D. Harder and L. P. Advani was exhibited by the Motion Picture Society on Tuesday evening at the Corporation Hall. The Mayor of Bombay and the elite of the city were present. The film was taken before the Martial Law was proclaimed in Quetta.

The show was arranged for the benefit of Mayor's Quetta fund.

Mr. K. S. Hulekar, Secretary of the Motion Picture Society of Bombay received the guests of the evening and Rao Saheb Chunilal, Vice-President welcomed them to witness the picture.

Vivid pictures of Quetta in 'quake throes were filmed, aided with a map showing the areas affected from Quetta to Mastung. An aerial view of Quetta showed it as the city of the dead and ruins.

The camel caravans arriving with food stuffs, the Salvaging operations, Relief trains leaving Quetta and arriving at Karachi were all covered by the film.

The activities of the Relief workers at Karachi, receiving and carrying the patients on stretchers, to the ambulance cars and scenes in Hospitals are all vividly portrayed.

The length of the film exhibited to-day is 1200 feet and another 300 feet of film depicting the new tent-City of Quetta, etc., is under preparation.

Mr. L. P. Advani who shot this film was present at the show. Mr. G. D. Harder who is responsible for this film is giving away the proceeds of this film (which he wishes to be exhibited all over India) to the Mayor's Fund and Red Cross Society. The Motion Picture Society will be the exhibitors of the film all over India and it may be exhibited shortly locally.

PUNJAB ELECTORAL ROLLS

Call To Hindu Voters

LAHORE, June 23.

Lala Munshiram Jain, Secretary, Arya Swarajya Sabha, Punjab, writes:—

"It is really regrettable that during the last one month and a quarter, no organised effort has so far been made to get the bonafide rightful voters' names registered on the electoral rolls, which are being prepared under the orders of the Punjab Government. The enlistment of voters has commenced from the 15th of May and the last date of enrolment is the 13th of July, 1935. There are only a few days left.

The Hindus in particular are indifferent and slothful in this respect. They usually complain of respectable voters' names being omitted in the list, but they do not care when the official machinery is at work. We have already suffered much by boycotting the constitutional procedure when co-operation was advisable, and we tried to co-operate when our co-operation meant humiliation. I therefore wish to warn all Nationalist Hindus to make an organised effort to see that we don't lose our case by default. The present temporary list of voters have a great significance in themselves.

The constituencies of the various communities and interests with special reference to agriculturists and non-agriculturists and the allocation of Harijan seats will be based on this list.

The objection of the Hindus to the communal award can only be justified, if we can prove to the world and the framers of the constitution that the under-representation of the Hindus is absolutely uncalled for

TO ENLIST WOMEN VOTERS.

The question of the enlistment of women voters also requires serious attention and it is high time that the local branch of the Women Association should take up the work in right earnest. The male recorders appointed by the Government cannot possibly efficiently discharge the duty. It is absolutely essential that female recorders should be appointed by the Government for this purpose.

It will not be out of place to mention the good work of the Hindu Rights Protection Committee working under the leadership of Diwan Bahadur Raja Narindra Nath in this connection, but this requires to be supplemented by all Hindu Nationalists, whose support will facilitate the job.—United Press.

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, June 25

B C Rate T T D D 1/6 1/16

LONDON—
Banks selling T T D D 1/6 8/32 June
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/16 July-Oct.
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/32 Nov-Jan.
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/8
Banks buying D D 1/6 5/32
Banks buying 2 Mos 1/6 7/32 Mail.
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 3/16 July

NEW YORK—
B C Rate T T 271 1/4
Banks selling T T 269 1/4
Banks buying T T 266 1/2

PARIS—
Banks selling D D 558
Banks buying D D 568

AMSTERDAM—
Banks selling D D 54 1/4

JAVA—
Banks selling D D 54

JAPAN—
Banks selling T T 78 1/4
Banks buying T T 77 5/8

HONGKONG—
Banks selling D D 151 3/4

SHANGHAI—
Banks selling D D 109 1/2

SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 156

BERLIN—
Banks selling D D 90 5/8

CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4.94 1/4 24th instant
Shanghai/London 1/7 7/16 25th instant
Japan/London 1/2 5/32 25th instant
Java/London 7.21 25th instant
London/Paris 74.59 24th instant
London/Belgium 26.27 24th instant
London/Switzerland 15.08 1/2 24th instant
London/Italy 39.75 24th instant
London/Berlin 12.25 24th instant
London/Stockholm 19.39 1/2 24th instant
London/New York 4.94 1/2 24th instant
London/Amsterdam 7.25 24th instant
Rate of Sterling Exchange: Dull.
£7-1-1 22nd instant £7-0-11 1/2 24th instant
Silver London Ready 32 5/16 22nd instant 31 1/2 24th instant
Silver London Forward 32 9/16 22nd instant 32 3/4 24th instant
Silver New York Ready 72 1/4 22nd instant 70 1/2 24th instant
London discounts 3 mos 13/16 per cent 22nd instant 13/16 per cent 24th instant
London discounts 6 mos 13/16 per cent 22nd instant 13/16 per cent 24th instant
Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1 1/2 per cent
3 Mos 2 1/2 per cent.
6 Mos 2 1/4 per cent
Tone: Easy.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, June 24

T. T. London on.—	
Berlin	12.25
Amsterdam	7.25-1/2
Brussels	29.27
Madrid	36.00
Milan	59.75
Berne	15.08-1/2
Paris	74.59
Prague	118.00
T. T. London on New York	
Closing rate	4.94-1/2

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, June 24.

Wheat Rosario Santa Fe parcels June sellers 23/6
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels June sellers 23/4 1/2
South Australian parcels nominal

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET.

London, June 24.

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25—
c and f Calcutta per cwt.
June-July nominal 6/8 1/4
c and f Bombay per cwt
June July sellers 6/5 1/4
c and f Karachi per cwt.
June July sellers 6/5 1/4

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET.

New York, June 24.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 10-0.

LONDON METALS.

London, June 24.

	£
Copper Brazers	44
Yellow Metal	36-3/4
Spelter Hard Indian Brands	14-1/8
Corrugated Sheets 24 Gauge	12 3/4
Tin English Ingots Liverpool F. O. B.	228

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, June 24

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 per cent	70
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 or later	85-1/4
Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent 1931 or later	97-1/2
Indian Stock 4-1/2 per cent 1950/55	112-1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent.	85
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent. 1961	107-7/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent. 1952	106
Funding Loan 4 per cent. 1960/90	117-7/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	116-1/2
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	14-5/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Rec.)	120
National Bank of India	43-1/2
P. & O. Banking Corporation	10
Nominal & Ex dividend	

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, June 25.

Castorseeds Delivery September Opening Rs. 32/15; Lowest Rs. 32/10; Closing Rs. 32/11.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery August Opening Rs. 40/7; Lowest Rs. 39/13/6; Closing Rs. 39/15/6.

Cotton Seeds Delivery September Opening Rs. 29/4; Highest Rs. 29/5; Lowest Rs. 29/4; Closing Rs. 29/4.

NEW YORK COTTON

Bombay, June 25.

On Monday the New York cotton futures market was easy on increased selling pressure stimulated by more favourable weather and liquidation. Interest was centred largely upon July liquidation and the exchanging of July to later positions, though Far Eastern selling was noticeable.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The market opened at a decline of 9 points with October 11.20 and a further loss of 2 points was recorded which marked the lowest level for the day. Later on there was some covering which improved prices 9 points from the lowest level and during the early part of the afternoon session October was quoted 11.27, which was highest level for the day. The market was again easy and closed at a net decline of 6 to 10 points. Spot cotton prices declined 5 points at 11.90c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans Cotton Futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 5 to 4 points. Spot cotton prices lost 5 points at 11.-85c. per lb.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest 11.27—02 (12-44 p.m.)
Lowest 11.18—11 (10-6 a.m.)
Liverpool October highest 6.05 plus 02 (10-1 a.m.)
Lowest 5.99—04 (3-15 p.m.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Market quiet. Disappointing American cables on improved weather news. Bearish.

New York: Market quiet featured by evening up of July position.

New York: Firmness of July forming main source of strength in the market. Weather conditions are favourable. Mills' demand is poor. We would adopt a trading position with preference for sales on all upturns.

New York: July short covering continues. New crop months affected by improving weather.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received thefollowing cables:—

New York Cotton Exchange Service cabled as under:

American cloth sales below output; margins lower; Prices nominally easier but untested; mills reported planning further curtailment; Government cloth orders reported postponed, pending determination terms of contracts.

Their Liverpool Agents cabled as under:—

New York market was easier on better weather.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, June 24

July 1935	11.53—03
October 1935	11.22—07
December 1935	11.25—06
January 1936	11.25—07
March 1936	11.28—10
May 1936	11.34—10
Middling Spot	11.90—05

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, June 24

July 1935	11.45—05
October 1935	11.20—04
Dec. 1935	11.22—05
Middling Spot	11.85—05

NEW YORK.

New York, June 24.

New York, 10-55 a.m.—	
July 1935	11.54
October 1935	11.23
December 1935	11.24
New York, Noon Call—	
July 1935	11.53
October 1935	11.21
December 1935	11.22

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, June 24

	Bales
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	10,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	4,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	8,000

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, June 24

BROACH.—
Fully Good (Good Staple) 5.73
Fine (Good Staple) 5.88
Superfine (Good Staple) 6.03

OOMRA.—
Fine (No. 1 Staple) 5.83
Superfine (No. 1 Staple) 5.98
Choice (No. 1 Staple) 6.13

BENGAL.—
Good 3.93
Fully Good 4.03
Fine 4.13

SCINDE.—
Fully Good 4.03
Fine 4.13
Superfine 4.23

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, June 24

Broach J/A opening 228 3/4; highest 229 1/2; lowest 228 1/4; closing 228 1/4

Broach A/M 1936 opening 212 3/4; highest 213 1/2; lowest 212 3/4; closing 212 3/4

Oomra July opening 207 1/4; highest 207 1/4; lowest 206 1/4; closing 206 1/4

Oomra D/J opening 191; highest 191; lowest 190 1/4; closing 190 1/4

Bengal July opening 143; highest 143; lowest 142 1/4; closing 142 1/4

Bengal D/J opening 137 1/4; highest 137 1/4; lowest 137; closing 137

Tejimandi for Broach J/A 1935 (30-6-35) Rs. 3

Tejimandi for Broach A/May 1936 (31-3-36) Rs. 31 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach Settlement (21-

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Bombay, June 25.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 2 points on Monday with October 6.05. The market was dull. Light offerings were absorbed by local traders and trade calling. There was straddle selling of distant positions and liquidation on favourable weather was met with fair straddle buying and trade calling. Prices fluctuated within a range of 6 points and finally closed at a decline of 3 to 1 point. Middling American spot cotton prices improved one point at 6.80d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian cotton futures were easy and closed at a decline of 6 to 2 points. At the close July was quoted 5.81, October 5.80 and January 5.56.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

There was increased selling in Egyptian cotton. Sakels futures closed at a decline of 8 to 9 points and Uppers futures closed 6 to 3 points lower.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria cotton futures market was quiet but steady with a limited business. Sakels futures closed unchanged to 3 points down and Ashmouni futures closed 3 points up to one point down.

Messrs. M. and B. Stern state:—Far-Eastern selling on improving weather in the Western belt and July liquidation caused a small set-back. U. S. A. textile reports are conflicting with domestic mills intentions to curtail further; however there are small stocks in consuming centres, with firmer retail prices. Devoid of speculation market moves within a narrow range.

Notwithstanding the public antipathy of Government control over production, especially the much disliked Process-Tax, there is less inducement to embark upon speculative sales at this time of the year.

Germany's foreign exchange situation is disquieting and Dr. Schacht has declared a complete moratorium for a year with all nations with whom no clearing agreement has been made. The small stock of American in Liverpool and the market in New York being partly controlled by the Pool's holdings, prevents any material set-back in prices despite the public antagonism of the market.

SILVER.

Heavy Indian speculative liquidation caused a sharp decline and prices have now declined here about Rs. 12 from the recent highest against a decline of about 4d. per ounce in London.

This fall is more due to overbought position at top rates and disappointment over the U.S.A. Treasury having not enhanced their domestic price over 77 1/2 cents per oz.

The official American buying together with Chinese absorbed the heavy Indian selling.

The elimination of the bulky top-heavy speculative interest together with strong American Treasury support should correct the technical position and restore confidence.

In view of the U.S.A. Treasury carrying out the provisions of the Purchase Act under which they still require 1000 million ounces, we recommend purchases in London.

COPPER.

The undue pessimism over the N.R.A. having been removed, there was a better feeling yesterday with a good recovery in prices.

As far as the American interests are concerned they have already pegged the Electrolytic price at £40/- per ton: therefore, the basis for the world's Standard price should be about £37.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, June 24.

	10-12 a. m. Quotations	To-day's Closing
June 1935		6.40—03
July 1935	6.35	6.30—03
August 1935		6.19—03
September 1935		6.10—03
October 1935	6.05	6.01—02
November 1935		5.94—02
December 1935		5.93—02
January 1936		5.92—02
February 1936		5.91—02
March 1936		5.91—02
April 1936		5.90—01
May 1936		5.90—01
June 1936		5.89—01
July 1935		5.88—01
Middling Spot		6.80+01

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, June 24

E. G. F. SAKELLARIDIS:—

July 1935	7.77
October 1935	7.78
November 1935	7.79
January 1936	7.79
March 1936	7.79
May 1936	7.79
F. G. F Spot	8.05

MONTREAL SILVER FUTURES

Montreal, June 24

July 70.45—1.55
September 71.05—2.00

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, June 25.

Following a decline of 7 points in New York cotton futures, the local forward cotton market opened to-day at Rs. 211/4 for Broach A./M. delivery.

There was a marked absence of any enquiry prices declined to Rs. 210/12 on scattered selling.

It appears that the market is overbought and looks like weakening as American advices are not encouraging. Beneficial rains are reported from all cotton growing districts and American cotton crop is progressing favourably. Thus the market is likely to decline about Rs. 10/ per candy before any improvement sets in.

Liverpool market opened at a rise of one point. The local market was quiet but steady and closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach J./A.	226/8
Broach A./M.	210/12
Oomra July	204/12
Oomra D./J.	189/4
Bengal July	141/4
Bengal D./J.	136

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 22nd June 3,937 bales
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1934 2,315,079 bales
Receipts into Bombay same time last season 2,196,549 bales
Increase 118,530 bales

WEATHER OVER COTTON BELT

East: Partly cloudy, showers along the coast.
Central: Partly cloudy, showers along the coast.
West: Partly cloudy, showers along the coast.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

Bombay, June 25

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 85 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 07 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1954/59 105 3/4
4 per cent Indian Steriing Loan 1948/53 108
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1950/55 112 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1958/68 116 1/2
5 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1942/47 115
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1936/38 104 7/8
6 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1935/37 101 5/8
2 1/2 British Consols 85
3 1/2 per cent Conversion 107 7/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan 106

LONDON RUBBER.

London, June 24.

Smoked sheet standard ribbed per lb. sellers 6 1/8.

SEEDS.

London, June 24.

Linseed, La Plata Hull C.I.F. ton June sellers £9/5/0.

Linseed Calcutta London C.I.F. ton June/July sellers £11/5/0.

Linseed Bombay London C.I.F. ton June/July sellers £11/15/0

Rapeseed, Toria (Hull/Conn.) C.I.F. ton June/July sellers £13/2/6.

Cakeseed, Bombay Hull Cont C.I.F. ton June/July sellers £12/1/3.

LINSEED OIL

London, June 24.

Linseed Oils Naked London per cwt. July value 20/9.

Linseed Oils Naked London per cwt, Sept./Dec. paid value 20/10-1/2.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, June 24

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report of the closing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:

	Dollars.
Amer Forn Power Com	4 1/2
Amer Forn Power Gold D	71
Amer Forn Power 7 per cent P	27
Electric Bond & Share Pfd	54
Electric Bond 6 per cent Pfd	80
Columbia Gas	8
Columbia Gas 6 per cent Pfd A	70
American Tel and Tel	127
Western Union Telg	34 1/2
Chesapeake and Ohio	44
New York Central	17 3/4
Baltimore and Ohio R. R	18
National Distillers	25
Amr Water Works 6 per cent Pfd	70
6 1/2 per cent Japan 1954	100
6 per cent Denmark 1942	102
4 1/2 per cent Australia 1956	97
4 1/2 per cent Can Nat Rly 1956	112
United States Steel	38 3/4
American Smelting	42
Noranda Mines	36
Int Nickel of Canada	28
Anaconda Copper Mining	15
Cerro de Pasco Copper	56
General Motor	33 3/4
Packard Motor	4
General Electric	27
St Oil of N J	49
Socony	13 1/4
Chase Bank	24 3/4
National City Bank	23 1/2
National Dairy	17
6 per cent Norway 1944	106
5 1/2 per cent Japan 1965	89
6 per cent Tokyo Elec 1953	84
5 per cent Can Nat Rly 1969	115
Total business 1 1/4 million	
Market opened firm closing easier.	
Tone steady.	

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

New York Silver Ready	70 1/4
Call Loan London	1/4 1/2
T T London on New York	4.95
T T N Y/Paris	3.52 1/4

BIG DROP IN SILVER

Bombay, June 25.

The local Silver market recorded further sharp decline to-day on heavy unloading. The market was in panicky state and in the absence of any buying prices gave way to Rs. 73/4.

Indian operators are principal sellers in London market while America is buying at declining prices. Both New York and Montreal Silver markets also registered a big drop yesterday in sympathy with a decline of 13/16d. in London prices.

The market is utterly demoralised but now the market seems oversold and is liable to sudden and sharp reaction any moment. The technical position of the market is healthy and although American Government is quiet, it is impossible to leave off the Silver buying programme. On the contrary America is able to acquire large quantities at low prices.

The market opened to-day at Rs. 74/2 and declined to Rs. 73/4 and extensive unloading by professional and outside operators. There was no support but later on the market was steady on short covering and prices rallied to Rs. 73/8 but again gave way to Rs. 72/12.

The Gold market was quiet with limited business.

Ready Silver	72	7	0
Ashad Delivery	72	12	0
Ashad Teji Mandi	2	12	0
Shravan Delivery	73	4	0
Sharvan Teji Mandi	4	8	0
Ready Gold	34	13	9
Ashad Delivery	34	14	9
Ashad Teji Mandi	0	6	0
Shravan Delivery	35	0	0
Shravan Teji Mandi	0	10	0

NEW YORK SILVER

New York, June 24

Spot silver prices were reduced today by 1 3/4 cents to 70 1/4 cents

LONDON SILVER.

London, June 24

Market is quiet.
Spot 31 1/2
Forward 31 3/4

LONDON GOLD.

London, June 24

Gold Bars Fine per oz, £7-0-11 1/2

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES

London, June 24

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 0-13/16 per cent to 0-13/16 per cent
Bank Bills 6 months market rate 0-13/16 per cent to 0-13/16 per cent
Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent
Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent
Interest day to day loan 1/4 per cent to 1/2 per cent
Interest 7 days market loan 1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent

BURMA CORPORATION LTD.

Baldwin Mine: The General Manager reports the following development: The Burman Lode No. 8 Level has been crosscut West at 878 feet North exposing 6 3/4 feet of ore assaying:—
Silver .per ton 10.9 ozs.
Lead 17.5 per cent.
Zinc 1.2 per cent
Copper 0.3 per cent.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F.P. Bales	1934-35	1933-34
Receipts to date 24-6-35	4336000	7485000
Receipts Yesterday 24-6-35	1000	6000
Exports to date 24-6-35	4710000	7232000
Stock at Ports 21-6-35	1399000	2646000
Stock Interior Towns 21-6-35	218000	1248000
Stock Liverpool 21-6-35	682000	980000
Visible Supply 21-6-35	3846000	5804000
Quantity in sight 21-6-35	7948000	11815000
Quantity out of sight 21-6-35	9420000	12564000

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, June 25.

Bengal Superfine	151
Bengal Fine	153
Bengal F.G.	145
Sindh-Punjab Fine	153
Sindh-Punjab F.G.	145
Wardha-Hingt	228
Nagpur Savner	230
Puadhurna	215/216
Yeotmal	215
Arvi	212
Ellichpur	212
Berar	207/209
Khamgaon	209/211
Mulkapur	205/207
Khandesh	203/205
Jalna/Sailu	203/205
Burwah Sanavad	205/207
Broach Fine	238/235
Punjab/American	267/272
Punjab/American mix	247/252
Cambodia	302/307
Compta Good	262/267
Kampala	357
Busoga	355
Jinja	347

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 20th June.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	935	359,401
Japan and China	807	1,048,772
Coast Ports	...	26,816
Up-country by Rail	...	216,635
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	...	30,308
Total	1,742	1,679,934

Further Decline In Steel Shares

Heavy Unloading Followed By Covering

PROFESSIONALS KEEPING ALOOF

BOMBAY, June 25.

Following a sharp decline in Silver prices, the local Share Bazar opened lower and declined further on heavy unloading Later on prices rallied to the opening level on covering by shorts. Professional operators are still keeping aloof.

It seems that the decline is overdone and further liquidation has strengthened the technical situation of the market.

The price level is quite low enough and buying on declines seems to us the best policy to persue.

Tata Steel Dfd. shares opened to-day at a decline of Rs. 11/- at Rs. 640 and prices eased off to Rs. 626 when active covering by local shorts, resulted in steady improvement in prices to Rs. 642|8. Ordinary shares also after declining to Rs. 145 improved to Rs. 147|8. Hydro Electric shares also recorded good improvement on increased enquiry. Cement and Cotton mill shares were quietly steady.

TEXTILE MILLS

Bombay, June 25.

100	Ahm. Advance	297	8
500	Bom. Cotton	40	0
250	Bom. Dyeing	821	4
250	Bradbury	108	12
100	Century	263	2
100	Central India	294	6
100	Colaba	137	8
100	Coorla	95	0
100	Crescent	7	4
250	Currim	5	0
250	David	60	0
250	Dawn	365	0
1	E D Sassoon	0	3 3
100	Finlay	112	8
100	Gokak	193	12
1000	Hindustan	1,655	0
100	Indore	69	6
50	Kastoorchand	0	8
100	Khatau	77	8
100	Kohinoor	200	0
250	Laxmi	660	0
100	Madhavji	5	0
250	Madras United	45	0
1000	Morarji	800	0
250	Model	49	6
50	Mysore	108	12
200	New Great	141	4
100	Oomanshahi	55	0
100	Phoenix	317	8
25	Sassoon Silk	38	0
1000	Sholapur	2,300	0
50	Simplex	75	0
100	Swadeshi	182	8
100	Swan	35	0
25	Tata	8	0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, June 25

Century 260 263
Bombay Dyeing 817 816 820 821
Kohinoor 198 200 198 200
Central India 292 293 294/6
New Great 140 141
Simplex 75
Swadeshi 185 181 182/8
Bundi 37/12 37/10 38/2
I Cement 433 426 430
Punjab 27/12 26 27/14 26
Shahabad 495 491 495 492 495
Andhra 1695 1687 1692 1690 1697 1692 1697
Tata Hydro 176/4
Tata Power 1565 1562 1570 1565 1575
Tram Ord 150
T Steel Defd 640 636 636 630 637 640 642
T Steel Ord 146 145 146/4 145/8 146/12 147/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref 173/8 173/4
Bellapur 315 313 319
B Steam 296/4 297/8
B Burma 341 345 346 343/12

500	Vishnu	1360 0
1000	Western	850 0
	BANKS.	
50-100	Baroda	98 8
25-50	Central	37 10
500	Imperial	1552 8
125-500	Im. Con.	391 4
50-100	India	120 0
5	Union	5 4
	CEMENTS.	
10	Bundi	38 4
70	Gwalior	126 4
160	Indian	430 0
40	Katni Dfd.	1.545 0
100	Katni Ord.	420 0
75	Okha	253 2
10	Punjab	28 0
100	Shahabad	495 0
70	United	106 0
	INSURANCE	
15-100	Jupiter	12 12
15-75	New India	44 4
200	Oriental	4460 0
10-100	Vulcan	7 10
	ELECTRIC.	
100	Ahmedabad Old	157 8
1000	Andhra Valley	1697 8

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, June 25.

	cwts.
Wheat	18,919
Linseed	3,082
Gingellyseed	927
Poppyseed	26
Groundnuts	6,558
Rice	14,814
Myrabollams	44
Cottonseed	606
Mowrasseed	3,512
Gram	882
Joowar	1,212
Barley	404
Bajree	484
	Tons.
Coal	1,163

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

SETTLEMENT SCRIPS.

Bombay, June 25

3 1/2 per cent G P N Sett 94/6
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 94/6
4 per cent 1960/70 Sett 106/8
4 per cent 1960/70 Cash 106/8
5 per cent 1945/55 Sett 117/8
5 per cent 1945/55 Cash 117/9

TAX FREES.

4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 106/4
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 117/8
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 107/8
6 1/2 per cent 1935 B D L 101/6

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES (CASH).

3 per cent 1941 101/5
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 102/8
4 per cent 1943 106/12
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 113/8
5 per cent 1939/44 108/6
5 per cent 1940/43 109/13
5 per cent 1935 100/4
5 1/2 per cent 1938-40 108/6
6 1/2 per cent 1935 T B 100/4

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE)

4 per cent B P T 1974 103
4 per cent M Deb 1974 102/8
5 per cent M Deb 1939 114
5 per cent M Deb 1934 126
6 per cent K P T 1956 136
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 105

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government Paper opened to-day at Rs. 94/1 but gradually improved to Rs. 94/5/6. The tone of the market was quiet but steady.

10	Ajmer	10	12
50	Bombay Tram	150	0
100	Bombay Suburban	177	8
10	Broach	11	2
100	Karachi	230	0
100	Poona	218	12
100	Surat	196	0
100	Tata Hydro	176	14
1000	Tata Power	1575	0
	RAILWAYS.		
500	Ahm. Prantij	855	0
100	Amr. Patty	121	0
100	C Province	85	8
100	Dhond Baramati	94	0
100	Gujarat	72	0
100	Mandra Bhon	94	0
100	Pachora Jamner	85	0
100	Sara Sirajgunge	93	0
500	Tapty Valley	778	12
	MININGS		
10	Shivrajpur	30	0
30	Tata Steel Def.	642	8
75	Tata Steel Ord.	147	8
	MISCELLANEOUS.		
100	Alcock	166	4
50	Belapur Sugar	319	6
250	Bombay Steam	297	8
125	Bombay Burma	343	12
50	Bombay Burma Conty	113	12
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	3	3 5
50	Bombay Telephone	110	0
100	Indian Bleaching	122	8
100	Ind. Radio Defd.	512	8
100	Ind. Radio Ordy.	502	8
1000	Port Canning	600	0
15	Scindia	11	7
30	Tata Construction	81	8
25	Tata Oil	18	0
	PREFERENCE.		
7	p c Andhra Valley	1350	0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	281	4
7	p.c. Bombay Trams	81	0
5	p.c. Central India	507	8
7	p.c. Katni 1st	135	0
7	p.c. Katni 2nd	143	12
7½	p.c. Punjab Cement	14	0
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	141	4
7½	p.c. Tata Power	1382	8
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	176	4
7-1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	173	4
5	1/2 p.c. Tata Mill	13	0
7	p.c. Vishnu	650	0

COPPER AND YELLOW METAL.

Bombay, June 25.

LONDON MARKET.

Standard Copper Cash (Buyers) £30-11-3.
Standard Copper Cash (Sellers) £30-12-6.
Standard Copper 3 months £31
Electrolytic copper £34-10-0.

NEW YORK.

Blue Eagle unquoted.
Non-Blue Eagle 7 1/8 cents.

BOMBAY MARKET.

Yellow Metal Sheets Rs. 30-4-0.
Copper Sheets Rs. 35-0-0.
Copper Asho Rs. 37-0-0.
Yellow Metal Asho Rs. 32 (nominal).
Tone:—Strong.

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JUPITER GENERAL
has a net-work of agencies throughout the country.
J7

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

JUPITER GENERAL
has claim settling agents throughout the world.
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BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26, 1935

Extricated Alive From Debris After 19 Days!

ONE KILLED IN VILLAGE RIOT

Sequel To Long-Standing Feud Between Two Parties Of Zemindars

LUCKNOW, June 25.

One person was killed and several seriously injured in a riot at village Karaura, twelve miles from Lucknow, between two parties of Zemindars.

It is reported that both parties hold shares in the village and there has been a long-standing feud between them. The Zilladar of one party had gone to the village for collecting rent when some of the tenants declined to pay saying that they had already paid to the other party.

Hearing of the Zilladar's collecting rent, the other party, armed with lathis, is alleged to have attacked the Zilladar who also had his supporters.

The Zilladar's servant, who tried to protect his master, was killed on the spot, while others, who intervened, were seriously injured.

The police are making investigations.—A. P.

BARODA ORIENTAL INSTITUTE

107 Publications And 32 Translations During Year

(From Our Correspondent).

BARODA, June 23.

The remarkable progress achieved by the Oriental Institute at Baroda in the field of research, translation of works of public utility in vernaculars in popular style and collating of ancient manuscripts for publication, is revealed in the annual report for 1933-34 submitted by its Director Dr. B. Bhattacharya to the Government.

The seventh session of the All-India Oriental Conference was organised by the institute. A new branch of Archeology has been established and the activities of the Institute, Museum, picture gallery, Rajkeeya Sanskrit Pathsala and the library section are controlled through a Committee with the Commissioner of Education as its president.

ADDITIONS DURING YEAR.

There were 13,775 manuscripts and in printing section 514 books were added, bringing the total to 9,594. Further progress was made in the printing of books in the Gaekwar's Oriental Series and about 107 new works were published during the year.

The Translation Bureau worked under the Supervision of the Director and it published 32 volumes bringing the total to 347 at the end of the year. This branch is maintained from the interest of Rs. 2 lakhs endowed by His Highness for the encouragement of vernacular literature.

Amongst noteworthy publications may be mentioned 'The Teaching of Confusions' by Dr. Hariprasad Shastri, 'A history of Rashtrakutas" by Dr. A. S. Altekar, "Art of Ancient Warfare" by the late Mr. Waze.

The total expenditure of the Oriental Institute amounted to Rs. 43,000 as against Rs. 33,000 in the previous year.

LAHORE'S WELCOME TO RAJEN BABU

The Lahore District Congress Committee is arranging to hold a big public meeting on the day the Congress President, Babu Rajendra Prasad reaches Lahore namely June 28th. It is expected that Rajen Babu and other leaders who will be coming to Lahore in connection with the Central Quetta Relief Committee will speak at the meeting when the subject will be "Quetta."

"India—Universal Dumping Ground"

Plea For Government Help To Resuscitate Indian Industries

Bane Of Subsidies, Preferences, Protective Duties And Manipulation Of Exchange And Currency

NEW DELHI, June 22.

The following is the text of the speech delivered on the 13th June last by Mr. Hooseinbhoy A. Lalljee, Indian Employers' Delegate to the 19th session of the I. L. Conference, in the course of the general debate on the Director's Report presented to the Conference:—

"I have tried to go through the previous Reports of the Director, as well as this year's Report, and I feel that the labour devoted thereto makes them really worth study, and they cannot but be appreciated by all of us who desire international collaboration.

Employers And Employees

"I desire to place before you, for appreciation and comparison, the condition of my country and its people generally and, in particular, that of the employers and employees. I know that my friend the Labour Delegate from my country has a better right to present the case for labour, so I ask his pardon if I say anything which he feels I have not put well. I need not mention in detail what various countries and their peoples are doing, because not only are they reported in the publications prepared by the Director, but you have only to read the leading daily newspapers of different countries in Europe, in America and in Japan to find how each view with the other to do more and more for the proper training and uplift of their people, whilst, on the other hand, it does not seem possible to do anything on our side, owing to the circumstances in which we and our industries are placed.

"The essential requirements for development of industries for the benefit of ourselves are, as you are well aware, raw products, healthy, literate and intelligent labour, the latest type of machinery and much-needed protection against dumping. We have our own raw products, but as for healthy, literate and intelligent labour, I must confess that we are so poor that it is not easy for any one to say, in the state we are in, how long it will take us to achieve this, the more so as, in spite of some progress of manufacturing and mining industries during recent years, India has not been able to create a class of labour known as industrial labour, with which you are all familiar in well-advanced industrial countries. The same thing, more or less, applies with regard to our having the latest type of machinery. But above all, to defeat one of the greatest enemies of humanity, I mean dumping, we have no resources whatsoever. I see no bright future for industries in countries placed as we are; that is, so long as subsidies, preferences, protective duties, manipulation of exchange and curreney, and other direct or indirect State help, in one shape or another, are adopted by even the highly industrialised States.

INDIA'S PLIGHT

"Frankly speaking, I am forced to admit that we have not one single institution or a single organisation worth the name capable of assisting the unemployed, let alone one for finding employment for youth of both sexes. When I compare the poverty and poor health of my people, and the illiteracy among them with what is being done elsewhere for the uplift of other peoples, I feel that I must most heartily congratulate and wish success to many of my friends here for the attempts that are being made by them and their Governments, and I only pray that we may find ourselves some day in a somewhat similar position".—A. P.

FOLLOW EXAMPLE OF AMERICA

Teachers Should Develop Sense Of Good Citizenship In Students

(From A Correspondent).

KOLHAPUR, June 23.

The inaugural lecture of the Rajaram College was delivered by Dr. S. L. Joshi, Dean of the Faculty of Comparative Religion and Philosophy in Dartmouth College, U.S.A., with Dr. Balkrishna, the Principal in the Chair.

Dr. Joshi explained the educational ideals of different nations in the West. The ideal of Germany, he said, was the production of scientifically trained minds, that of England, the production of gentlemen that of America the production of good citizens.

Indian educational institutions, he said, should, like the American, develop a sense of common citizenship of the whole country. Every Indian student should be taught to think in terms of the whole of India and not of any particular province or district.

He next spoke of a special feature of American life, the recognition of the dignity of labour in every form, including manual labour. He mentioned College patriotism as a notable thing in America. "A thrill went through me," he said, "when I first heard the husky voices of 2,200 vigorous young men of my college singing the college songs."

He spoke of the munificent donations made by old students in the U. S. A. to their 'alma mater,' and wished the same in India too.

The lecture was much appreciated by the staff and students of the College.

YOUTH SAVED FROM PANTHER

Timely Arrival Of Lorry Ends Encounter

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, June 23.

A thrilling story of a hand-to-hand fight between a panther and a sixteen year old student of Nagpur in the jungles of Chanda has recently come to light.

It is stated that a young enterprising student, Waman Balwant Zatker, was going alone to Chanta on his bicycle on Thursday last.

Near Chakrighat, Chanda, he found that a panther was obstructing his way. The moment Zadker got down from his bicycle the panther pounced upon him. While the man and the beast were engaged in a life and death struggle, a lorry fortunately passed that way. Owing to the din and noise created by the passengers the panther ran away.

Zadker sustained injuries at two or three places. He was carried to a nearby Dak Bungalow where his wounds were dressed. He has now arrived at Nagpur and is now all right.

A Quetta Miracle

AMRITSAR MAN'S LUCK

AMRITSAR, June 25.

A telegraphic message received from Quetta states that Sardar Gianiarjan Singh, a resident of Amritsar was extricated alive from under the debris after nineteen days.

—United Press.

DRIVE AGAINST GAMBLERS

Nagpur Police Detect 53 Cases Since January

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, June 24.

Since January last the Nagpur Police has succeeded in detecting 53 cases of gambling in Satta and cards, involving 183 persons, a number of whom are being challaned and convicted.

The drive against the gamblers is pushed forward in right earnest, and although the gamblers have been alert and employed their own spies and informants, the local police hope to reduce the menace to a minimum.

AVOIDING IMPRISONMENT

C. P. Bill Aims At Improving Moral Standard Of First Offenders

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, June 23.

A Bill to provde for the release on probation of offenders in certain cases and for other matters incidental thereto will be introduced at the ensuing session of the C. P. Legislative Council by the Home Member.

In the statement of objects and reasons it is stated that inspite of the efforts made to segregate the various types of criminals, so that first offenders and novices in crime generally are kept apart from the more confirmed criminals, it is realized that a period spent in jail is not likely to improve the moral standard of those imprisoned, but on accoont of the concentration together of wrongdoers there is a tendency for first offenders to be familiarized with crime.

It is, therefore, necessary to institute means whereby imprisonment can be avoided until it has been proved that lesser measures have had no effect on the individual.

This Bill provides for the placing of first offenders out on parole under observation, and help him by sympathy and advice to lead an upright life. If the probation officer is unable to control his protege's conduct and finds that he is associating with criminals or actually committing further crime, it is his duty to bring the offender again before the court which will then order his detention in a certified school, in a Borstal institution or a jail according to the circumstances of the case and the age of the individual.

FAMINE CONDITIONS

Famine conditions prevail in many villages of Madanapalle and Vayalpad taluqs of Chittoor district and the authorities, it is reported, are considering whether relief works such as repairs to roads and tanks should be started in these villages.

Cholera was responsible for 1,229 cases and 859 deaths during the week ending 15th June, 1935 in C. P. The disease was on the increase in the districts of Jubulpore, Hoshangabad, Raipur, Bilaspur and Drug while it was on the decline in the districts of Saugor and Mandla.

Advocate Tells Story Of Ranganayaki's Disappearance

Narrates Incident Following Elopement Of Daughter With Kapoor In November 1933

BOMBAY, Tuesday

At the resumed hearing of the "Madras Aeroplane Romance" case before Mr. I. S. Haji, Additional Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Court to-day, Mr. Srirangam Krishnamachari, an Advocate of the Madras High Court, narrated the circumstances under which accused Kapoor became acquainted with him and visited his house.

Towards the end of November of that year, 1933, Mrs. Ranganayaki, his daughter, disappeared from his house. She was traced to Bangalore.

"When I met the accused I took him severely to task," witness said. "I told him it was a very sinful act to have taken away my daughter, a married woman. I cursed him and told him he would suffer for it. The accused caught hold of my legs and prostrated before me."

Witness then took the daughter back to Madras.

Interview With Accused

In this case R. N. Kapoor, a Punjabi Share Broker, is charged with having enticed away Mrs. Ranganayaki from the custody of her father.

Mr. S. Krishnamachari further examined by Mr. Acharya, stated that in October 1933 he received a letter from the accused asking for an interview to discuss the drawing up of prospectus for the formation of a company. He immediately went over to the accused's house, which was in close proximity to his house, and discussed matters relating to the formation of a company. After that the accused came to witness's house and spent about an hour.

On November 27, 1933, when witness returned from Trichinopoly, he found Mrs. Ranganayaki had disappeared from the house. Enquiries were made and on the 1st December she was traced to Bangalore in the company of the accused.

"I took him severely to task," witness said, when he was asked whether he had met the accused on that occasion. "I told him that his conduct was sinful in having taken away my daughter, a married woman." "You came to my house as a client and you have robbed me of my daughter," I said to him," continued witness, "and he caught hold of my legs and prostrated before me. But I cursed him and told him he would suffer for this conduct of his."

Brought Her To Madras

Continuing witness said, Mrs. Ranganayaki stayed in his house and the accused also came back to Madras and lived in the house next door to his house.

During his absence at Court the complainant found Mrs. Ranganayaki and the accused were meeting each other. The complainant suspected that Mrs. Ranganayaki was corresponding with the accused and searched her box. He found certain letters which he gave to witness. After perusing those letters he made up his mind that it was inadvisable to keep Mrs. Ranganayaki in such close proximity to the accused. He therefore sent her to Mabalam to her eldest brother's house.

Complaint Filed

During her stay at Mambalam, witness was informed that accused was visiting the girl. He was advised to file a complaint with the police which he did.

Witness then narrated the circumstances under which he had visited his son-in-law's house when the latter's father died and denied that he had been turned out of the house when he went there to offer his condolences.

FROM MAMBALAM TO CHETPET

Proceeding witness stated that Mrs. Ranganayaki was taken back to Mambalam where she stayed till the middle of June. During his visit to her during the Court vacation, she complained to witness that two persons Doss and Arunachalam had seen her and wanted to take her away. Witness then removed her from Mambalam to Chetpet.

At this stage, further hearing was adjourned to Thursday.

Mr. N. Acharya appeared for the prosecution. Mr. A. R. Gadkari defended the accused.

"CHETTIAR-SPRATT UNION"

Engagement Rumour Denied

A Madras message says:—

"There is no foundation for it," observed Mr. M. Singaravelu Chettiar, Labour leader, to-day at his residence in Mylapore when his attention was drawn to a report in a Northern India newspaper that his daughter, Miss Sita, is engaged to the English Communist, Mr. Philip Spratt now interned within the Municipal limits of Belgaum, Bombay presidency.

Miss Sita, who is 22, is the younger of Mr. Singaravelu Chettiar's two daughters and is studying for a B.Sc. degree at the Madras Presidency College. Her sister is an M.A. of Madras University.

Doctor Burgin, Parliamentary Secretary to the Board of Trade received Dr. Cosio and members of the Urugayan Trade Delegation at the Board of Trade on Monday. Negotiations are now practically completed and the agreement was initialled.

LABOUR LEADER'S ESCAPE IN CALCUTTA

Reward Offered For Information Leading To His Arrest

CALCUTTA, June 25.

In connectioln with the escape of Tyeb Sheikh, the alleged Communist leader, from Chittaranjan Avenue, the Police raided about a dozen houses this morning and seized papers alleged to be objectionable.

In spite of their vigorous search, the Police were not able to find any trace of Tyeb.

A reward of Rs. 30 has been announced for information leading to his arrest.—United Press.

(It will be recalled that Tyeb Sheikh was arrested on June 18 by Rao Bahadur Patwardhan of the Bombay C.I.D. (Political Branch) in execution of a warrant by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta, and was ordered to be sent to Calcutta by Sir H. P. Dastur to stand his trial there.)

HOW SHEIKH ESCAPED

CALCUTTA, June 25.

From further inquiries made in connection with the escape of Sheikh Tyeb, alleged Communist, who was brought down to Calcutta from Bombay under arrest on a charge of sedition on Saturday night, it is learnt that Sheikh Tyeb was arrested at Bombay on the strength of a warrant issued by the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Calcutta on sedition charge. While being taken to Lalbazar police station (headquarters) from Howrah station, he requested the escorts to allow him to attend the call of nature, when it is alleged, he managed to enter a wayside building and escaped. Immediately a search, it is stated, was made, but he could not be re-arrested.—United Press.

HINDU MATHS BILL

High Court Judges Oppose Legislation

MADRAS, June 23.

Some of the judges of the Madras High Court to whom the Hindu Maths Bill, pending before a Select Committee of the Madras Legislative Council, was referred for opinion, disapprove of the provisions of the Bill.

The Hon. Sir Vepa Ramesam is opposed to the provisions of the Bill.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Madhavan Nair says that he has no special remarks to offer except that he does not like the provision which gives the Religious Endowments Board power to nominate members of the proposed Council of Disciples for a Math. In matters which are purely religious, he remarks, religious institutions should be administered without interference from outside. A Council nominated by the Board is bound to pay more attention to the wishes of the Board than to those of the Matathips (head of the Maths) and will be more or less under the Board's influence.

OPPOSED TO PRINCIPLES

The Hon. Mr. Justice King thinks that legislation is not needed, unless there is mal-administration or unless public opinion calls strongly for legislation.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Varadachariar is opposed to the main principles of the Bill. He expresses his conviction that the scheme proposed in the Bill is calculated to prevent men of real sanctity, piety and learning from occupying the position of heads of Maths. He concluded by saying that however much the orthodox section of Hindus may have degenerated, their religious sentiments deserve to be treated with more consideration than the Bill seems to show, at any rate, when they do not come in conflict with considerations of public welfare. It will be granted, he remarks, that the Maths exist for the benefit of those who still believe in them and their regulation should not be approached from the view point of those who regard them as anachronisms, if not worse.—United Press.

CORPORAL FOUND GUILTY OF EMBEZZLEMENT

JUBBULPORE, June 23.

At a district court-martial held at Jubbulpore, and presided over by Lt. Col. T. M. Sebag-Montefiore, Officer commanding, the 15th Field Brigade Royal Artillery and four other officers of the various units here, Captain Press of the Royal Corps of Signals prosecuted Corporal W. J. Quigley of the Royal Corps of Signals with falsifying accounts and embezzlement.

The court found Quigley guilty of the offences, and sentenced him to 12 weeks' imprisonment with hard labour, reduction of rank and discharge with ignominy from His Majesty's service.

The sentence was confirmed by Col. D. M. Sole, Officiating Brigade Commander.—United Press.

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